SAY! THERE ARE EVEN 50 PRIZES ✻ NEXT SUNDAY. ✻

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

YOU! CAN ENTER THE Guess Contest If You Have a Sunday Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 45, NO. 71. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 14, 1893. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

WIRES DOWN.

Fierce Wind Storm Cuts Off the Capital and Metropolis.

Roundabout Means of Communication Between West and East.

JUSTICE BRADLEY INJURED DURING THE BLOW IN WASHINGTON.

Baltimore Partially Under Water as a Result of the Great Wind and Many Buildings Unroofed—Annapolis a Sufferer—Reports of Damage From Points in the Southeast—Dam Bursts in Mexico.

The West Indian storm moved rapidly up the Atlantic Coast yesterday, and is central in the upper St. Lawrence Valley this morning. At Buffalo, N. Y., the barometer reading is 28.90 inches, and the center of the storm to the northeast of that city undoubtedly shows considerably lower pressure. Strong southwesterly gales prevail in the lower lake regions. Rains of over a quarter of an inch are reported from the Western boundary of the lake region to the Atlantic coast and extending southward into South Carolina and Tennessee. Parkersburg, W. Va., reports 3.88 and Cleveland, O., 2.38 inches during the past twenty-four hours.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—A storm of the hurricane variety passed over this city last night doing great damage. Telegraphic communication to points outside of Washington was rendered impossible for a long time on account of the violent wind and rain, and a few small buildings were blown down.

Associate Justice Henry B. Brown of the United States Supreme Court was severely cut on his right temple last evening while attempting to close one of the heavy plate-glass windows in his new home on the northwest corner of Sixteenth street and Riggs place. A heavy piece of glass cut an ugly gash an inch and a half long, severing the artery. But for timely medical attention the wound would have proved fatal.

It rained steadily all day yesterday and towards night the wind began to blow hard. It increased in velocity and the rain increased in volume until it was next to impossible for pedestrians to face it. Lights were torn down, signs were blown down and in some instances houses unroofed. About 2 o'clock the rain ceased, but the wind continued to blow with increasing force and it was hot and sultry. Telegraph wires were wrecked in every direction until it seemed that the country at large would have to do without information regarding the doings of the extraordinary session of Congress. After persistent effort the Western Union got a wire by way of Memphis, over which it was enabled to send press reports. At daylight this morning the storm abated and before 8 o'clock the sky was clear. The Western Union has a large force of linemen at work, and hope to restore communication rapidly.

ST. LOUIS' CONDITION.

At 9 o'clock this morning it was absolutely impossible to obtain any telegraphic communication between St. Louis and cities east of Pittsburg and Buffalo. New York was completely cut off, and the destruction of the trunk lines there made it impossible to reach any points on the coast route. At the Western Union offices the following table was made up: Short two wires to Chicago, twelve wires to New York, four wires to Nashville and two wires to Memphis.

A few minutes after 9 o'clock a message was received stating that communication with Washington had been restored via Atlanta and Augusta, but only one line was in operation. Later Washington reached New York.

At the Postal Telegraph office almost the same experience was met with. Wires west of Pittsburg were much crippled, but that city is completely cut off. The company's wires to New Orleans and through Tennessee and Mississippi were fairly in good condition, but west of Birmingham and through North Carolina all wires were down.

PITTSBURG AND THE EAST.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 14.—To-day, as a result of the fearful wind and rain-storms, telegraphic or telephonic communication with New York, Washington and Boston was next to impossible. Wires from the West were working after a fashion as far East as the Alleghenies, but the country on the other side of the mountains was cut off almost entirely. The trouble with the wires began yesterday and gradually grew worse through the night, reaching a climax this morning in a condition of prostration, said to be about the most complete on record. The only case approaching a parallel, so far as least as wire communication is concerned, was the extraordinary New York blizzard, in which Roscoe Conkling lost his life. The blizzard, however, only affected a comparatively small stretch of territory. To-day almost the entire Atlantic Coast was cut off and the effects of the storm were felt over 1,000 miles inland.

DAMAGE IN FLORIDA.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 14.—Latest reports concerning the damage done by the storm of Thursday and Thursday night, show that it was greater than was at first supposed. Mayport, at the mouth of St. John's River, was almost washed away. Eight houses were washed off. It is thought that two young boys were in one of those that were wrecked.

St. Augustine was flooded to a depth of about three feet and part of the sea wall washed away.

No train has yet arrived here from St. Augustine and the Indian River country.

Many houses were blown down or wrecked at New Smyrna. Pablo Beach suffered in the same way.

AN ISLAND GONE.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 14.—Charleston Island is no more, the storm of a week ago Sunday night having washed it completely away. It was situated at the western end of Mississippi Sound and was forty miles long, from one-half to five miles wide and ten feet above water at its highest point. D. S. Leonard, who built the $50,000 Government Quarantine Station there, says that the island is submerged six feet and that all the buildings, wharves and disinfecting plants were destroyed. L. H. Duckert, the hospital steward, was drowned in sight of the boatmen, who were powerless to save him. Quarantine has been temporarily established on Ship Island.

CHICAGO CUT OFF.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—At 8 o'clock the Western Union reports that it has no wires to New York on any route. The wires south of Cleveland are in very bad shape also. Washington outlet may be had via Memphis and the Southern route later on, but this is doubtful.

IN SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

JESUP, Ga., Oct. 14.—The storm did no damage here or at Savannah. It was much lighter than the August storm. Yellow fever is here, but it and the storm are touching us light, for which we feel truly thankful.

DAMS BURST.

Disasters in Mexico Caused By Very Heavy Rains.

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 14.—Bursting water dams in the territory of Tepuca caused great loss of life on several haciendas. Twenty-four persons are known to be drowned. At Santa Inez in the State of Oxaca the town was inundated and the town hall and many other buildings were swept away. There were similar disasters in other towns.

PARTIALLY SUBMERGED.

Baltimore's Low Places Invaded by the Waves.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 14.—In various sections of the city houses were unroofed and trees blown down yesterday. The wind and rain swelled the water in the harbors so that the New York trains on the B. & O. were unable to cross at Locust Point, at which place they were ferried across.

The southern part of the city is flooded and the water at the docks is even with the street.

From Annapolis and other sections in Southern Maryland came reports of damage by the storm.

NOT BAD AT WAYCROSS.

WAYCROSS, Ga., Oct. 14.—The storm commenced blowing Thursday morning at sunrise and continued, accompanied by heavy rains until last midnight. It was a regular Western cyclone. St. Augustine was partly submerged and trains to South Florida were stopped. No information can be obtained from points south of St. Augustine, but it is feared that the great orange growing section in Indian River has suffered seriously. The storm was a baby as compared with other late storms on the Atlantic and gulf coasts, but it was bad enough. It has entirely passed.

WON'T TAKE ALLOTMENTS.

Kickapoos Repudiate the Treaty Made by Their Commissioners.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 14.—Maj. Moses Neal, the Kickapoo Allotting Agent, will have considerable difficulty in getting the Indians to take their allotments, as a large number of them state that they were never in favor of the treaty and did not sign it. The treaty was agreed upon by the Government Commissioners and a committee from the Kickapoos, but there is nothing to show that it was ever ratified by a majority of the tribe, and if this is a fact it will not be binding upon the Indians, and the action of Congress in providing for the opening of the land will amount to naught.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Traffic Manager Miller Will Attend the Southwestern Association Meeting.

Vice-President and General Manager Thomas C. Purdy, General Traffic Manager Miller, General Supt. Allen and Chief Engineer Wilson of the M. K. & T. returned to headquarters this morning from Texas. As Mr. Miller was not in the city on the date of the meeting of the Southwestern Association, it was rumored that he absented himself on purpose, as he had lost all faith in the association before which the notice of the Katy's withdrawal is still pending. Mr. Miller denies that such is the case in very emphatic terms. Said he this morning: "I was just as anxious to attend the meeting as any other interested party, but found out that it would be impossible to do so, and ten days before the meeting was to have been held I served notice on Secretary Jewett informing him that I could not be present. I also informed him that if the meeting could be postponed until after the 15th I would be able to be present, but not on the 10th, as I had some business in Texas which demanded my immediate attention. It is all absurd about my leaving the city to keep from attending the meeting. If I had not wanted to go and had no business out of town, I would have simply remained in my office and refused to go. I understand arrangements have been made for the holding of a meeting in New Orleans, Oct. 23. If this is a fact, and if nothing unforeseen happens, I will most assuredly be there, providing, as a matter of course, that we are guaranteed a full attendance."

Railroad Notes.

The quarterly passenger rate sheet, prepared yesterday at the general office of the Wabash, goes into effect Nov. 1.

The cut rate made by the Santa Fe has been met by the Texas Central, thereby putting Houston on an equal footing wish Galveston. The reduction on both lines is equal to 10 cents per 100 pounds on the first three classes and 5 cents per 100 pounds on the remaining classes, with a general reduction on commodities as well.

Until the close of the World's Fair, commencing to-morrow, the Vandalia will run a special fast train to Chicago, leaving St. Louis every morning at 8:40 via Effingham and the Illinois Central.

Receiver Callaway of the Clover Leaf was in the city last evening.

The Norfolk & Western, the Yazoo & Mississippi, Columbus Southern, Savannah & Americus and Montgomery Railroads, Merchants' and Miners' Steamship Co. have withdrawn from the Southern Steamship Association. A merry rate war will likely follow.

General Superintendent H. L. Magee of the Wabash returned to headquarters this morning from Chicago, and has spent the day endeavoring to obtain from other roads extra equipments for the Chicago trade. "It's simply wonderful," said he, "how the people are turning out. We have our cars loaded to the guards and are running out two or three sections to every train. After the 1-cent-a mile rate goes into effect we will be compelled to lease, borrow or beg cars to accommodate our trade."

General Land Agent Green of the Mobile & Ohio left last evening for the South.

President Fordyce of the Cotton Belt leaves in the morning for Little Rock, Ark.

R. S. Logan of the Wabash departed yesterday for Chicago on business connected with the company.

On account of the Dallas Fair, the M., K. & T. will sell round trip tickets from St. Louis to Dallas on Oct. 17, 20 and 25, good returning until Oct. 31, at one fare for the round trip, or $20.20.

He Wants the Situation.

John H. Taylor, a negro, who resides at 2005 Pine street, called at the Four Courts this morning and informed Chief Desmond that F. Rankins, a negro, whom he had met several days ago, was a very shrewd fraud. He said Rankins told him that he had influence enough to secure him a position as porter on the private car of W. R. McKeen, President of the Vandalia road, and Taylor thought he had. Rankins then said that if Taylor wanted the position he would have to advance $15, which was to go toward a uniform suit. Taylor handed him the money, and Rankins remained here until yesterday, when Taylor received a note from East St. Louis to the effect that Rankins was called to Cleveland, O., where he claimed his daughter was very sick in the seminary she was attending. The situation and uniform have both failed to materialize and Taylor wants Rankins arrested.

Chicago Trains Late.

The trains on all the roads leading from Chicago were late in arriving at the Union Depot to-day because of the heavy travel. Three sections on the Wabash road arrived two hours late, as also did two sections on the Vandalia road. Trains on the other roads were from two to three hours late. The Big Four Chicago train was about four hours late.

Injured in a Runaway.

James Broadbend, a sprinkling inspector of 812 Victor street, was driving across the Jefferson avenue bridge this morning at 11 o'clock, when his horse became frightened at a passing engine and ran south to Lasalle street, where the buggy capsized. Broadbend was badly bruised about the face and head. He was taken home for medical treatment.

THE LIST OF DEAD.

Names of Those Who Lost Their Lives in the Jackson Horror.

ALL BUT TWO OF THE PERSONS INJURED WILL RECOVER,

But Many of Them Will Be Maimed for Life—Explanation of the Cause of the Collision—Heroic Engineer Whalen—His Story of the Disaster—The Day's Casualties.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 14.—The revised list of the dead and wounded victims of the collision between the two Watertown (N. Y.) excursion trains, on the Michigan Central road at this place yesterday morning, is as follows:

The dead:

MRS. D. Z. GIBBS, Wheeler, N. Y.

MRS. LLOYD WOODBURY, Bath, N. Y.

JAS. WOODBURY, Bath, N. Y.

MRS. J. H. KEELER, Hammondsport, N. Y.

MAGGIE MCMASTER, Penn Yan, N. Y.

HARRIET BREECE, Pine City, N. Y.

MRS. CHARLES STARR, Elmira, N. Y.

GEORGE HOFFMAN, Louisville, N. Y.

MRS. J. M. BEARDSLEY, Canton, Pa.

BABY HARRINGTON, 6-months-old child of Mrs. Anson Harrington of Elmira, N. Y.

MR. AND MRS. GILMORE, Morris Run, Pa.

Injured:

KATE HEALY, Morris Run, Pa.; fracture of thigh.

JOHANNA HEALY, Morris Run, Pa., sister of Kate Healy; deep scalp wound over eye, fracture of the humerus and compound fracture of both ankles, will probably die.

J. N. ANDERSON, Morris Run, Pa.; scalp cut, thigh cut, back sprained.

MRS. TIMOTHY DONOVAN, Morris Run, Pa.; hip, side and back badly bruised.

MISS MAUD BENEDICT, Canton, Pa., fracture of left collar bone, bruised leg, possible internal injuries.

MRS. ANSON HARRINGTON, Elmira, N. Y., right leg broken.

MISS BLANCHE BEARDSLEY, Canton, Pa., left leg cut, fracture of skull; will not recover.

MRS. C. W. FAY, Elmira, N. Y., face scratched, left hand and wrist bruised.

MRS. LAURA FAY, Elmira, N. Y., slightly bruised about body.

W. R. HUMPHREY, Chenango Lake; fingerjof right hand cut, left forearm broken.

MRS. ALFRED SEARLES, Elmira, N. Y.; back and side bruised; at Stowell House.

MISS E. DOLMETCH, Elmira, N. Y.; bruised, left shoulder injured.

MRS. MARY WAKEFIELD, Elmira, N. Y.; slight cuts and bruises.

MISS SARAH I. KEELER of Hammondsport, N. Y.; left leg broken, head bruised and skull perhaps fractured.

MRS. J. W. ANDERSON of Morris Run, Pa.; bad scalp wound, right leg broken and badly bruised above hip.

L. B. AINSWORTH of Norwich, N. Y.; left ankle and knee cut and side bruised.

MISS ALLIE HARRIS, Canton, Pa.; several ribs broken, possible internal injuries.

MISS MARY C. KRISE, Canton, Pa.; face badly cut.

MRS. G. H. GARNER, Horsehead, N. Y.; bruised head and side.

MISS MAUD GARDNER, child of 8 years; slightly bruised.

MRS. J. A. BURLINGAME, East Springfield, N. Y.; head slightly cut.

FREDERICK FROLEY, Columbia Crossroads, Pa.; slightly bruised on head, right arm and leg; went on to Chicago.

The majority of the killed and injured were in the rear coaches of the train which was standing at the depot when the second train crashed into it. All the passengers in the last two cars were either killed or injured. The third from the last car was thrown from the track and four persons in it killed. The baggage car jumped the track and was reduced to kindling wood. But two men in it escaped. The engine was badly wrecked. Steam escaped from the boilers and added to the sufferings of the wounded. Many physicians were soon on the ground directing the removal of the wounded to the hospitals. Women on the depot platform fainted, and men were unnerved. The shrieks of the injured could be heard for blocks.

President Ledyard and other officials of the road arrived at 11:30. After examining the wreck the President left for Detroit.

Engineer Wm. Whalen remained on the train until the last moment trying to apply the brakes, which would not work. He jumped for his life and received a fracture of the ankle. Fireman Kemberling jumped and escaped injury.

No one is able to say if any blame attaches to the engineer. It is known that the air brakes were applied, but did not respond, but why they failed has not been revealed.

Whalen said: "We left Detroit at 6:55 with one of the best engines on the road and a train of twelve coaches. The engine worked remarkably smooth, though a new one, and I was congratulating myself upon the fine matter in which it was working. We stopped at Livonis avenue, slowed at Wayne Junction and stopped at Ypsilanti. The air worked all right at these points. At Ypsilanti there was a large crowd around the engine. This is the hardest point on the line to stop at, as it is down grade, but we had no difficulty. We made no other stop until we reached Jackson. Just east of Jackson Junction I turned on the air brakes, and finding it worked all right shut it off. As we crossed Elmer avenue I applied the brakes again, when I found they did not work on the train, although they did on the engine. I then whistled for brakes two or three times and reversed my engine. I spoke to the fireman and told him the brakes did not work and to look out for himself, and at the same time pulled the lever. I held the throttle until we were within three car lengths of the rear of the other train, when I went out the window of the cab, as I could not get to the gangway in time. My fireman jumped first. I fell a hundred yards east of the depot."

All but two of those injured will recover. Some will have disfigured faces and others will have afflictions through life that will bear against their physical vigor.

The two most seriously injured are Miss Blanche Beardslee of East Canton, Pa., and Miss Johanna Healey of Morris Run, Pa. Miss Beardslee has a fracture of the skull, internal injuries and is frightfully cut and bruised about the body. There is only the faintest hope of her recovery. She spoke this morning for the first time since the accident. She is conscious and unconscious by turns. She does not know the fate of her mother, who was picked up dead on the platform of the same car on which Miss Beardslee was found injured.

Miss Johanna Healey had a bad fracture of both legs. Some of the local physicians thought the amputation of one leg would be necessary to save her life, but Surgeon-General McLean of the Michigan Central, who has been looking after the injured, said this morning, after a consultation with the several physicians, that it was thought amputation might be averted and Miss Healey would recover.

Mrs. Jas. Sloan of North Brookfield, N.Y., is an addition to the list of injured reported yesterday. She is hurt in the hip and abdomen. She was the only person injured in the train that was pulled by Engineer Whalen. She was in the second car behind the engine and was caught some way and crushed in the timbers. Her husband escaped through the window of the car and lifted her through the same aperture. They are at the Hibbard House. Mrs. Sloan will recover.

There is some doubt about the identity of the man reported as George Hoffman of Louisville, Ky., in the list of yesterday's dead. There was nothing on his person to indicate who he was and the hurried statements of three fellow passengers of the deceased who have left the city is all that is known about him. They said they believed he was George Hoffman.

The list of dead remains unchanged. Twelve were killed.

RUN DOWN ON A BRIDGE.

EUFAULA, I. T., Oct. 14.—J. B. James, wife and thirteen children, residents of Gainesville, Mo., came near meeting death in a horrible manner yesterday afternoon. While crossing the South Canadian River bridge, a freight train came thundering down grade and on to the bridge thirty miles an hour, running down James and his family who had to cling to the outer edge of the bridge to keep from being thrown from the bridge into the river. The engine struck one of the little girls on the head, rendering her unconscious. She is in this city in a precarious condition.

INTO A LANDSLIDE.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Oct. 14.—Baltimore & Ohio express, No. 46, from Chicago, was badly wrecked seventy miles east of here last night by running into a landslide. Fireman Pennel seriously injured. No fatalities; but few passengers were on the train.

ONLY A TUG SUNK.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—Reports that a steamer was run down during a fog in Boston harbor last night and lost with all on board are false. Investigation to-day shows that the report probably grew out of the sinking of a tug boat in the harbor, but everybody on the tug was rescued.

PRISONERS SUFFOCATED.

Baltimore's Jail Burned and Electric Light Plant Destroyed.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 14.—At 10 o'clock last night while the wind was blowing a gale the Brush Electric Light Works took fire and were burned. As it supplies the city and nearly all the stores and other buildings in the city with light the city for a time was plunged into partial darkness.

At the Holliday Street Theater a panic was only averted by the presence of mind of the attaches. In the middle of the play the lights went out, and it was some time before the gas could be utilized.

Sparks from the Brush Electric Light Works set fire to the city jail. The prisoners were hurriedly collected and marched into the yard. Quite a number, however, were overcome by smoke and dragged out. At midnight the jail had been completely destroyed. A cordon of police was formed about the jail. The doctors are working on the prisoners. Seventy-five of them have been taken to the City Hospital. None of them are believed to be fatally injured.

THIRD INCENDIARY ATTEMPT.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Oct. 14.—Late last night an attempt was made to fire the Massachusetts block. The miscreant entered the basement through the coal hole and built a bonfire. Though the fuel was saturated with oil the fire did not burn rapidly and only succeeded in partially suffocating the Whitlow family, who live over the store. This is the third attempt at the same place to start a fire.

AN INCENDIARY'S WORK.

MINTO, N. D., Oct. 14.—The home of Geo. Kosmotke was burned yesterday, being the work of an incendiary, who had sprinkled kerosene over the porch. Three of Kosmotke's sons were lost in the flames. Two men who were sleeping in the same room made their escape without trying to rescue the boys.

THEY HAD A TIP.

Union Pacific Stockholders Unloaded Great Blocks Before the Receivership.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct 14.—Several days ago when the price of Union Pacific was hovering in the vicinity of 18½@19, there was noticed some quiet selling here of Union Pacigc shares, but no particular excuse was given for the liquidation. Thursday the selling grew in proportions and yesterday was positively fierce. By all odds the trading was the largest ever known to the local trade, aggregating about 15,000 shares. When it became known that receivers had been appointed, further selling resulted. The "point" though had been discounted and the price of Union Pacific was only affected one-fourth of 1 per cent, selling off from 16 to 15¾, but only one-eighth higher than the lowest point touched. It is asserted some of those making the heavy sales had received a tip on the expected receivership action some days ago.

EMPLOYES ANXIOUS.

OMAHA, Oct. 14.—All the assurances of Receiver Clark that they will not know the difference are required to keep the Union Pacific employes in anything approaching a cheerful frame of mind. General Manager Dickinson has told the Engineers' Committee when it had come to ask him about modifications of the schedule that it had no schedule existing with the receivers and he has told others that it was true to all schedules, contracts or agreements with organized labor, which were those he had made. The employes say that they will assume that hours and pay will remain as they are or not less until they get an intimation otherwise. Then they will call upon the receivers and learn where they stand. Mr. Clark and Mr. Thurston say that contracts with other roads for contracts, traffic and the like stand until the court directs otherwise, and the employes note the difference between themselves and the roads.

THE RECEIVERS QUALIFY.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—S. H. H. Clark, Oliver P. Munk of Boston and E. Ellery Anderson of New York have qualified as receivers of the Union Pacific Railroad. Their bonds are $50,000 each. Mr. Clarke gave as his security Mr. George Gould and Mr. Thomas Swobe.

The receivers were appointed on application of N. S. Harwood of Lincoln on behalf of Oliver Ames and Samuel Carr, as executors of the will and testament of the late Frederick L. Ames, and Peter B. Wyckoff and Edwin F. Atkins. The complaint in equity against the Union Pacific and twenty-eight other defendant companies was filed on Oct. 9, which terminated in the appointment of the above named receivers. Immediately after the qualification of the receivers General Manager Dickinson turned over to them all of the possessions of the company. They also received in a like manner from W. P. Robinson, Jr., general manager of the St. Joe & Grand Island and Kansas City & Omaha roads, possession of all property of said companies; also from J. H. Lothrop, Vice-President and acting general manager of the Kearney & Black Hills Railway, and from George W. Megeath, General Superintendent of the Union Pacific Coal Co., all property in their possession, and from all other general superintendents of the Union Pacific system all property under their control and management.

The petition on which the receivers were appointed cites the claim Ames had in the Union Pacific stocks, then detailing the indebtedness of the company, which on April 24 amounted to $245,431,041.92. On Oct. 1 the company owed for material and labor $1,500,000. From January to June this year there has been a falling off of gross revenues as compared with the same period last year of $688,733.38, in July and August the comparative decrease being $2,000,000, and in September $1,500,000. So far during this year there has been a total decrease in gross revenue of $3,154,000, a net decrease of $2,588,000. In conclusion the bill alleges that the company is insolvent and cannot pay its debts.

While the appointment of receivers may be a shrewd scheme on the part of the stockholders to keep the Government from getting possession of the road, the officers of the road deny that this is the case. The Government's claim against the road falls due next year and it is a well-known fact that the company can not meet the obligations. By the appointment of receivers it is hard to foresee at this time what action the Government can take in the premises.

President Clark gives this version of the matter:

"Of course the bill for a receiver was not unexpected, as the careful student of railroad operation in the past few months must necessarily conclude after a review of the startling decrease in gross and net earnings which Western roads have suffered. With the possibility of a default in the payment of interest staring us in the face the only thing to be done to keep the property intact was to file the bill of complaint praying for receivers and ask the Court to intervene. The property will be managed for the best interests of all concerned. Beyond this there is little to say, the Court now having taken the road under its protection."

FOR SEVEN YEARS.

How the Provident Bank Cases Have Dragged Along.

PROSPECTS FOR A SETTLEMENT NO BETTER NOW THAN EVER.

Minutes Which Would Make a Good Sized Volume—The Latest Entry—Record Which Promises to Equal That of the Celebrated Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce.

Seven years, three months and three days ago Almon B. Thomson, the Cashier of the Provident Savings Bank, failed to turn up at his usual hour in the morning and then it was found that he was short in his accounts and the affairs of the bank in a very bad condition.

One month later, or seven years, two months and three days ago, Carlos S. Greely, one of the biggest stockholders in the bank, entered suit for the appointment of a receiver and for the settlement of the bank's affairs. Judge Lubke was Judge in Court-room No. 1 at the time and the case went to his room. Since that time the case has been through the Court of Appeals, the Supreme Court and back again and is still unsettled. Hundreds of motions and orders and interpleaders have been made, but still the case drags along with no prospect of a settlement. The particular case in question is now in a measure dependent upon litigation in Adair County, Mo., where a case was taken on a change of venue and which is dragging along there as are the cases here. There is a third case in court-room No. 3 which seems to have been almost entirely forgotten and when inquired for, necessitated a reference to the index and a digging around for old documents which promised but little for the chances of a settlement ever being reached.

The suit of Carlos S. Greely against the Provident Saving Bank and others is the one now hung up in Judge Dillon's Court. The clerk's minutes alone will make a small volume and relate the complications incident to the still unsettled case. A brief synopsis of the case as it stands to-day was made and it appears in substance as follows:

SYNOPSIS OF THE CASE'S PROGRESS.

Carlos S. Greely vs. the Provident Savings Bank et al. The petition goes on to say that James S. Garland, Almon B. Thomson, Thomas H. Swain, Wm. P. Mulkey, George Scott, Carlos B. Greeley and Charles H. Smith are officers and directors of the bank, Garland being President, Thomson Cashier and the other four Directors.

The plaintiff claims to hold more stock in the bank than any other stockholder in the concern.

Then the petition goes on to say that Mr. Garland had been away for some months and Almon B. Thomson left practically in charge of the bank, and on the 12th day of July, 1886, Thomson failed to appear at the bank and was never seen after up to the time of the filing of the suit on Aug. 12 of the same year.

In conclusion the petition asks for a receiver in the following terms:

"Wherefore and by reason of the facts aforesaid the plaintiff prays this honorable Court to appoint some suitable person as a receiver to take immediate charge of the banking-house of the said bank, and all of the assets thereof wheresoever situated and to reduce the same to money under the supervision of this honorable court, and out of the proceeds thereof to pay as directed from time to time by this court. First the debts of said bank, share and share alike, and next the surplus, if any, to the stockholders of said bank in equal proportions, and for any and all other proper relief."

Then comes an interminable list of minutes made by the clerk. The regular space for minutes being exhausted additional sheets were pasted in.

The first entry on the minutes is:

1886, July 14—Order in vacation before Judge Lubke, appointing Wm. H. Thompson receiver.

Then follows eight or nine pages of minutes. The most important of which are:

1886, July 15—Intervening petition of R. J. Delano filed.

1886, July 16—Petition of receiver for order to restore deposits made July 14, 1886.

1886, July 21—Petition of N. M. Leavell and others filed.

1886, July 21—Receiver ordered to report to the court names of all creditors and amounts due each.

On July 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31—New orders were made and additional petitions filed.

1887, Aug. 17—Petition of receiver filed and order granted that receiver advertise the lot and bank bulding for sale.

1886, Oct. 6—Petition of receiver filed; ordered that receiver accept bid of Joseph Pulitzer of $67,000 for bank building and lot and execute deed.

1886, Oct. 7—Defaults granted in case of Garland, Thomson and others.

1886, Oct. 7—All creditors ordered to report and present their claims if they have not already done so.

1886, Oct. 8—Proofs of assignments of claims were filed and orders made.

1887, Jan. 4 Ordered that receiver have leave to borrow not exceeding $15,000, if necessary to pay dividends ordered.

1887, March 9—Motion for new trial filed; motion overruled.

1887, July 12—Order of court to sell all unsold property.

1887, Oct. 8—Sale of Smith farm at $23,000 approved.

1888, Jan. 6—Order that receiver pay third dividend of 12½ per cent after Jan. 30.

1888, Nov. 2—Report of receiver filed.

The case went up to the Supreme Court and there it was reversed and remanded, the opinion being filed on July 10, 1889.

THE LATEST ENTRY.

The latest entry on the minutes is 1892, May 6, which reads:

Transferred to room 4, Judge Dillon consenting, on application for instructions. Receiver ordered to further prosecute counts two and three of a certain case pending in Adair County, taking all steps and incurring all necessary expenses for such further prosecution.

LABORERS' HARD LOT.

Willing Workers Not Wanted in Texas Warned Away From Louisiana.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 11.—The workingmen who came here from California to the number of 200 cannot leave the city until their passage is paid. By Gov. Hogg's order fifty of them, who were imprisoned for vagrancy, were released; 150 of them tried to leave to-day on the Southern Pacific Railroad, but were prevented by various ruses of the trainmen. They then conferred with District Attorney Camp, who asked the railway for free transportation for the men, but to no avail. They were anxious to reach New Orleans, but the Governor of Louisiana has ordered that they be not allowed to enter the State.

Local laboring men are trying to temporarily provide for them.

Must Get a Requisition.

Daniel F. Kalbfleisch, who was arrested yesterday on complaint of W. R. Reid of Chicago, who charges that Kalbfleisch sold a buggy in Chicago on which Reid held a chattel mortgage for $90, refuses to return without requisition papers.

All Down With Grip.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 14.—The United States man-of-war Mohican arrived from Behring Sea last night, with five officers and seventeen men sick with the grip. The Mohican put in here to repair a broken feed pump. She will sail for Mare Island Monday.

THEY CROWDED HER.

Mrs. J. Boggs Made the Victim of a Daring Robbery.

Mrs. J. Boggs, who resides at 1909 North Tenth street, had a rather exciting experience on Broadway and Cass avenue last evening between 7 and 8 o'clock. She was on her way home and when she reached the corner named above, she was surrounded by four young men, who shoved her from one to the other, while one of the crowd snatched her pocket-book, which contained 10 cents. All of the young men made their escape at the time, but this morning Detectives Bambrick and Sullivan of the Fourth District succeeded in capturing Joseph Johnson, and he has been identified by Mrs. Boggs. A warrant charging Johnson with petit larceny has been issued.

MACKEY'S SHOOTER.

Rippey, Who Shot the Millionaire, Found Guilty of Assault.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 14.—The second trial of Wesly G. Rippey for shooting millionaire John W. Mackey last February was concluded yesterday. The jury after being out three hours returned a verdict finding the defendant guilty of assault with a deadly weapon and recommended him to the mercy of the court. He will be sentenced next Saturday. His defense was temporary insanity. Mackey was shot in the back as he was getting into a carriage. Rippey, who was a '49er and who has a family in Cincinnati with whom he had not up to the time of the shooting communicated for years, made no effort to escape. He blamed Mackey for his failure in some small speculations and was plainly unbalanced mentally. Mackey's wound kept him quiet several weeks.

STAMPS AND SMALL CHANGE.

Burglars Rob a Minnesota Bank and Get $12,000 Worth of Plunder.

GLENCOE, Minn., Oct. 14.—The First National Bank was broken into last night and $1,200 worth of postage stamps, deposited by the postmaster for safe keeping, and a small amount of currency taken. The main safe was too much for the burglars. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

BELIEVED TO BE TRAIN-ROBBERS.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 14.—It has just leaked out that a Chicago detective arrested a man supposed to be one of the Lake Shore train-robbers, at the Pennsylvania depot at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The alleged robber was about to board a west-bound train when arrested. He was closely guarded until 3 o'clock, when he was taken to the Grand Rapids road, presumably to Kendallville, the scene of the robbery. Fort Wayne officials claim to know nothing about the arrest. Early Thursday morning two men entered Hinton's restaurant near the Pennsylvania depot and after lunch offered a $20-bill; the proprietor said he was short of change and asked for something smaller. One man pulled a large roll of money from his pocket and took a $1-bill from it, which he paid his bill with. The men seated themselves behind a screen. The proprietor saw them counting and dividing a large sum of money. He thinks there must have been $50,000, as he noticed bills of $100 denomination. These men were seen about this city several times Thursday and are believed to be connected with the Kendallville robbery.

WOMAN WHIPPERS ON TRIAL.

SALEM, Ind., Oct. 14.—A gang of White Caps, consisting of John Peyton, George Holzapple, Elijah Dalton, Jas. Dalton and Otto Barnett, are on trial in the Washington Circuit Court, charged with whipping the wife of Elijah Dalton at the husband's request, he alleging that she was a lewd character.

The means of punishment were long hickory switches. The woman was dragged from her bed in the night time. James Dalton held her around a tree and George Holzapple whipped her from head to foot, cutting her naked flesh as with a knife. John Peyton turned State's evidence.

BECAUSE OF A WOMAN.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Antone Schuch was shot and killed at 1:30 o'clock this morning by Charles B. Etue. The shooting occurred at the Belvedere Hotel, corner of Twelfth and Walnut streets. Schuch and Miss Nettie McCall went to the hotel early in the evening. They registered as man and wife. Etue went to the room they occupied at the hour mentioned. Schuch came to the door with a pistol in his hand. A quarrel followed and following that came the shooting. Etue and the woman were arrested. Schuch was employed by the Tew-Lile Printing Co. Etue and the woman are printers.

THOMPSON MUST HANG.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 14.—The fifteen day reprieve granted Thompson, the Kingsbury County murderer, has been revoked by Gov. Shelton. The Governor granted the reprieve on an affidavit of a physician, who claimed that he examined Thompson in June preceding the murder and found him insane. Now the physician claims that he is mistaken, as it was in March and not in June that he examined him. This evidence was all introduced at the trial, consequently Gov. Shelton at once revoked the reprieve.

RELEASED ON BOND.

WEST PLAINS, Mo., Oct. 14.—The preliminary trial of Charles Hampton, who a few weeks ago killed L. N. Davenport, occurred in Ozark County. The Justice before whom the examination was conducted, thinking he was justified by the facts in the case, bound Hampton over to the Grand-jury in the sum of $3,000. Hampton gave the bond and was given his liberty.

PLEADED GUILTY TO MURDER.

DANVILLE, Ill., Oct. 14.—In the Circuit Court, yesterday afternoon, Harvey Pale, Frank Stow, Charles Harris and Elias McJenkins pleaded guilty to the murder of Henry Helmrick. Judge Bookwalter will not pass upon the sentence until the first week in November.

ARRESTS OF TRAIN WRECKERS DEFERRED.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 14.—The Lyman wreckers have not yet been arrested. The 'Frisco detectives are very much out of humor because the matter has got into the newspapers, and say that it may be a week before any arrests are made.

A SHERIFF ROBBED.

GAINESVILLE, Mo., Oct. 14.—W. C. Morrison, Collector of Ozark County, is out about $750. Burglars entered his residence and stole $350 in money and about the same amount in negotiable notes. No arrests have been made.

KILLED BY SNEAK THIEVES.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 14.—At 3 o'clock this morning J. L. Stevens, a settler of Perry, was shot through the head and killed by sneak thieves, who were attempting to rob his tent.

LOST HER JEWELS.

A World's Fair Manageress Shy $5,000 Worth of Diamonds.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Mrs. John R. Wilson of Deadwood, N. D., and a member of the World's Fair Bureau of Lady Managers, is mourning the loss of $5,000 worth of diamonds. She left the jewels in her rooms at the Palmer House yesterday and to-day they were gone. There is no clew to the thieves.

GIVEN LITTLE AMY.

Mrs. Alma C. Brant Awarded the Custody of Her Child.

JUDGE WITHROW'S DECISION IN THE NOTED HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS.

The Father Ordered to Pay the Mother $20 a Month for the Girl's Support and Education—Can See Her Once in Every Two Weeks—News of the Civil Courts.

Judge Withrow to-day settled the controversy over the custody of Amy Brant by giving the mother full authority to take charge of the child. Mrs. Brant and her friends were overjoyed at the decision, and the long strain of the trial, ending as it did, was more than some of them could stand and tears were in order. The little girl clung to her mother and wept, while the father maintained a gloomy silence and looked somewhat aggrieved. The decision of Judge Withrow was as follows:

It is hereby ordered and decreed by the court, that the custody of Amy Brant, a minor, be and is hereby awarded to her mother, Alma C. Brant, until said minor shall arrive at the age of 18 years.

That Randolph C. Brant, the father of said minor, shall pay to the said Alma C. Brant for the support, education and maintenance of said child the sum of $20 per month, on or before the twentieth day of each and every month after the date of this decree.

That upon a compliance with this order and decree by said Randolph C. Brant, from time to time, he be permitted to visit his said child, Amy, on Saturday of every other week, commencing Oct. 21, 1893, between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, at the residence of the said Alma C. Brant, in the city of St. Louis, in the parlor or front room thereof (except when such child is physically unable to receive such visits) and that no other person or persons shall be permitted in said room during said visits without the mutual consent of the said Randolph C. Brant and the said Alma C. Brant.

That the said Randolph C. Brant is hereby forbidden, under any pretext whatever, to remove, or attempt to remove, said Amy from said residence, without the written consent of her said mother, Alma C. Brant.

Henry Roth's Will.

The will of Henry Roth was admitted to probate yesterday afternoon. He leaves his watch and chain and wearing apparel and all the rest of his property, real and personal, to his wife Anna Roth. Upon her death the son, Henry Roth, Jr., is to get $500 and $500 goes to the Evangelical St. Paulus School, on condition they spend $5 a year to keep his burial lot in good condition. The Protestant Orphan Asylum on St. Charles Rock road is to get $50, and Louise Kirsch, nee Roth, $1,000. To his brother, John Roth he leaves $1,000. Whatever is left over is to go to his brother John and to Louisa Kirsch. His friend, Edward Roth, is made executor.

Sues a Street Railway.

The case of Endora Chartrand against the Southern Railway Co. came up for trial before a jury in Judge Klein's court to-day. She claims that on Dec. 1, 1892, She was getting off the car of the Southern Railway Co. at Ninth street and Ann avenue, when her dress caught on a bolt carelessly left projecting by the company and she was thrown violently to the ground and would have been badly injured if it had not been for the prompt aid of the passengers on board the car. She asks for $800 damages.

Mary M. Pearce's Maintenance.

In the suit of Mary M. Pearce against Geo. B. Pearce for maintenance, which came up before Judge Withrow, an order was made in favor of the plaintiff. The Judge ordered that the defendant pay Mrs. Pearce $400 a year in two installments of $200 each on the 18th of August and the 18th of February respectively. The first installment must, however, be paid before the 24th day of October.

Klein Wants a Divorce.

George Klein filed a suit for divorce from Anna Klein in the Circuit Court this morning. The petitioner alleges in his petition that he was married to Anna Klein in Alsace, Germany, in 1883, but was deserted by her after their arrival in this country.

Court Notes.

The Variable Speed Manufacturing Co. filed notice of decrease of capital stock in the Recorder's office to-day. The capital is reduced from $50,000 to $25,000.

NAVAL BATTLE PROBABLE.

Peixoto Organizes for an Attack on the Revolutionists.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Oct. 14.—From advices received from Rio Janeiro it is probable that a naval battle will soon be fought between the Peixoto Government and the revolutionary forces of Brazil. It is reported that the Government has organized two naval divisions. There was no firing on the city of Rio Janeiro yesterday.

ANOTHER RECORD BROKEN.

Wheat Sells Lower Than Ever Known Before.

The sagging that has lately characterized the wheat market continued to-day, and the record was again broken. December sold at 60½ and cash at 58⅝c. Dealers who were discussing the situation could see no prospect of any immediate change for the better. The influences that ordinarily controlled the market seems to be inoperative, and speculation is nearly entirely suspended, owing to the inaction in regard to the Sherman bill by the Senate.

STREET FAKIRS.

An Unknown Revivalist Working to Have Them Shut Down On.

A revivalist whose identity so far remains unestablished has begun a warfare on street and vacant lot fakirs, in the interest of inexperienced ruralists, who find their way into St. Louis. This revivalist failed a few days ago to obtain warrants against a number of fakirs, and it is believed that he is behind the case of Napoleon D. Devrice, a Frenchman, who was arraigned in the First District Police Court this morning on the charge of trespassing. The charge was brought by Charles H. Gleason, the real estate agent. Devrice is the proprietor of a shooting gallery on the vacant lot on Pine and Ninth streets, and Mr. Gleason is agent of the property. It developed during the trial that Devrice was conducting his stand on a lease from A. J. Northcoathe, who conducted a "ring the cane" stand. When Northcoathe's permit expired there were still some months of the lease remaining, for which he would be responsible at the rate of $10 per month, so he turned the lease over to Devrice for a consideration. There is now one month of the lease to run, and Devrice will continue to run his stand, as Judge Morris concluded that he was not a trespasser and discharged him on the evidence. It is claimed that Devrice's arrest was the result of persecution.

Warrant for Abandonment.

Mrs. Annie Kaston of 3644 Roosevelt street caused a warrant for abandonment to be issued against her husband, Charles, who resides at 1635 South Grand avenue, and who is an engineer by trade. She claims that he deserted her two years ago, and has not supported his family since then. Some time ago he began divorce proceedings, which were afterward dropped as per agreement between himself and wife, he to pay, as the claims, a certain amount of alimony during their separation.

SPRUNG A TRAP

How the Silver Men Outwitted the Senate Repealers.

A Cleverly Contrived Plan Which Forced Adjournment.

DUBOIS' REFUSAL TO VOTE SPRINGS A NEW QUESTION.

Debate on It May Be Prolonged Indefinitely, While Repeal of the Sherman Law Is Laid Aside—Senators Looking Forward to Sunday as a Day of Rest—The Body May Adjourn This Evening Until Monday—The Proposed Compromise.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—The tangle which the Senate finally found itself in last night, and which resulted in the adjournment of that body at 2 o'clock this morning, and another victory for the anti-repealers, was the outcome of a cleverly laid plot, originated by Senator Dubois, and executed through the help of Senator Teller.

The silver men knew that on a roll call where pairs would have to be recognized, the repeal members would not be able to obtain a quorum, though on a call of the Senate, in which pairs can be violated, a quorum was present. The difficulty then became to obtain a roll call. Senator Teller examined the rules and discovered what proved to be a successful manner of bringing about the desired end. It is a rule of the Senate that except by unanimous consent a public document cannot be read in that body if it has been previously read. Mr. Teller, during a call for a quorum, explained his views to Mr. Peffer, who was speaking. A few moments later, Mr. Peffer, from the mass of manuscript that he had on his desk, resurrected a public document and began to read it with great deliberation. Immediately, Mr. Teller was on his feet and objected to the reading. He raised a point of order against the reading and, after some debate the chairmain gave his decision, from which an appeal was taken and a roll-call ordered. This was what the silver men were looking for and, on the roll-call, it was found that no quorum was present.

It was then that the repeal men stepped into another trap. Mr. Vilas tried to force Mr. Dubois to vote and a long debate ensued. An effort was made to take a vote that the Senate should not excuse Mr. Dubois from voting, and on this roll call another lack of a quorum was developed and the Senate was forced to adjourn. The pending question now becomes an effort to have Mr. Dubois vote, and it is the intention of Mr. Vilas to have Mr. Dubois censured. This, it is stated, will bring out a nice constitutional question, which will develop a debate which the silver men claim will last for a month at least.

Considering that the members of the Senate did not find their beds until long past midnight, there was a liberal attendance when the Vice-President rapped for order to-day. The strain is beginning to show itself on the Senators as individuals, however, and they are looking forward quite anxiously to Sunday, which they are led by Senator Voorhees to hope will prove a day of rest. He has made no public announcement in the Senate of his intentions about further continuous sessions, but says privately and to the newspaper representatives that he will probably not ask the Senate to sit to-night, but he will about 6 o'clock move an adjournment until Monday.

Senator Morgan took the floor during the morning hour to make a personal explanation in reply to some Alabama newspaper criticism and delivered a facetious speech which had the effect of starting the Senate off in good humor with itself and the world.

There is no great amount of energy manifested on the part of any of the active men who have been working so zealously on the compromise, who seem to have for the time suspended their efforts. There is no reason to doubt, however, that when they shall have had time to get warmed up under the influence of personal contact they will renew their efforts with the hope of having something to offer the Senate by the beginning of next week.

At the hour of adjournment it was said that there had been a cabinet meeting on the senate situation, and that a compromise proposition was agreed on to be offered by one of the repeal Senators. It includes, as did the Harris amendment, provision for the coinage of the silver seignorage in the Treasury amounting to $58,000,000 and thereafter the purchase of 5,000,000 ounces a month until 50,000,000 ounces have been purchased. This will carry the purchase of silver over the expiration of Mr. Cleveland's term, a condition the silver men insist upon, and relieve the Treasury during the coinage of the seignorage, eighteen months, of further purchase of bullion, besides making the bullion so coined an available Treasury asset. To meet the demands of the East, a proposition for the issue of a hundred million dollars of 5 per cent bonds is included. There is still a question whether a provision for the repeal of the tax on State banks and the redemption of notes of all classes below $5 shall be added.

EAST VS. WEST.

Division Apparent in the Chinese Bill Debate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—In the House yesterday a bill was passed increasing the number of army officers detailed as military instructors of State institutions from 75 to 100.

Before the debate of the Chinese exclusion bill was resumed an agreement was reached by the friends and foes of the measure to vote on the bill Monday at 3 p. m. In yesterday's debate the East was pitted against the West irrespective of party lines, the former supporting, the latter assailing the measure.

Mr. Raymer of Maryland made a most brilliant speech in advocacy of it, during which he attacked the decision of the Supreme Court, and declared that it was almost the unanimous decision of the American bar that the Geary law was unconstitutional.

Mr. Maguire of California, made a reply on behalf of the Pacific Coast. He claimed that the advocates of the bill had shown the cloven foot. They did not want the Geary act extended.

Mr. Bower of California and Messrs. Draper, Morse and McCall of Massachusetts were the other speakers.

PITTSBURG CRUSHED COKE,

A positive luxury; saves 30 per cent. Investigate before buying your fuel. Devoy & Feuerborn Coal and Coke Co., 704 Pine street.

Entered by Burglars.

The residence of James Irving, an advertising solicitor, at 14 North Grand avenue, was entered by burglars some time yesterday afternoon. The house was ransacked and an overcoat, a suit of clothes and other articles of wearing apparel were stolen.

Chicago and Back, $6.00

On sale until end of Fair. Return limit, Nov. 15. Fast day train and Diamond Special at night. Vandalia and Illinois Central, 221 Broadway and Union Depot.

HIS REQUEST GRANTED.



"I say, boss, I want to go to the Morgue.'



Bang! "I'll show you how to disturb a sergeant."



"Officer, take this man to the Morgue."

City Hall Notes.

Supt. Gallagher of the Poor-house reports to the Health Commissioner that all the female inmates have been removed to their new quarters, and also that the insane patients will be taken from the old and quartered in the new building, according to orders.

George L. Reno, Assistant Engineer at the Pump House at the Insane Asylum, has resigned.

Health Commissioner Homan has received a telegram from the Past Assistant Surgeon Inspector of the United States Marine Hospital Service at New York that Mathilda Reisenghorn, a passenger on the steamship Russian was discharged Thursday and had taken passage for St. Louis. The Russian was from Hamburg and had four fatal cases of cholera aboard. The woman will be examined on her arrival here.

Wabash Low Rates.

St. Louis to Kansas City, $3.50.

St. Louis to Council Bluffs, Omaha, $8.50.

Tickets on sale Oct. 7 to 18 inclusive. Ticket office southeast corner Broadway and Olive street and Union Depot.

Among the Brokers.

The market for mining stocks was dead. Elizabeth rose to 12½ bid, with offers at 20. Granite Mountain could have been bought at $1.55, and sold at $1.85. Montrose was 4 bid. American and Nettie was 27½ bid, 32½ asked.

The bank clearings for the day aggregated $3,206,352; balances, $452,082. For the week the clearings were $21,783,516; balances, $2,859,226. For the corresponding week last year the clearings were $26,809,285; balances, $3,445,114.

Six Dollars

Will be the rate to Chicago and return via the Chicago & Alton Railroad, from Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive. Tickets good to return until Nov. 15.

Ticket offices, 218 North Broadway and Union Depot.

TRUE BILLS

Returned Against Two Lawyers by the County Grand Jury.

Attorney Wm. McNamara Indicted for Abetting a Prize Fight.

W. C. BRAGG OF KIRKWOOD INDICTED FOR A FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCE.

Bragg Charged With Having Beaten a Poor Family Out of Their Inheritance by Shameful Trickery—Statement of Zach Mitchell Who Is Prosecuting the Case.

The Grand jury of St. Louis County which adjourned on Thursday, among other indictments, returned a true bill against two lawyers. One was against William McNamara of St. Louis, for aiding and abetting prize fighters in their breach of the law, and the other against W. C. Bragg of Kirkwood for fraudulent conveyance of property.

The Circuit Clerk and other county officials would not acknowledge the existence of these bills owing to an old rule that indictments shall not be made known until the indicted persons are in custody. But some one not bound by the same regulations had allowed a little information to leak out, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter having chanced upon Mr. Zach J. Mitchell was told the entire story of the indictment of W. C. Bragg.

BRAGG'S DUPLICITY.

"A good many years ago," said Mr. Mitchell, "there lived in Kirkwood a poor Irish section boss named Donahue, who was an industrious laboring man and who plodded along from week to week and from year to year, trying to earn a scanty living for his wife, Mary, and his five children, Mary, John, Pat, James and Susie.

"He died at last and the little family struggled along often feeling the pinching touch of poverty.

"They were one day back in the 80's, surprised by the receipt of a letter which contained the announcement that an uncle in Ravenna, O., had died without children and had left his estate valued at $5,000 or more, to two sets of nephews and nieces. This Donahue family was one of the beneficiaries. Being innocent of any ability to read or write, and feeling that the services of an attorney were necessary to put them in possession of the legacy, they employed Mr. W. C. Bragg of Kirkwood to attend to the partition suit necessary to dispose of the Ohio realty and to put them into possession of its equivalent.

"Accordingly Mr. Bragg secured the partition and sale of the Ohio land. It was sold for a certain sum on terms of one-third cash and the balance in one and two years.

"The Donahue share of the estate was $2,800, which would come as a godsend to these poor people. Mr. Bragg, when he received the drafts covering the amounts, the first of which was made payable to him as attorney for the estate, indorsed them and drew the amounts from the Bank of Commerce.

All the drafts except the first, which was made payable to him as attorney, were made payable to the different members of the Donahue family, yet the bank paid these drafts to Bragg on his single indorsement.

Bragg did not pay the money over to the heirs. Out of $2,800 received in this way the Donahue family were paid only $800. This was paid over in small amounts and whenever Bragg paid them $100 he would have them sign a receipt for $140 or $150, thus taking advantage of their inability to read.

To illustrate his plan of procedure, on one Christmas eve he paid Mrs. Donahue $100, and had her sign a receipt for $150 calling in a telegraph operator named O'Meara to witness the signing of the receipt. O'Meara afterwards testified that while he saw the lady sign the receipt he did not see any money paid and could not testify whether $100 or $150 had been transferred to her by Bragg.

Finally her children became able to read and write and began a correspondence with their Ohio cousins. In the course of this letter writing the Kirkwood Donahues inquired when the estate would be settled, as their attorney claimed that the terms of sale had not been complied with by the purchaser and that he was going to have the sale set aside and a new vendue made. They were informed in reply that Mr. Bragg had deceived them in this as the sale was made and perfected, all the money having been duly forwarded to Mr. Bragg as attorney for the Kirkwood people. The last money was paid in 1885, and yet four years afterward Bragg kept informing Mrs. Donahue that the estate was not settled.

With the money he withheld from the heirs he bought a piece of property in Kirkwood and built a residence on the building association plan. Whenever he made a payment on the same he would give a deed of trust to his brother-in-law, Mr. Robert M. Hubbard, as if he had borrowed the money from that gentleman.

When the case came up and Bragg saw that he could not get continuance as he desired he transferred his residence property to Mr. Hubbard and thus rendered himself liable to prosecution for fraudulently disposing of the same.

CONVICTED IN WEBSTER.

"The history of the legal proceedings are briefly told as follows: Information was filed against Bragg and Hubbard jointly before Justice McCaffrey of Webster and they were given the maximum penalty for issuing a fraudulent conveyance, which is imprisonment for one year and a fine of $500.

They took an appeal to the Circuit Court, where, at the May term of 1892, the Prosecuting Attorney dismissed joint information and filed separate informations—one against Bragg as principal and one against Hubbard as accessory. Hubbard went to trial on his case, and on denying all knowledge of intent to defraud on the part of Bragg, was acquitted. Bragg took a change of venue on his case to Franklin County. That was continued from time to time by agreement of counsel until the September term of 1893, when defendant's counsel demurred to information on account of insufficiency in form.

The Court sustained the demurrer, whereupon at this term of court the matter was presented to the Grand-jury, which body returned a true bill for the same charge of having fraudulently conveyed his property.

On the civil judgment obtained against Bragg by myself for Mrs. Donahue in 1892, and which was appealed to the Court of Appeals and affirmed by the Court of Appeals, a levy has been made upon the residence property conveyed by Bragg to Hubbard and it is advertised to be sold upon the 23d inst. I propose to buy it in for the judgment creditors and thereupon institute suit to set aside Bragg's alleged fraudulent conveyance thereof to his brother-in-law, Hubbard, in the event of the success of which the Donahue children will acquire the title to the property, saving as to such lien as the building association may still have thereon and thus receive at least a portion of this inheritance so wrongfully deprived of by Mr. Bragg's appropriation."

This is the first criminal proceeding in Missouri instituted under this act, making a fraud count a criminal offense, and the result is looked for with considerable interest by the bar generally.

Mr. Bragg had not been served with the bench warrant up to 2 o'clock this afternoon, and as he lives in Kirkwood could not be seen in time to get a statement for publication to-day. He will be given an opportunity to answer the charges against him in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

For a Bill of Exchange.

The State Bank of Indiana filed suit to-day against the U. H. Sharmon Stone Co., on a bill of exchange for $1,908.44 drawn April 6, 1892, by Samuel Chandler on he defendant and endorsed and delivered to the Bedford Stone Quarries Co. The plaintiff alleges that he is the possessor of the bill of exchange, and that the defendant refused to pay it.

TROUBLE IN PROSPECT.

Bevier Miners Will Force the Men at Ardmore to Quit Work.

MACON CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Information was received at Ardmore this morning that two large delegations of miners from Huntsville and Bevier were headed for that place, with intentions of inducing the Ardmore men to quit work, peaceably if possible, forcibly if necessary. Sheriff White has just left for Ardmore in response to a telegram.

SIX MEN DROWNED.

A British Passenger Steamer Runs Down and Sinks a Danish Bark.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—While crossing the channel the passenger steamer Marie Henrietta struck and cut in half a Danish bark. Six of her crew were drowned. There was a panic on board the Marie Henrietta when she ran into the bark; passengers tried to launch the boats and ran here and there about the decks looking for life preservers, and expecting every moment that the steamer would sink with all on board. The officers of the Henrietta eventually managed to quiet the passengers. The bark sank before any assistance could be rendered her.

ASKS $10,000 FOR SLANDER.

R. C. Sneed's Suit Against the Annuity Loan and Savings Association.

R. C. Sneed filed suit to-day for $10,000 damages for alleged libel and slander against the Annuity Loan and Savings Association. Sneed recently applied for a receiver for the defendant in the present action, alleging that the affairs of the concern, two of whose bonds he held, were not being properly managed. The petition is still pending. Sneed alleges in his petition that the Annuity Loan and Savings Association is insolvent, by the withdrawal of its directors of their obligations to the account of $75,000. He alleges that when he attempted to collect on two bonds for $1,000 which he held, the defendant threatened to asperse his character and conspired to blackmail him out of his claim, charging him, through its Secretary, with having obtained the issue of his bonds by misrepresentations. Sneed further alleges that the defendant published in the daily papers a warning to all persons not to purchase from the plaintiff the coupons of his bonds. This publication, Sneed alleges, was with intent to depreciate the value of the bonds and to hold him up to public view as an unreliable person.

Wants a Divorce.

John M. Monahan filed suit for divorce against his wife, Mary A. Monahan. They were married March 22, 1883. The plaintiff alleges that his wife deserted him.

Fire in a Grocery.

The grocery store of John Zinc at 4360 Newstead avenue was damaged to the amount of $1,200 by fire about 5 o'clock this morning. The origin of the blaze is not known.

Driven Out of the Pamirs.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Simla dispatches say Russian Col. Vannovisky was recently driven out of the Pamirs by Afghans after attempting to force his wny across that district at the head of Cossack troops.

A Great Loss in Wheat.

COLFAX, Wash., Oct. 14.—A conservative estimate of the damage to the wheat crop by the recent rains in the Palous, Potlatch and Hangman regions places the loss at 5,000,000 bu.

St. Louisans in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Hotel arrivals from St. Louis: R. J. Roth, Gedney; W. Johnston, Hoffman; A. G. Partridge and wife, Waldorf; W. H. Petters, Gilsey; T. Timothy, Grand Union.

Sylvester Coal Co.

Mine the Jupiter high grade coal, and can insure its delivery. LACLEDE BUILDING.

COTTON.

Domestic markets firm and higher, although Liverpool shows a slight decline. There was little in the way of news, as telegraphic communication with the East was interrupted. Locally the market was firm and 1-16@ higher. Sales, 215 bales.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS.

Ordinary	6 15-16	Middling	8 1-16
Good ordinary	7 7-16	Good middling	8 5-16
Low middling	7 13-16	Middling fair	8 13-16

Tinges ⅛c and stained ½c below white.

THE MOVEMENT IN ST. LOUIS.

	1893-94.	1892-93.
Net receipts to-day	1,196	709
Net receipts since Sept. 1	6,874	2,771
Net shipments to-day	97	1,101
Net shipments since Sept. 1	15,055	19,872
Gross receipts to-day	1,931	2,031
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	15,244	13,938
Gross shipments to-day	892	2,443
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	23,925	31,079
Stock on hand	10,321	29,281

NEW YORK—Spot cotton quiet and 1-16c higher; middling, 8 7-16c. Futures closed steady. Sales, 31,000 bales. Reported by Lesser Cotton Co.:

	Closed Yesterday	Highest To-day	Lowest To-day	Closed To-day
October	8.16	8.18	8.18	8.18
November	8.23	8.25	8.19	8.25
December	8.34	9.36	8.30	8.36
January	8.44	8.47	8.41	8.47
February	8.54	8.56	8.50	8.56
March	8.62	8.64	8.60	8.64
April	8.70	8.73	8.69	8.73

NEW ORLEANS—Spot steady; middling, 8 1-16c. Futures closed steady.

October	7.92	January	8.14
November	7.94	February	8.23
December	8.06	March	8.31

LIVERPOOL—Demand very fair, prices firm. American splands, 4 11-16d. Sales: 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales went to speculators and exporters. Receipts, 100 bales. Futures closed quiet.

	Yesterday.	To-day.
October	4 36-64	4 36-64
October and November	4 35-64	4 35-64
November and December	4 35-64	4 35-64
December and January	4 35-64	4 35-64
January and February	4 36-64	4 36-64
February and March	4 38-64	4 38-64
March and April	4 40-64	4 39-64

WEEKLY INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	Week ending Oct. 13, '93.	Week ending Oct. 14, '92.
Receipts	158,435	197,944
Receipts since Sept. 1	573,704	859,807
Shipments	126,864	147,409
Stock	188,723	225,870

Marriage Licenses.

Frank Buckner	9th and Chestnut st
Eva M. Goodrich	East Troy, Pa
George Barnhardt	1803½ Franklin av
Catherine M. E. Schroeder	St. Louis Co., Mo
Charles E. Moore	1030 Market st
Ella Wildes	1400 Market st
Wm. F. Yaeger	Oakville, Mo
Helen Fansberger	Oakville, Mo
Louis Hunter	1810 S. Broadway
Clara Engel	1314 La Salle st
Frederick A. Kasten	1225 S. 7th st
Rebecca Gleason	1225 S. 7th st
Edward Farr	3509 St. Louis av
Flora B. Williams	1530 Salisbury st
Barnett Myerson	708 Wash st
Frieda Friedmann	1014 N. 11th st
Willis Wilson	3227 Caroline st
Lulu Bourdine	1159 S. Compton av

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,

COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

DEATHS.

Marriage, Birth and Death Notices,

When inserted in the POST-DISPATCH, will be telegraphed to the

NEW YORK WORLD

for insertion in that journal, without extra charge, when so requested.

ROBITAILLE—Oct. 13, MARY ROBITAILLE, age 53 years, wife of Charles F. Robitaille.

Funeral Monday, Oct. 16 at 2 p. m., from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Carrie H. Boner, 2924 St. Vincent avenue, to St. Kevin's Church, thence to SS. Peter and Paul's cemetery for interment.

TANCILL—On Oct. 13, 9:40 p. m., Mrs. SARAH A. TANCILL, aged 82 years, 8 months and 8 days.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Railroad Day at the EXPOSITION

Special Attractions Morning, Afternoon and Evening.



JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

Sousa's "Salute of the Nations to the St. Louis Exposition."

Solos by

Antonio Galassi, the Great Baritone (His last appearance in St. Louis this year.)

Miss Alice Raymond, The Fair and Faultless Cornetist, and

Mrs. Lettie E. Crewl, America's Greatest Whistler

Concerts at 2, 4, 7 and 9.

GRAND SURPRISE TO SOUSA IN THE EVENING.

Admission, 25c; children under ten, 15c

IN THE SMALL HALL,

Roltair's Illusions—Admission, 10c; children half price.

FOR SALE!

All the Fixtures, Designs and Pieces used in the Street Illuminations.

Bids will be received until Saturday morning, Oct. 21, for all or any part of the above as they stand, to be removed within ten days. Address

JOHN C. WILKINSON,

Chairman Illumination Committee, Autumnal Festivities Association.

THINK HIM INSANE.

Drs. Altwood and Bauduy Testify in the Daily Case.

THEY BELIEVE THE WIFE MURDERER A VICTIM OF HOMICIDAL MANIA.

Dr. Atwood Tells of an Operation He Performed on Daily Shortly Before the Murder—How He Nerved Him for the Ordeal—Dr. Bauduy's Wit on the Stand.

Dr. Le Grand Attwood, former superintendent of the Insane Asylum, was the first witness examined to-day in the Daily murder trial in the Criminal Court. Dr. Attwood has for seueral years known the defendant, John Daily, or "Salvation Army Daily," as he is called, who is charged with murder in the first degree for killing his wife, Elizabeth, with an ax May 11 last at their home on Chouteau avenue. Dr. Attwood stated that he performed an operation on Daily about two weeks before Daily killed his wife. The operation consisted of the removing of a tumor from Daily's back. Daily stood the operation without taking anæsthetics of any kind upon Dr. Atwood telling him that it was not necessary to take chloroform, but to have faith in God and that God would sustain him.

R. Graham Frost, one of Daily's lawyers, then read to Dr. Attwood a hypothetical question. He embodied all the eccentric conduct of Daily as elicited in the testimony and asked the Doctor if he thought that a man who had acted in this manner and capped the climax by destroying his wife with an ax could be sane.

DR. ATWOOD'S OPINION.

Dr. Atwood stated that in his opinion such a person was suffering of homicidal mania, caused by drink. Dr. Atwood was then asked to give his reasons for his conclusion, and delivered a scientific lecture to the jury in explaining his opinion.

DR. BAUDUY CALLED.

Dr. J. K. Bauduy, the mental specialist, was the next witness, and the same hypothetical question was read to him by Attorney S. P. Spencer. Dr. Bauduy's reply was that the hypothetical individual in his opinion was undoubtedly insane. Asked to give his reasons he explained them in a lengthy and elaborate address, in which he took up several of the points in the hypothetical question and expatiated on them. The fact that Daily, all facts being considered, had changed from a Catholic to a Protestant, the doctor regarded as a strong evidence of insanity because persons in the condition of the hypothetical individual in becoming insane were extremely apt to change from their normal state to the opposite condition. The fact of a man stopping drinking liquor, however, the doctor stated, was not always a sign of insanity. After Dr. Bauduy had finished his testimony the court took a recess.

The Umbrella Effect in Costume.

From the Fliegende Blaetter.

UNITED STATES GRAND-JURY.

Batch of Important Indictments Returned To-Day.

The United States Grand-jury to-day returned indictments against the following persons:

John Dennison, having and selling unstamped tobacco. Dennison is the man who stole tobacco from the Drummond Tobacco Co. and sold it to retailers.

Edwin Bruden, Harry Frantz, Edward Castell, Gustave Honig, Jos. J. Hanna and six others retailing liquor without paying special tax.

Philip V. Taylor, forgery; forged obligations of the United States.

James M. Greenwood, and Walter Sharp for having and passing counterfeit coins.

Albert Ebbs forging signature to money order.

Wm. J. Corrigan, embezzling and destroying letters containing articles of value and stealing the articles.

Samuel J. Brackett, sending non-mailable postal cards.

Eustin E. Evans, sending obscene letters.

Peter Pantopolis, making and having counterfeit silver coins; one for mailing letter in non-mailable envelope and one for forging pension voucher.

He Was Charged.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

"You are charged," said the justice, "with stealing two gallons of whisky. Have you anything to say?"

"Nothing, y' honor," replied the unsteady prisoner; I'm too full f'r utterance!"

The Pillow Knew.

From Puck.

"Shake! old fellow," said the pillow to the sword, who had been relating some thrilling experiences in battle. "I know what it is to be in a fight."

ALL ALONG THE LINES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Complete prostration of telegraphic service seems to be the most serious result of last night's storm. Thus far no disasters have been posted on the Maritime Exchange.

Life Was Not Worth Living—In Fact Death Seemed Near—Blood Poisoning



Mr. Wm. E. Greenholtz

"Baltimore, Md., Sept. 20, 1893.

"For four years I was in intense suffering with an abscess on my thigh. It discharged freely and several times

Pieces of Bone Came Out.

Last February I had to take to my bed for four weeks, and then it was I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I soon got on my feet, but was very weak and went to the Maryland University hospital, where they said my trouble was chronic blood poisoning and gave me little hope. I returned home and continued taking Hood's, of here used six bottles and the abscess has entirely disappeared, and I have been in

Fine Health Ever Since.

I know if it had not been for Hood's Sarsaparilla I should be in my grave. I have gained in weight from 147 a year ago to 170 pounds

Hood's Cures

to-day. I praise Hood's Sarsaparilla for it all." WM. E. GREENHOLTZ, 1227 Hanover st.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and are made of the best ingredients. Buy a box.

MIND VS. MUSCLE.

AFTER-LIFE OF COLLEGE ATHLETES AND HONOR-MEN COMPARED.

Written for the POST-DISPATCH.

"What encouragement is offered to a young man nowadays to take a high rank, to be an 'honor man' at college? What does it amount to in the opinion of the press and the public? Take the newspapers, for example. They fill their columns with praises and pictures of the boat crews, the 'Varsity eleven and the base ball nine. They extol the merits of the high jumper and the hammer-thrower. But who sees the picture of the valedictorian of the class? Who has the slightest interest in the honor men? Robert Grant, himself a '73 man at Harvard, emphasizes this fact in his 'Reflections,' when the crowd is going wild over the young foot-ball hero, while his brother, the brilliant student, the honor man, sits unrecognized in the throng. What a commentary on a college education!"

Such were the bitter reflections of an old-time Harvard graduate, a distinguished scholar. The outburst gave rise to an earnest discussion, in which it was contended on the one hand that college athletics represented little of practical good; that after graduation the athlete disappeared as a factor in public affairs and found his low level. On the other it was claimed that the honor men became obscure professors or unknown ministers of the Gospel, and that the athlete, the man who went out of college with a sound body added to a reasonably sound mind, was the man who was the more likely to attain success and distinction in life.

Not, perhaps, to settle this dispute conclusively, but to throw a little more light on the subject, it has seemed advisable to look back over the records of twenty years at Harvard, and to find out, if possible, what has become of the athletes, the honor men, and the distinguished classmen of their time. Of course it is not argued that this record is complete, but the classes as represented have not been specially picked ont; they are given simply because their reports were obtainable from various sources. They may be taken as a fair indication of the general run. In short, what is true of three classes is perhaps equally true of twenty. At all events the findings are interesting and have a distinct bearing on the matter in dispute.

CLASS OF 1870.

The present honor system at Harvard has gone into effect since the graduation of the class of 1870. That class, however, has sent out a number of men who have obtained prominence in the nation, and yet, during their class days were much interested in class sports. The first scholar of the class was William G. Hale, now head professor in Latin at the Chicago University. James Russell Soley, who was the class-day poet, was Assistant Secretary of the Navy under President Harrison.

Roger Wolcott, at present Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts, was the class-day orator. William F. Wharton, Assistant Secretary of State under President Harrison, was a very fine gymnast, and devoted much time to gymnasium work. All these men stood high in their classes, all were interested in class affairs and more or less in class athletics.

CLASS OF 1873.

One of the most prominent athletes of the class of 1873 was H. S. White, who was a member of the Harvard nine during his entire college course. All that time he ranked as one of the best scholars of the class. He is now Professor of German and Dean of a faculty at Cornell University.

J. C. Goodwin was also on the nine for four years, but held no prominent rank as a scholar. He is in the office of the Comptroller of the city of New York.

John Bryant was prominent in rowing matters, and was on the University crew. He held a fair rank as a scholar, and after graduation took the degree of M. D. He never practiced, however, as his circumstances were such as to make that step unnecessary.

J. O. Shaw, Jr., was a rowing man, holding no particular rank as a scholar. He is engaged in the practice of law.

Edward P. Bliss was also on the University crew. He was a fair scholar, and is now in business in Boston.

Tucker Daland was an oarsman, and stood fairly well as a scholar. He is a lawyer by profession and a Selectman of the town of Brookline, Mass.

CLASS OF 1876.

Quite a famous class in its way was that of 1876. It has graduated such able writers as Stimson, Finck, Bellamy and Wheelright; such prominent instructors as Thwing, Abercrombie and Weatherby; such admirable lawyers as Gardiner, Wellman and Livingood; such capable doctors as Strong, Jacques, Davis and Grandin, and many others who have achieved high standing in other professions, as Wheelright, Longfellow and Richards in architecture, and Curtis and Sherwood in art.

W. H. Moody, who is the unquestioned leader of the Essex bar, was famous in athletics in his earlier career at college. Dr. Harold C. Ernst, whom every Harvard man remembers, and who was the famous pitcher of the 'Varsity nine, has attained distinction in his specialty of bacteriology. Dr. W. J. Otis, a prominet member of the 'Varsity crew, has also won his spurs as a specialist. H. H. Brown was a capable oarsman on the class crew, and is now well known as the principal of a leading school in Philadelphia. Another plucky oarsman and enthusiastic athlete was George Walton Green, who is practising law in New York. An athlete no less famous than Dr. Ernst is James A. Tyng, now practicing law successfully. William F. Weld was a plucky oarsman. He came into the inheritance of vast wealth, and did a great deal of good in a quiet way during the few years of life that remained to him after leaving college. George Albert Nickerson of the class crew has a fine record in the many positions of trust he has acceptably filled. J. C. Bolan of the Varsity crew is a capable teacher.

CLASS OF 1878.

In the class of 1878 Paul Shorey took the highest honors in classics and philosophy, the honors in history and was appointed to write a dissertation at graduation. Mr. Shorey was educated as a lawyer, was a member of the Illinois bar and is now professor of Greek and Latin at Bryn Mawr College.

Andrew Duff Heffern took the highest honors in philosophy and a thesis at graduation. He was graduated at the Philadelphia Divinity School and is rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd at Hazleton, Pittsburg, Pa.

Benjamin Newall Johnson took the highest honors in philosophy. He is a member of the Suffolk bar, and is now practicing law successfully in Boston.

Frederick Winthrop Fair was captain of the University base ball nine and played on the University foot ball eleven. This famous athlete, who is looked up to reverently by all under-graduates, is a confidential clerk with Hilton, Weston & Co., of Boston.

Another celebrated athlete was William Amos Bancroft, the captain of the University crew and the able coach of many succeeding crews. Mr. Bancroft is a member of the Suffolk bar and has served three terms in the Massachusetts Legislature. He is now Mayor of Cambridge.

Lucius N. Littauer was a member of a class of freshmen crew and played on the University foot ball eleven. After leaving college he succeeded to the management of his father's business, the manufacture of gloves in Gloversville, N. Y., and has been both active and prominent in local politics.

CLASS OF 1879.

There was a good many athletes in the class of 1879, but it scarcely can be said that they have achieved much prominence since leaving college. The first man of the class in point of scholarship was Francis Swayze, who is at present a lawyer and a bank director in Newark, N. J. Edward Hale stood second. Mr. Hale is a clergyman at Orange. Frank W. Taussig was the third honor man. It is interesting to note that he and Swayze were the youngest members of the class. Mr. Taussig was made full professor of political economy at Harvard last fall at the age of 32. He has made a great reputation through his writing and his books have had a wide circulation.

Of the athletes Crocker, Schwartz, Smith and Jacobs were on the crew and Wright was prominent in base ball.

F. W. Smith is in the boiler-setting business in Boston. Schwartz is living modestly and perhaps obscurely in some unknown corner of the United States. Jacobs is in business in Chicago. Wright is in New York, a member of the firm of Peter Wright & Sons.

Perhaps the most prominent member of the class was William DeW. Hyde, who stood near the head in scholarship, though was not one of the first three. Mr. Hyde was elected President of Bowdoin College in 1885, when only six years out of Harvard. He is the youngest college president in the country, has done excellent work and is a frequent contributor to the leading magazines.

CLASS OF 1880.

Another famous class is that of 1880, which has graduated such prominent men as Theodore Roosevelt, Josiah Quincy, Robert Bacon and William A. Gaston. The honor men of the class were William K. Richardson and Albert Bushnell Hart. Mr. Hart is an instructor in American history at Harvard, and is an author of some reputation. Robert Bacon was a famous all-round athlete. He is a member of the firm of E. Rollins Moss & Bro., bankers, of Boston and is now an overseer of Harvard College. Few men who have graduated at Hardvard within the past twenty-five years have been so prominent in athletics as Mr. Bacon.

Nat M. Brigham, also an athlete of reputation, is at Salt Lake City in the oil business.

Wm. A. Gaston, who was on the 'varsity foot ball eleven, is a member of the law firm of Gaston & Whitney, Boston.

Wm. Hopper, another well-known athlete, is Treasurer of the Atlantic Cotton-mills.

Richard Trimble, who was devoted to college sports, and took a prominent part therein, appears to have been lost in the shuffle.

In political life Theodore Roosevelt, Josiah Quincy and Herbert F. Bissell may be said to represent the class of 1880 in politics, as Geo. A. Hibbard and George Pellew have represented it in letters. They stood fairly well in their class, but could not be said to have been distinguished scholars.

THE CLASS OF 1882.

The first scholar of the class of 1882 was George Lyman Kittredge, a man of great ability, a deep thinker and a popular fellow. He is now assistant professor at Harvard, where he has won much reputation as a scholar and lecturer, and is proving an able assistant to Prof. Child.

Among the other leading scholars were George Morey Richardson, Professor of Classics in the University of California; William C. Waite, a rising young lawyer in Boston, and partner of Samuel J. Elder and Russell Whitman, a lawyer of Chicago. Owen Wister of Philadelphia, was one of the most brilliant men, in an all-around way, in the class. He is a lawyer by profession, and is an author and composer of some reputation. While at Cambridge he wrote one of the best plays ever given by the Hasty Pudding Club. It was the famous "Dido and Aeneas," for which he also arranged the music.

One of the most remarkable men of the class was William H. Manning, a scholar of high rank and a great athlete. He was for two years captain of the university foot ball team. Mr. Manning, who was a leading business man of Marquette, Mich., was killed in the accident on the New York Central in September, 1889.

Frederick Warren, foot ball player and general athlete, is now a partner of Warren & Co., English steamers between Boston and Liverpool.

T. C. Thacher, another foot ball player of reputation, is connected with the Boston wool firm of H. D. Thacher & Co.

Chas. W. Andrews, who was a member of the base ball and cricket teams, is now a lawyer of reputation in Syracuse.

Morton S. Crehore, associated with the eleven and with his class crew, is in the coal business in Boston.

Wm. Chalfant, a member of the university crew, is a banker at West Chester, Pa.

Other prominent members of this class, who combined fair scholarship with a partiality for athletic, were Sherman Hoar, ex-Congressman of Massachusetts; Harold M. Sewall of Bath, formerly United States Consul-General at the Samoan Islands; Elliot H. Pendleton of Cincinnati, and Evert Jansen Wendell of New York.

T. Jefferson, Jr., and L. E. Sexton were prominent both in scholarship and athletics. Mr. Coolidge ranked among the first 25 in a class of 209. He was manager of the base ball nine, President of the athletic association and the champion half-mile runner. At present he is President of the Old Colony Trust Co. of Boston.

Mr. Sexton belongs to the law firm of Wetmore & Dener of New York, and came into considerable notoriety by his association with the anti-snappers last year. While in college he was manager of the crew, and took great interest in general athletics. He had a creditable rank in scholarship.

Charles R. Sanders graduated with highest distinction. He is practising law in Boston and has been prominent in politics.

Rev. Samuel A. Eliot ranked well among the scholars. He has been recently installed in the Church of Our Savior, in Brooklyn.

L. E. Gates was the first scholar of the class, but took no part in athletics. He is instructor at Harvard.

John Ulrich Nef took no special part in athletics, but was a hard worker and a distinguished student in chemistry. He is now a professor at the University of Chicago.

WHAT DOES IT PROVE?

Here are reports from eight classes, ranging from 1870 to 1884. They may be taken as fair types of all other classes. What conclusion is to be drawn from this presentment: "From my own observation," says a member of the class of '78, "as regards the graduates of my class, the conclusion reached is that the men taking a high rank in college usually follow one of the learned professions, and that men prominent in athletics generally choose a calling of a mercantile or business character, where executive ability equally advances them to prominent positions." This seems perfectly reasonably as far as it goes. But cannot the matter be carried a little further? Is there not ground for the assertion that the most famous sons of Fair Harvard are the men who were not particularly distinguished during their college days? Is it not true that the men who have more completely filled the measure of the public eye are men who were neither honor men nor stroke oars, neither digs nor atheletes? This is an interesting question, somewhat foreign to the matter in dispute.

A member of the class of 1882, who is not in sympathy with college athletics, speaks scornfully of the practices which obtain on the college ball field and in the gymnasium. He contends that athletics, even so far as they are encouraged by the faculty, are directed almost solely for the benefit of those who do not require them. In other words, the weak and puny fellows are obliged to give way to the members of the class nines and class crews whose muscles stand out like whipcords, and to whom severe training is of very little personal benefit. Should one of these weak fellows be engaged in practice at the gymnasium, he is asked to leave the chest weights are parallel bars, as "the crew is coming," or "it is the hour for the freshmen nine to practice." This same custom, he contends, prevails on the ball-fields, which are reserved almost exclusively for the 'Varsity and class nines. In short, 2,000 students, who really need physical culture and gymnastic exercise, are forced to give way to fifty trained athletes to whom the gymnasium brings little practical good, all that the honor of the university may be upheld.

On the other hand, a graduate of 1876, who has obtained prominence in public affairs, argues a firm belief in athletics and that such fine sports in the right spirit is a benefit to any college. In the narrowest sense the physical training is good in and of itself. "Fortunately we escape the German duel—there is more manliness in field sports. They call for more perseverance, greater patience and, from my own knowledge, have developed in my class among athletes as fine mental vigor as one could wish. It is a pretty fad nowadays to look down upon the athletes—to restrict higher education to mere books and lectures and scientific work. The clearest thinker is the man with the clearest head, and a sound mind demands a sound body. To sin at what is manly is to slight what is American. If the college is only to grind out the pale-faced dig, even if the brain be developed to them, the bell becomes too ponderous for the steeple and warps the line of a well-rounded character. The impress of such upon the youth in the years to come would be one-sided and dangerous. The brightest intellectual leaders, even though not athletes, have always taken the liveliest interest in such sports—as, for example, Dr. Everett, principal of the school at Quincy and member-elect of Congress." And so the conflict rages.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is an unexcelled medicine for Children while Teething, 25c.

WHOLE FAMILY POISONED.

Details of the Mysterious Case at Jericho Springs—Two Dead.

NEVADA, Mo., Oct. 14.—The first authentic story of wholesale poisoning at Jericho Springs is just known. The town is many miles distant from a railroad or telegraph line, and therefore not readily accessible. Monday night Irvin Comstock, his wife, little son and a neighbor, Mr. Wallace, partook of the fatal supper. One of the neighbors happened to call after supper and found them all prostrated. Some of them were in spasms. Doctors were hastily summoned and worked with the stricken family all night.

At 5 o'clock next morning Mr. Wallace died in great agony, and on Wednesday morning Mr. Comstock died in a spasm.

Mrs. Comstock is now dying, and Mrs. McCrary, who has been acting as a nurse in the stricken home, is also in the throes of death from having drank a cup of coffee prepared from the family's provisions. The boy is out of danger. An examination of the edibles showed all to contain strychnine.

Great excitement prevails over the affair, nevertheless there is not a breath of suspicion against anyone. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery. The Comstocks are prominent, but are not known to have had enemies.

BEAT HIS MOTHER.

The Brutal Act of a German Farmer in Kansas.

BIRD CITY, Kan., Oct. 14.—Cheyenne County is worked up over the strange action of John Vogely, a German farmer living northeast of this place. Without any provocation he brutally assaulted his old mother. After throwing her down and choking her unmercifully, he dragged her out of the house and left her for dead. He then returned to his house with a large knife and tried to butcher his sister and brother. They finally escaped from him and fled.

Vogely has been held for trial. The mother is in a critical condition.

Both Legs Crushed.

William Barks, colored, 33 years old, married and living at 1500 South Broadway, in getting off of a north-bound Broadway cable car at Poplar street about noon to-day slipped and fell and the trailer passed over both legs below the knees, crushing them. A Missouri Pacific ambulance was passing at the time of the accident and Barks was taken in it to the City Hospital, where his left leg was amputated. The other limb may also have to come off.

AN OFF DAY.

Plenty of Elbow Room on the Grounds of the World's Fair.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, Oct. 14.—This was one of the Fair's off days. Instead of crowded gates and crowded cars there was plenty of room at all the gates, and the cars were far from being crowded. The cold morning knocked the enthusiasm out of a great many visitors, and for the first time in many days there was plenty of room at the turnstiles. Everybody at the Fair seemed to feel the effect of bad weather. The attractions failed to-day, and although Saturday has always been a big day, there was no more enthusiasm manifested this morning than if this was a rainy day in April. Manhattan day promises to redeem next week.

Shook a Woman.

Mrs. Johanna Jachle of 727 South Fourth street had a summons issued to-day in the First District Police Court against Leopold Wiegert, a saloon-keeper at 701 South Third street, charging that last night she went to Wiegert's saloon, where her husband was drunk, and that the saloon-keeper caught her by the shoulders and shook her and forcibly ejected her from the saloon.

$6 to Chicago and Back.

Vandalia and Illinois Central, only line by which you avoid overcrowded street cars in getting to and from Fair Grounds. All trains land you right at Fair gates. Fast day train on and after 15th leaves St. Louis at 8:40 a. m., arrives World's Fair at 4:30 p. m. Parlor cars.

Prudent.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

Weary Walkins: "Say, dere's a washout on de road here. Hadn't we better flag de train an' tell 'em about it?"

Hungry Higgins: "Not much we won't. De hands on dis road has jist been armed wit' new rifles, and we'll get plugged sure."

Bank Statement.

WALL STREET, Oct. 14.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$5,267,325
Loans, increase	2,274,300
Specie, increase	6,206,700
Legal tender, increase	2,325,700
Deposits, increase	12,260,300
Circulation, increase	16,800

The banks now hold $33,696,051 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

KEEPS A VICIOUS DOG.—Leonard Cooper of 525 Clark avenue had a summons issued to-day against Maurice Friedman of 320 South Seventh street charging Friedman with keeping a vicious dog. Cooper was riding on a bicycle yesterday and states that Friedman's dog came out and bit him.

PROPOSED CHANGE OF RULES.

The Merchants' Exchange Directors Will Consider Them on Monday.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange has been called for Monday afternoon to pass upon two proposed changes in the rules. One provides for the allowance of delivery on time contracts without notice before 11 o'clock. The other provides that the Exchange shall close at noon on Saturday throughout the year unless Saturday falls on the last day of the month, in which case the usual hours shall be kept.

Day Rubber Co.,
Headquarters for mackintoshes and other rubber goods. 415 North Fourth street.

RECEIVER WANTED.

Petition of Creditors of the Sioux City, O'Neill & Western Road.

SIOUX CITY, Io., Oct. 14.—An application was made yesterday before Judge Caldwell of the United States Circuit Court at St. Paul for the appointment of a receiver for the Sioux City, O'Neill & Western road. The Committee of Creditors of the old railroad syndicate made the application and wanted Judge W. P. Hough of St. Louis for receiver. The application was denied because of an insufficient showing of reasons for the action. It is understood a further showing will be made later and that the petition will be granted.

PERFECTION IN A JURY.

The Men Who Will Try the Case of Ex-Treasurer Woodruff of Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 14.—The Pulaski Circuit Court succeeded in securing a jury in the Woodruff case at noon today. All the members of the jury reside outside of Little Rock, many of whom are farmers who do not read the newspapers and are ignorant of the fact that Woodruff was a defaulter while he held the position of State Treasurer. Several of the jurors had never heard of Woodruff and never knew that he had even occupied the position of Treasurer of the State.

Jupiter Coal.
Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Merit beyond all question. Try it.
SYLVESTER COAL CO., Laclede Building.

DIED SUDDENLY.—Frederick Fritsch, aged 86 years, died suddenly at 11:30 a. m. to-day at his home, 1308 Merchant street. The deceased had been ailing for some time and was attended by a physician who was not present when he died to-day and refused to sign the burial certificate and the Coroner was notified.

J. F. Yaeger,

(ESTABLISHED 1869),

DEALER in Fancy Groceries, formerly at 1915 Park Avenue, will, on or about the 15th of October, open his new store, No. 3673 Olive Street, where all the best goods will be served and all the business conducted with strict regard to fairness, honesty and cleanliness.

SEEING THE PRESIDENT.

An English Tourist Describes a Reception at the White House.

From the Washington Post.

One of the interesting features of life in Washington during the summer was the English tourist. He traveled generally in flocks and was unmistakable. Now he is returning to England, and true to his instincts is airing his impressions of this country. In the Manchester *News* appears a letter from F. H. Worswick descriptive of Washington, in the course of which he tells of a reception by the President in these words:

"The President's reception is quite an American institution. They are held on alternate days three times a week during the time he is in residence, and are open to all comers. As we enter with our travel-stained clothing we find ourselves little different to anyone else. A little before 1, the hour fixed, we find a crowd of about three hundred persons, congregated from various parts of the country and beyond, the said crowd differing in size, shape, color and sex, all waiting impatiently about for the hour of grace. Just before the President enters, one of the attendants, assuming the role of M. C., enters the room, and ventures to offer some instructions upon our modus operandi in the Presidential presence. So we fall into a promiscuous, straggling line, three or four deep, down one side of the room, all making at least so me endeavor to be as near the front as possible, our humble selves excepted.

"For once we were content to bring up the rear, and so witness the proceedings, while the head of the procession was against the door whence the President will shortly emerge. A minute or so past the hour the door opens and President Cleveland enters alone and unattended, very much in style, build and dress like sir John Harwood in Sunday attire. (I have only seen Sir John on Sundays.) Advancing a little way into the room, but still on the floor with one hand behind his back, the President takes his stand. The crowd are now nervous and excitable, all pressing forward to gain the President's hand. Even in a pleasurable exercise like this the characteristic American haste well nigh spoils it, and the 300 manage to get received at the rate of four a minute—all within one hour. Mr. Cleveland has the reputation of being a good hand at this reception business, and particularly so regarding children. But then, though he is far from young, he is still a sprightly personage, possesses a young wife, and has several young children. Hence one of the sources of his parennial youth.

"To the children of all ages, of whom there was a great number, he has a neat benignant smile, and speaks a few pretty words down to them, shakes their little hands tenderly, while they look up into the face of the big man. So the lion approaches the lambs, and sends them away happy. Yes, and none the less happy the fathers and mothers who accompany them. Possibly to the little ones this was the first impressive lesson tending toward aspiration. To the ladies he is most gracious; but the whole affair appeared a matter of serious business to them. They are troubled with too much stateliness and stolid demeanor. American ladies are generally all there. I could only wish, by way of contrast, to have seen a few English ones with their grace and deportment. But to the sterner sex, endowed with a loquacious spirit, he has to listen to inflictions which Yankees call "tales," and many are the execrations against that individual who dares to monopolize a few seconds more of the President's time while possibly relating some little anecdote.

"Remarks are constantly emanating from the restless and impatient crowd behind, such as 'I guess he don't want to hear your little tale,' and 'Now, do cut it short.' At times even the President himself could not fail to hear some of the remarks. But this is a free country. The crowd pass on and our turn comes at last. We announce ourselves as British subjects of a Democratic type, come to pay our respects, to which he replies, 'I am very pleased to see you,' accompanied at the same time with a hearty shake of the hand, and we pass on and take our departure with the rest, the majority of whom, like ourselves, might doubtless be relegated to the category of mere curiosity mongers."

SENATOR HILL'S HIGH HAT.

It May Be Replaced With a New One at Senator Murphy's Expense.

Addison B. Atkins in Brooklyn Eagle.

Senator David B. Hill is not in any sense of the word a dressy man; indeed, he is almost shabby in his attire, but as neat as a pin, and more careful than most men about the whiteness of his linen and the correct tieing of his narrow black cravat. But for the Senator's high silk hat no excuse or apology can be offered. It is of the vintage of 1861, and very much the worse for wear; indeed, the Senator himself acknowledges that it has seen its best days and ought to be replaced.

To Senator Murphy, who is one of the most particular men in the Senate about his attire, and who prides himself on having everything up to date, Senator Hill's high hat has been a constant source of irritation. He has frequently advised him to purchase a new tile, and has on more than one occasion offered to pay for one if the Senator would wear it. To these offers from his friend Murphy Senator Hill has always turned a deaf ear, and, therefore, you may judge of the surprise of the junior Senator from New York the other day when Senator Hill said:

"Ed, I will give you a chance to buy me a new hat."

"How?" said Senator Murphy, beaming with delight.

"I will bet you a new high hat that my friends beat your friends in the primaries in Wayne County," said Hill.

"Done," said Murphy, and the bet went.

It seems that in Wayne County, in what are known as the canal districts, upon which Senator Murphy has an iron grip, they are troubled with a superfluity of Hill men. The Hill-Murphy contingent is so strong that there is practically no opposition and lacking an enemy to fight they fight among themselves. This year Senator Murphy determined to put a stop to the squabble and threw in his entire strength with one of the factions. This he did by turning down several of those who belonged to the opposite side. The latter then came to Senator Hill and said:

"Look here, Senator, we are all for you. Why has Senator Murphy treated us this way? The faction he sided with are only waiting for a chance to go in with the Cleveland men and beat you."

Senator Hill heard them out and then said quietly: "But Senator Murphy thinks his people will be able to turn over the delegates, and that you are the ones who are waiting to join the Clevelandites."

"Oh, no," said the leader of the delegation, "he cannot win and we will show you."

A few days ago the primaries were held. The evening of the day of the fight Senator Hill received a dispatch from the leader of his side announcing that he had won the primary.

"Ha! ha!" said Hill, showing the dispatch to Murphy, "I think I will take that hat from you now."

The next morning Senator Murphy received a dispatch from the leader of the other side saying that he had won. This he took into the Senate cloak-room and showed to Senator Hill, who was seated there surrounded by several Southern Senators. Hill read the dispatch and then, turning to his associates, said:

"Now, gentlemen, what do you think of this? Here is my colleague, Senator Murphy, trying to cheat me out of a high hat that is fairly won from him."

Then he explained the situation and concluded by saying: "Last night I received a dispatch from my man saying that he had won the primary. I showed it to Senator Murphy and he wires at once to his man telling him to get up a contesting delegation. I leave it to you if this is not unfair."

Senator Murphy at first seemed surprised and then laughed outright. "Gentlemen," he said, "Senator Hill, I now firmly believe, put this entire job up on me. He knew my side had won and he posted his man to send him that dispatch so that there might be ground for a protest. But it won't work."

Senator Hill in relating the incident to me said: "To tell the truth, I believe Murphy's people won, but as I have determined to get rid of that hat of mine I am willing to compromise. Murphy can have the delegates and I'll take the hat."

The Pussy-Cat Bird.

From St. Nicholas.

To-day when the sun shone just after the shower,
A song bubbled up from the lilac-tree bower,
That changed of a sudden to quavers so queer,
For a moment I thought something wrong in my ear.
Then I called little Herbert, and asked if he heard,
"Oh, yes," he replied, "it's the pussy-cat bird."

The pussy-cat bird has the blackest of bills,
With which she makes all her trebles and trills;
She can mimic a robin, or sing like a wren,
And I truly believe she can cluck like a hen;
And sometimes you dream that her song is a word,
Then quickly again—she's a pussy-cat bird!

The pussy-cat bird wears a gown like a nun,
But she's chirk as a squirrel, and chock full of fun.
She lives in a house upon Evergreen Lane,
A snug little house, although modest and plain;
And never a puss that was happier purred
Than the feathered and winged little pussy-cat bird.

CLINTON SCOLLARD.

A Complete Understanding.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The plumber's assistant was plugging away at a piece of lead pipe when a city missionary happened along.

"My dear young friend," said the good man, after a little preliminary talk, "do you know the value of time?"

"You bet I do," was the frank response, "I'm working by the day."

Six Dollars
Will be the rate to Chicago and return via the Chicago & Alton Railroad, from Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive. Tickets good to return until Nov. 15.
Ticket offices, 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

Too Kind-Hearted.

From the Boston Transcript.

Figg: "Skittles has run off and left his wife in an impoverished condition."

Fogg: "Yes, Skittles has a good heart. He always said he never would see her suffer."

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
A box of
BEECHAM'S PILLS
constitutes a family medicine chest. Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness, Swelling after meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, and all nervous and trembling sensations, relieved by using these Pills
Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Castoria
For Infants and Children.
Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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No detention from business. We refer you to over 1000 patients. Investigate our method. Written guarantee to effect a solid cure. EXAMINATION FREE.
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Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

MALYDOR
THE 1 to 4 DAY CURE.
Cures Unhealthy Discharges. Prevents Private Diseases. Is SURE, CLEAN and WITHOUT BAD EFFECTS. At Druggists or sent, with syringe, to any address for $1.
DR. KENNY REMEDY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

"THIS WEEK IN THE SENATE WAS GIVEN UP WHOLLY TO TALK."



And while the doctors talked the patient died.

PUZZLED!



UNCLE SAM: "I've Tackled the Chinese Puzzle and the Tariff Puzzle, But This Is the Toughest I've Struck Yet

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SATURDAY, OCT. 14, 1893.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—John Drew.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Roland Reed.
HAGAN OPERA-HOUSE—"Crazy Patch."
POPE'S—"The Struggle of Life."
HAVLIN'S—Milton Nobles.
STANDARD—Fields & Hanson.

Weather forecast until Sunday evening: For Missouri—Fair; warmer; winds shifting to southerly.

It is cooler throughout the country, except in the Lower Mississippi Valley.

St. Louis forecast—Fair Saturday and Sunday; nearly stationary temperature.

THE Senate seems to have caught its second wind.

DUNRAVEN got his blow, but it didn't wait him into the race.

THE Senate is divided into repealers, anti-repealers and dodgers.

THE yachts "sped over the water like birds," but ours flew the fastest.

TOULON is the town where Napoleon got his start. It ought to have an especial interest for Russians.

THE centerboard is a winner, and as it has triumphed in yacht racing so it may revolutionize river and ocean transportation.

SENATOR ALLEN in his protracted financial address did not strain his intellect. All the work was on his jaw. Any statesman who can read at all can read extracts.

WILLY WALLY ASTOR is said to be an aspirant for a peerage and a tavern keeper in prospect. Like his relation, Mr. Van Alen, he has played so long he wants to do a little work.

IF twenty-five little hungry Britishers could swap places with Queen Victoria's twenty-five pet dogs, what happy little Britishers they would be, and what loya British men they would make.

IN spite of the economical administration of the Pension Bureau the Secretary of the Interior thinks $160,000,000 will be necessary this year. No matter how honestly administered the law of 1890 is a costly bit of legislation.

IT looks as if the Iowa Republican managers would stick to Candidate Jackson if they could only be sure of his election. His doings as a suppression attorney are wicked only in so far as they imperil the chances of success in the campaign.

THE Scotch principle of unlimited liability is a good one in any banking system. Failures will be few when the stockholder knows that he must pay close attention to his bank or run the risk of losing every dollar he has in the world.

THE Union Pacific Railroad has been placed in charge of the United States Court. There is strong suspicion that the move was made to beat the government claim which falls due in a few months. Uncle Sam's judges are to help skin Uncle Sam.

IT seems that Senator Don Cameron will at least have the support of Senator Irby of South Carolina in his high tariff anti-repeal scheme. Should Mr. Irby happen, however, to be called off to carry home a jag about the time the vote is taken there may be a bit of disappointment for Mr. Cameron.

WHAT has Mr. Rutledge to say to the report of the condition of the Shaw School and woodshed annex printed in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH? Can he say that it is not all true? And will he still contend that the woodshed annex is a proper place in which to put little children during a cold rain storm?

PARTISAN nominations for school offices are to be deprecated and prevented if possible, but as they are to be made it is to be hoped that decent citizens will see to it that the nominees are honest and capable. Do not quietly surrender the schools of St. Louis into the hands of jobbers and disreputable politicians.

IT is absurd to say that the Federal election law is necessary to prevent frauds in the large cities. State legislation can suppress frauds quite as easily as they can be suppressed by Federal interference. The truth is that the Federal election law has been used to intimidate voters and to prevent legal voting. It has cost the Government a great deal of money and has been used as a partisan weapon.

THE British tax-payer doubtless rejoices when he hears of the expiration of a hereditary pension of $10,000. John Bull is so grateful that he rewards not only his heroes, but their descendants, who may not do a heroic act or a good one in all their lives. He pays three persons for what only one has done. J. B. ought to set the best example of Government in the world, but he doesn't. His tax-payers are even more patient than our own.

CARELESS driving is becoming too common in St. Louis. A day or two ago a boy was run down and severely injured, and yesterday a carriage standing in front of a shop was upset and the occupant, a lady, narrowly escaped with her life. Last week a young girl riding a bicycle was run down by a youthful ruffian driving a delivery wagon and thrown violently into the gutter. A few prosecutions and maximum sentences would have a good effect.

THE last race of the yachting contest for the America's cup and the third successive victory for the Vigilant demonstrated beyond cavil the superiority of the American boat. It may be accepted as proving the superiority of the American model of the centerboard type. The English yachtsmen will have to build a faster boat than the Valkyrie or, to put it more accurately, a faster boat than the American yachtsmen can build before the next trial for the cup. To do this they will have to get over their stupid conservatism, which has kept them in the rear of the yachting procession for forty years. The American centerboard is the winning model, and John Bull will have to frankly imitate it until something better turns up.

THE SENATE'S OFFENSE.

Mr. F. E. Kauffman of this city in a sharp letter to Senator Vest scores the Senate because it does not acquiesce in the wishes of a majority of the people, expressed through "their representatives in the Lower House, elected by their direct votes." He asks, "By what right does the Upper House refuse to acquiesce?" and bases upon this refusal a just cause for popular revolt.

Mr. Kauffman has wholly misconceived the true ground of the Senate's offense in failing to act on the repeal bill. It is not bound to acquiesce in the House's expression of the popular will. That is only evidence of popular wishes worthy of the earnest consideration of Senators. But the Senate is an independent body. It is not bound to regard any will except its own. Senators are answerable for their actions only to their constituents, the Legislatures of the States from which they are elected. They are justified in differing from the Executive, the Representatives and both combined, according to their own judgments.

The offense of the Senate lies in the fact that a professed majority is in favor of repeal, yet that majority, representing the will of the people expressed through their State Legislatures, is unable to register and execute that will in legislative acts. If there were a majority in the Senate against repeal the failure of that majority to act would be as strong an indictment against the usefulness of the Senate as the failure of the repeal majority to act.

It is the impotence of the Senate to give practical outcome to any will except the negative will of an obstructive minority which affords ground for disquieting fears that as at present organized it is a menace to good government.

PROUD OF THEMSELVES.

The report of the School Board Building Committee submitted last night does not sustain the plea that repairs have not been made because there was no money available.

The Shaw, Dozier, Penrose and several other schools are in bad condition, some of them unfit for habitation. They are all overcrowded and many are holding half-day sessions in order to provide as many children as possible with educational facilities. This disgraceful condition is open and notorious. It is known to every teacher and pupil in the city and admitted by every one but the gentlemen of the committees whose duty it is to prevent such a misfortune. The Building Committeemen charge the fault upon the Ways and Means and Teachers Committees, and these in turn retort in kind upon their accusers. That some one is to blame is patent and incontestable. The wrangling and recrimination in the board is a confession of incompetency and neglect.

But what is there in the poverty plea so plaintively reiterated by the Building Committee? According to the report $80,000 had been appropriated for new buildings and repairs up to Oct. 1. Of this $10,118.91 had been expended for new buildings and $32,709.71 for repairs, leaving a neat balance on hand, "clear and uncumbered," of $37,171.38. The committee is said to take great credit to itself for economy. The members are proud of themselves because they have done better than the preceding committee. It may be admitted that the kettle is less black than the pot, but, if the present committee has so much money on hand, why are the pupils of the Shaw School housed in a woodshed, why is the Dozier School addition unfinished, and why are so many other buildings unable to accommodate the pupils who crave admittance?

On the face of their own report the members of the Building Committee are responsible. Can they unload the blame and put it upon others?

OWN A LIBRARY.

THE POST-DISPATCH offers to its readers this fall the opportunity to secure a splendid library of the choicest books at the minimum cost.

Beginning with to-morrow a book coupon will be printed in each copy of the POST-DISPATCH every day in the week. By sending this coupon to the POST-DISPATCH Book Department, 142 Worth street, New York, with the amount named, any book on our list may be obtained at a greatly reduced price. No orders without accompanying coupons will be honored, but the money will be returned at the expense of the sender.

The list of books contains 3,000 of the choicest works of fiction, history, biography, science and art. The prices range from 1 cent to $2, and the bindings are of the best in each grade. Lists may be obtained by sending a 2-cent stamp to this office or by ordering from the carriers.

These books have been carefully selected and the prices represent actual cost. No finer opportunity could be presented for collecting a valuable and handsome library. This offer is made for no other consideration except the benefit of our readers. It is a magnificent offer. It enables the public to get the best books with the best newspaper at the least cost. News, knowledge and the highest enjoyment are thus placed within the reach of the poorest.

THE GAMBLING LAWS.

It is gratifying to note that sportsmen recognize the force of the POST-DISPATCH'S warning of the degrading effect upon sport of the present policy of allowing it to be made the mere adjunct of the book-making and pool-selling business.

The public is losing confidence in horse racing, and as a sportsman remarked through the POST-DISPATCH recently: "What is needed to restore the confidence of the public is a complete change in the control of racing. As conducted at present it is not a sport, but a medium of making a few men rich at the expense of the public." This is the whole situation in a nutshell from the standpoint of a sportsman.

But from the standpoint of the people there is a more serious aspect of the matter which deeply concerns public morality and the public welfare. By forbidding all forms of gambling except betting on horse racing and by leaving free opportunity to the poolrooms to make horse racing serve their gambling purpose all the year round, the law accomplishes the worst possible result. It encourages poolroom betting, which is the most insidious and seductive form of the gambling vice to the poor and the young, among whom it causes the greatest havoc and misery.

Whether the friends of true sport come to the rescue of horse racing or not, the State must come to the rescue of the youth against the ruinous influences of Pool Alley.

THE Michigan Central horror, in which twelve persons lost their lives, was due to defective air brakes, so the report states; but there is a city ordinance in Jackson forbidding railroad trains to run faster than six miles an hour. Had this been obeyed the accident would not have happened, and it would have made no difference whether the brakes worked or not. The affair would make a good test criminal case. If, as the railroad people insist, a rate so slow as six miles an hour through a small town is impracticable and not to be tolerated by the traveling public, they should be compelled to adopt proper precautions when trains are run at a higher rate of speed. The reckless sacrifice of human life for the sake of economy and dividends has gone far enough.

COMPLAINT is made by a Forum writer that a ventriloquist performance took place on one of the street-cars the other day, arousing his indignation and that of several others. Possibly the ventriloquism was bad. Nothing is much worse than a ventriloquist who can't ventril. But it is possible that a real artist might give a street-car exhibition which would please all the passengers. Indeed, the car companies would popularize all their lines if they would add a show-car to their trains. Think of the relief a show-car would be to the suburban passenger, who has to ride five or six miles in the raw days of the fall and spring when the cars are heated only by sunshine. On the home run the man of business would forget his cares while looking on the car entertainment, and he would be in so cheerful a mood by the time he reached his own hearthstone that the domestic woes of the day related to him by his thoughtful mate would neither spoil his evening meal nor keep him awake later on. If dry goods stores can find a profit in stationery, ready-mixed paints and grindstones, why shouldn't a street-car company realize something from a well-conducted car-show?

THE *Furniture Trade Review* says that the furniture trade has been growing materially better during the past month. The furniture business ought to be good in almost any sort of times. The young people do not hold back much in stringencies, and they marry as if nothing had happened in the financial world. They must have furniture, even if they get it on the installment plan, and it must be as near as possible like that Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Astor get for themselves. Why should the furniture trade ever lag?

ESCAPING bridegrooms are entirely too common. No man should be allowed to get away on the evening fixed for his wedding. There should be a policeman or a constable to see that he does not. Unless something is done to prevent these escapes there will eventually be no "best men" to appear at any ceremony. It is not that the "best man" so much objects to the escape of the bridegroom, but that the moment the bridegroom is gone the "best man" himself may now be utilized by any determined bride. At Egg Harbor City, the other day, when the bridegroom failed to appear at the hour appointed the bride immediately held a consultation with the "best man." When it was over the marriage ceremony went on and the "best man" was made a husband in no time, and the bridegroom wasn't missed at all. With this precedent, how are "best men" to be secured for future weddings? The groom will at least be required to give a heavy bond for his appearance at the altar.

THE Connaught Rangers were not with the Duke of Connaught at Tel-el-Kebir. Those courageous warriors would doubtless have been greatly mortified had they been present. Their record in the Crimean war must have been a good one, or Mr. Lawrence Doolan would not have ventured the prophecy:

Then if the Connaught Rangers
Bring home the Roosian Czar,
We'll ride him to the divil
In an Irish jaunting car.

"THE number of people in Jackson Park last Monday exceeded the population of St. Louis and Cincinnati combined," says a Chicago thomas-cat journal. As a good part of the population of St. Louis was at the Fair that day, and the probability is that a good many Cincinnatians were there, too, this observation of the thomas-cat journal would be in extremely bad taste coming from any source other than a thomas-cat publication.

UNDERTAKERS complain that they have to do a great deal of burying out of their own pockets. They might console themselves by reflecting that they are thus helping themselves by keeping up the fashion of burial. When the bad-pay dead men go to the crematory the good-pay dead men may follow them into the fire.

PEOPLE who complain of having no luck in buying accident tickets are perhaps not aware of the estimate that in every 24 miles of railroad riding there is but one chance in 1,491,910 of getting killed. They will have to try some other and more profitable form of gambling if they wish to leave their heirs provided for.

THE philosopher of Atchison notes as a fact, going to the credit of the old maids, that not one in twenty of the inmates of the old women's charitable homes, is single. This, however, is no serious reflection on married women. They simply made the mistake of depending upon a man for their support.

WHEN ex-Senator Hiscock is asked to contribute toward paying convention expenses, he now responds, "Not a —— cent; not a —— cent." As Mr. Hiscock's party has turned "again" him, there is hope that he may reform entirely and not even contribute to a campaign fund.

THE plan by which two-thirds of the employes of the Government departments may be dispensed with without detriment to the service, should it ever materialize, will make at least one instance in which doing away with machinery will not give employment to more hands.

THE salt-sea plunger:
He ventured his V's on the Vigilant,
And not on the Val-ky-ree,
And now he has shekels in every bank,
And he'll leave a lega-see.

WITH sixteen uncles the Prince of Wales ought to make his way in the world. Many poor mortals have but one, owing to a limited wardrobe.

MR. ALLEN of Nebraska would make the nation proud when he dies by bequeathing his jaw to the Smithsonian Institution.

THE city consumer, paying $1 a bushel for potatoes, finds it hard to realize that agriculture is depressed.

THE American yacht would have beaten the Englishman even in a congressional wind.

Van Alen, Non-Voter.

From the New York WORLD.

When J. J. Van Alen was nominated to be Ambassador to Italy the WORLD said that he was not a true American or a Democrat in any sense of the word.

To-day we present additional proof of the truth of this judgment.

Mr. Van Alen never voted until last year! Though born in this country and now almost 50 years of age, the aspirant for the honor of representing this country abroad never cast a ballot until he "entered politics" last year with the view of getting a foreign mission!

What sort of citizenship is this? What sort of patriotism? What sort of Democracy?

The suffrage is the dearest right of citizens of a republic. It makes every man a sovereign. It is the bed-rock of democratic institutions. The ballot "executes the freeman's will." It is the sign and security of his equality before the law. It differentiates him from the serf or the subject.

The American citizen born on our soil, heir of our dearly bought liberties, sharer in the privileges and protection of our great republic, who has never voted until 47 years of age, and then only when he had an office in view wherewith to decorate himself at a royal court, is not a genuine American or a Democrat.

This discovery of Mr. Van Alen's "entrance to politics" adds a touch of grotesque and satirical humor to the scandal of his nomination as Ambassador for value received. It would be funny if it were not humiliating.

Is this the sort of nomination for President Cleveland to persist in? Is it a nomination for a Democratic Senate to confirm?

The People and the Bosses.

From the Boston Transcript.

No political boss creates himself; he is the creation of the voters, and of that largest class of all who are competent to decide with regard to the merits or demerits of every candidate. The political boss is the natural and the inevitable growth of the indifference of the intelligent, respectable voter to his duty as a citizen and of his exaggerated idea of his duty to stand by his party and the regular ticket. There will be no change until the voters change, for it is certain bosses will not. So long as voters do as they bid them there will be bosses and all the evils of the boss system. The nomination of such a man for judge as Maynard should have been impossible in any civilized, self-respecting community; and so it would have been if the bosses had not had the assurance of experience that no matter how unfit a candidate they selected, the electorate would probably confirm their selection. As it is, the Maynard sort of candidate will be on the regular or bosses' ticket until such time as the people refuse to vote for the Maynard sort, and show more regard for the public welfare than for party success.

Important Secret Ruthlessly Disclosed.

From the Atchison Globe.

Poets rave about the beauty of women asleep, but do you know it takes a very handsome woman to look even good looking when asleep? A woman's eyes and hair constitute her beauty, and when asleep her eyes are shut and her hair screwed up in papers.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[All matter printed in this column must be written on one side of the paper.]

The Parity Question.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The writer would like to know a few things concerning the great money question.

1. Do all bimetallists want a parity established between the two metals?
2. Is it natural for a parity to remain between any two commodities the same for any length of time; that is to say, will all influences that would increase the market value of one metal of necessity increase the other also?
3. If nature will not maintain a parity can legislation do so?
4. If legislation attempts it and circumstances should raise or lower the value of one or the other metal, would this not destroy the parity by forcing one to a premium or subjecting the other to a discount?
5. Would not that create a double standard in spite of single standard legislation?
6. Would it not be as well for silver men to have two independent standards, one for gold—the other for silver, all contracts specifying particularly whether a gold dollar or a silver dollar was meant?
7. Cannot a free silver bill answer all purposes and suit all classes that proposes to coin all silver presented into dollars, halves and quarters, same to have a Government stamp denominating the exact amount of fine silver contained therein—and this coin to circulate at its own value plus cost of minting, independent of the value of gold money?
8. Has this plan been discussed, and if so, what objections, if any, have been raised by the supporters of the parity plan?
9. And lastly, Mr. Editor, please give us readers of your valuable paper a clear idea of what the great question is, from all standpoints, independent of preferences. We desire enlightenment. Yours truly,

IGNORAMUS.

[The simple answer is that legal tender dollars are required in settlement of all contracts and in all business transactions, and any dollar not a legal tender must at times be utterly useless as money whether it is gold or silver.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

To Prevent Electric Car Collisions.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Another collision has been reported at Sixth and Washington avenue between the Northern Central and Washington avenue line, which fortunately caused no loss of life, but frightened the passengers, broke the windows and knocked a hole in the car.

I have been thinking of a very simple device, which could easily be adopted at all street crossings with not one-fourth of the expense which it has cost the companies to pay for damage suits for loss of human lives and serious bodily injuries to passengers.

Connect with the main overhead-trolley wire, say one or two hundred feet from the crossings, a separte wire, run it past the street crossings, have a red electric light hung from it over center of said crossings, and as the car advances the trolley to strike a crank or spring which will immediately ignite the electric red light of the crossing. Then as the trolley passes over the crossing it will strike a like crank or spring connected with the electric wire of the first crank or spring, which will extinguish the light by the same process that caused it to be lighted. This is very simple and will cost but little to all the electric lines in our city, as it will be a safe and sure guide to motormen coming in opposite directions. In using this arrangement all collisions would hereafter be avoided.

If the street railway companies will adopt this plan, for their benefit as well as for the benefit of the people who travel over their line, it would save them hundreds of thousands of dollars. Then, perhaps, after its adoption they would be able financially, as a recompense, to give transfer tickets to the school children on the cross roads, or even extend the transfers to all of their patrons who have cause to use the many cross roads, and give to my friends, O. R. Taylor and Smith P. Galt, less damage suits to look after in our Circuit courts. HENRY FAIRBACK.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

T. H.—Your coin is not at a premium.

PULLMAN.—Various rates of pay prevail.

CON.—A royal flush is the strongest poker hand.

READER.—A dime of 1835 is not at a premium.

E. H. M.—Jackson Park, Chicago, covers 600 acres.

SUBSCRIBER.—No such publication appears in this city.

SOUTH ST. LOUIS.—Pius IX. was never a Freemason.

G. H. G.—You can obtain the book you desire at a bookstore.

J. M. F., Troy, Ill.—A bookseller will order the volume you desire.

L. M. L.—You can obtain a price-list of coins at the bookstores.

SUBSCRIBER.—Mathematical problems are not solved in this column.

A READER.—We cannot promise to print any article we have not seen.

READER.—B is wrong. You cannot in casino build on a build from the board.

READER.—The address of a coin buyer can be obtained by calling at this office.

H. C. K.—In this city real estate is supposed to be assessed at its full value.

LANDLORD.—If the tennancy is from month to month a month's notice is required.

SUBSCRIBER.—There are a number of institutions in the State where insanity is treated.

L. B.—Your opponent can build on your build in cassino before taking up his own build.

S. D.—Where only one person owns the establishment the singular should be used in business correspondence.

L. F. G.—Your bill is that of an old private bank, and is valueless, unless some one would buy it as a curiosity.

A. Z.—Mrs. Cleveland attended the Veiled Prophet's ball on the occasion of President's Cleveland's visit to this city.

P. C.—Sometimes the annual output of the Anheuser-Busch Brewery is the largest and sometimes the Pabst brewery leads.

B. B.—Your coin is imperfect and therefore not worth the market price. What you would obtain for it would depend upon the dealer.

S. P.—1. New York receives more freight by rail than any city in the country. 2. Opinions differ as to which is the best line of railroad in the country.

O. A.—Under the Reed rules Representatives who were present but not voting were counted to make a quorum. This rule never was adopted in the Senate.

GEORGE.—You will probably find your friend's address in a Jersey City directory, which can be seen at the office of D. B. Gould.

A. M. Z.—1. Such a price list as you desire can be purchased at a book store. 2. The old newspaper in your possession is of value only as a curiosity and has no market price.

E. KNOBLOCH.—The story of Lady Godiva of Coventry, England, is the one you refer to. It is the subject of one of Tennyson's poems. See Coventry in the Encyclopedia Britannica.

A. B. C.—The Krupp gun at Chicago is of the caliber of 16 inches. The projectiles vary in length according to the purpose for which they are used. The gun has not been presented to Chicago.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—1. Cards should be sent to each member of the family. 2. You must exercise your own judgment in regard to your wedding dress. 3. Such a proceeding as you suggest would be perfectly proper.

C. L. G.—1. Questions in reference to private persons are not answered in this column. 2. There is no negro either in the United States Senate or the Missouri Legislature. 3. Inquire of the managers of the enterprise named.

VIGILANT.—If the desertion has been for a year, in this State, and the whereabouts of the wife is not known, divorce proceedings can be instituted without service upon her. If a divorce is granted, either party can marry again.

PATRON.—1. St. Louis contains sixty-four square miles of land. 2. The bank clearings of Chicago last week were $92,845,746; of St. Louis, $20,848,746. This may afford a standard of comparison. 3. The World's Fair grounds cover 665 acres.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.

Incomparably superior to all worthless imitations.

THE WHAT-NOT CORNER.

Pocket for Photographs.

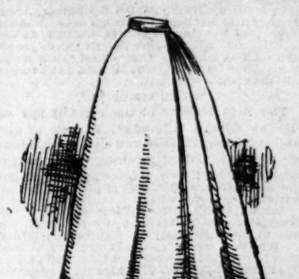
The pocket is made on a foundation of cardboard cut 24 inches wide and 12 inches deep at the ends, shaped as shown in the illustration, to 14 inches in the center. The cardboard is covered with olive brocade on the right side, and with sateen on the wrong. The brocade



is crossed with gold galloon to form a kind of lattice pattern. The galloon is sewn only where it crosses. The corners of the photos are put in under the galloon. The edge of pocket is finished with silk and tinsel fringe. Two loops of galloon are sewn to the top, by which to suspend the pocket from brass hooks or nails in the wall.

The Improved Bell Skirt.

It is hard to find anything more satisfactory in the way of skirts than the one here pictured. It is called the improved bell, and fits the waist in front



with either darts or a few gathers. At the back it is closely gathered. Sometimes it is cut with a seam in front and sometimes in one piece, with only the one cross seam at the back. The prettiest way of trimming this skirt is with narrow folds of black satin or rows of ribbon velvet put on a few inches apart.

A French Huntress.

Nothing like this is to be seen here. It is a French hunting costume for a woman. The Gallic Diana wears zouave fashioned trousers of cheviot cloth, the top of which is mounted in gathers and joined to a round waistband, the legs, very wide, being joined by gathers to bands with buckles, which are fastened under the knees and allow the wide puff of the trousers to fall on gaiters of the same cloths. Jacket of the



same material, with tight back, and a crossed tailor-made basque. The fronts, having a simulated waistcoat, are trimmed with wide facings, turn-down collar and straight cuffs. The waistcoat, buttoned from collar down to waistband, forms a part of the bodice. The long basque is turned back to form facings in front. Sleeve close-fitting below and adorned with pointed facings. Hunting belt. Poked cap of cheviot cloth. Ladies' carbine in sling.

New Bicycle Costume.

Many designs for bicycle costumes have been recently brought forward. This one is new. It has a short skirt of dark-gray serge, accordion-plaited, buttoned in front on a joined hem of a lighter-colored material. Blouse bodice lightly gathered above and puffy at



waist, the front buttoned on a bem forming a continuation of that of the skirt. Straight collar. Leg o'-mutton sleeve, close-fitting on the forearm and half-puffy above; a flounce is adapted as a small round bertha on the bodice. Trousers of a similar material should be worn under the skirt.

The Shaped Flounce Skirt.

The shaped flounce skirt is a new model. As its name implies, this skirt has a shaped flounce for the lower portion. There is no



foundation under it, but it is stiffened with canvas or crinoline to keep it from the feet, and then faced. The top portion, which fits on the hips, has a front piece and a gore on each side, and the flounce is cut in the same way, the seams corresponding.

Bodice for Afternoon Dress.

The bodice is of purple satin, with yoke and full puffs to the elbow of mauve striped surah; drapery of mauve



surah, finely embroidered and scalloped at the edge; the tight sleeves are of satin.

HIS REVENGE.

THE STORY OF A THOUGHTLESS MAN AND A FAITHLESS WOMAN.

At the hour when fortune seemed most propitious there came to the little village one summer eve a visitor from the great town, a violet-eyed damsel, with cheeks as pink as wild roses and clustering golden locks—a little entrancing vision all sufficient to turn the head of every swain in her vicinage. James Hardy, dark, handsome and graceful, fell at once a victim to her coquettish wiles. And then, ah, sad the day and hour! John, too, was thrown in her way, being likewise enamored of her fascinations.

Susan Joyce, finding herself supplanted, made no murmur of her pain, silently bearing as well as the torturing jibes of her relentless sister, who had never had a lover and lost no chance to deride the weakness of those that yielded to the folly of trusting perfidious man. Between the brothers there never had been anything like real affection, though to all intents and purposes agreeing upon questions concerning their mutual welfare. The siren at first smiled equally upon them, driving both to the verge of madness with doubt and despair.

James announced one morning to John, as they loosened the oxen from the sled at the meadow bars, that he had won the promise of the blond beauty to be his wife.

John turned pale with rage and jealousy and said nothing, but he went without delay to question her about the truth of the story. Learning the fact from her own lips he denounced her trifling as despicable, like many another man forgetting his own infamous betrayal of innocent love, and concluding:

"I doubt not you will have all the happiness you deserve. My revenge can wait, but remember that it will come when it is least expected and hardest to bear."

Then he bade his mother farewell, assuring her he would return a rich man. A settlement between the brothers had resulted in the knowledge that John would become entire owner of the property at his mother's death, but James was allowed the use of the place rent free, with the solemn promise exacted that the mother should be well cared for until the former's return. Then John Hardy set his face toward the New Eldorado of the West and was heard of no more until Mark Madison, in passing through the neighborhood a year after, told how "poor John Hardy had died at Black Cat Canyon and was buried under a great rock at the mouth of the mine."

And now as Susan Joyce, ten years later, came through the dewy meadow she saw smoke curling lazily upward from the chimney of James Hardy's kitchen, where she doubted not a goodly supper was in course of preparation. For Josephine was a notable housekeeper, though the neighborhood called her proud and extravagant besides.

When the great railway was surveyed through the little farm its situation proved a key to adjacent land, and so was bought at a fancy price, exclusive of the little cottage, and James Hardy was thereby enabled to build a handsome house for his stylish wife and furnish it to her satisfaction.

But the aged and feeble mother was left in the old home, now almost a wreck, for the haughty Josephine had no desire to include the queer old woman who had already proved such a burden on her hands in the new plans, and James, seeing only through his wife's eyes, agreed in the conclusion that the place where she had lived so long would be the happiest spot for her declining years.

Left to the half careless attention of a servant of the house, her condition, incident to bodily infirmity and weakened mind, would have been pitiable in the extreme but for the unswerving devotion of Susan Joyce and a few kind neighbors who had known her in her happier days. Susan Joyce came through the garden gate that hung on one rusty hinge and stopped again when she heard that dolorous chant. It was not new to her, but always pathetic. The slight, swaying figure in the unsteady armchair, crooning mournfully to the baby on her breast—a rag baby that she always "sung to sleep" in the twilight and placed in her bed at night.

There seemed to be such real comfort in the care of the rag manikin that Susan Joyce had not the heart to undeceive her even if it had been possible to do so.

"John is asleep," she would say, smiling vacantly.

"Yes," always answered Susan, thinking of that lonely grave under the great rock in Black Cat canyon.

One balmy afternoon in June death, stalking abroad, found James Hardy in the full flush of manly vigor and straightway summoned him to the final bar of account.

"Heart trouble," they called it, but no matter for the cause or name of his undertaking, Josephine and the twin boys were suddenly left alone.

Fate seemed to have pooled with John Hardy to furnish the revenge he had wished and prophesied. He had not died at all in the canyon, as Mark Madison had said, that mendacious friend withholding the fact of the wanderer's prosperity.

"Mother," said John Hardy, now rich and portly, "I have come back to you," kissing her withered cheeks.

Perhaps her poor dazed brain might have been better able to understand the quality of her good fortune had he been more considerate in years past of her happiness. "I have never forgotten my promise to see you at some future day," he said to Josephine. "Try your luck at happiness in the rookery, where my cowardly brother and you consigned our old and feeble mother. I was a dastard, Susan, quite as cowardly as my brother, but I want you now. I have truly repented of my infamy. Come with mother and me, and we will try to pull along together in the pretty house that my brother generously provided for us."

Never quite did the knowledge come to the mind of the half imbecile mother that Josephine of flesh and blood, her best beloved, had come back to her, and yet the little old woman crooned less dolorously as she rocked in her easy chair in the pretty bow window playing with her rag baby on her breast.

Susan Joyce was a foolish woman perhaps to so easily condone John Hardy's sin, but she had always loved him and he was her husband.

SURE OF THEIR MAN

Denison Officials Think They Can Convict Dick Edwards.

HE IS CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF FOUR WOMEN.

A Night of Bloody Deeds That Texans Cannot Forget—Austin's Series of Women Killings Believed to Have Been Committed by the Same Man—A Gainesville Affair of Like Character.

DENISON, TEX., Oct. 14.—About a year ago notorious character named Dick Edwards alias Bill Leroy was arrested in Superior, Wis., on the charge of having committed the mysterious women murders in this city. The evidence then was circumstantial, but it is stated that new evidence has come to light which will be sure to convict him. His trial will come off the latter part of this month. The officials refuse to state the nature of the evidence but admit that it will be sufficient to hang him.

It has been thought that the Denison murders were committed by the same person who committed the series in Austin and attacked two girls in Gainesville. The first Denison murder was that of Mrs. Hattie G. Haynes, wife of Dr. W. F. Haynes. The murder occurred at 12:20 p. m. Tuesday, May 17, 1892, and the body was not found until an hour later. Mrs. Haynes, in company with her mother, Mrs. J. D. Garner, and a little niece, attended an entertainment at the Woodward Street Methodist Church Tuesday night, while Dr. Haynes, in company with a number of prominent citizens, was present at the Elks' initiatory exercises which took place at the Odd Fellows' Hall. When the church entertainment was closed, Mrs. Haynes' mother and niece took a rapid transit train for home, arriving there about 10:20. The Haynes and Garner residences are in the same park, and on reaching the gate Mrs. Haynes remarked as she saw a light in her residence that she was glad the doctor was home, and walking with her mother to her parents' home left for her residence, which is only about 60 feet to the south.

What followed can only be surmised, for that was the last seen of her alive. A few minutes after leaving her mother Mrs. Haynes was heard to scream by Mr. and Mrs. Garner and niece, as they were the only known persons about the premises, and rushing over to her residence, the rooms were found brilliantly lighted, but no one near. Suddenly pistol shots rang out upon the air in a southwest direction from the house. Fearful of the worst, Mr. Garner ran out of the house, but could detect no sound. He gave the alarm to a neighbor who resides in the Litzinger residence, a few hundred yards away. A search with lanterns was instituted in the woods and pasture south of the house. The alarm soon spread and the search was prosecuted by about half a dozen citizens, and in something like an hour and a half W. W. Bostwick discovered the body about 300 feet from the house at the foot of a very rugged hill. The body was found lying face up with a bullet hole square between the eyes. The face was powder blackened and burned, while the entire rear portion of the head was torn away by the bullet. Another bullet had made a ghastly wound in the breast and plowed its way through the body. Robbery was the intention. The family only consisted of man and wife. The act was boldly committed. A screen which protected a window had been cut and easy access gained. The burglar had lit the lamp and was surprised by the lady's appearance. The scream demonstrated her surprise and fears, and then the lady was knocked senseless, picked up, carried into the woods and killed. No other motive is assigned but robbery, as on her left-hand third finger she had worn a diamond ring, the finger being broken as the ring was torn off.

While searching parties were engaged in the hunt for the murderer of Mrs. Haynes about 12:30 two pistol shots in rapid succession were heard in front of the bagnio of Mme. Lester, and Maud Kreamer an inmate of the house, fell back in the chair in which she was sitting, mortally wounded with two bullet holes through the body just below the waist. Half a dozen people were sitting around in the parlor and on seeing the woman lose her upright position they rushed to her assistance, knowing full well from her action that she had been the target for some one's death aim. Instantly physicians were summoned, and the wounded woman was carried to her room, and on examination both wounds were pronounced fatal. The assassin stopped on the front porch of the house and through the screen door, Maud Kraemer could be seen sitting in the back parlor, and before his presence was known on the premises the deadly work had been done. Owing to the darkness a glimpse of him who did the shooting was denied the occupants of the room. Confusion about the house reigned, and before the physician had finished dressing the woman a man dashed into the rear of the house and exclaimed:

"Rose Stewart has been assassinated in her room at the house on the hill."

Sure enough, in another bagnio on Crawford street lay Rose Stewart, an inmate, upon a bed, bleeding from a wound that had been inflicted by a pistol bullet passing through her body. The shot that struck her had been fired through a window, which was shaded on the inside by a lace curtain, while the woman was standing before a dresser. The physician hurried to the woman's assistance and found that a 42-caliber bullet had passed through her right lung, then entirely through her body.

There confusion reigned, and before the now terrified inhabitants could realize the cause, another report came of the murder of Miss Floristine Hawley. In a little brick house at 207 West Morton street was lying another victim of the assassin's work, Miss Hawley, aged 20. Miss Hawley and her sister awoke and found a man in their room. He came over and sat down on the bed rail. Miss Hawley reached out and caught him by the wrist. By the dim light she saw a pistol in one hand and a knife (a knife, mark you) in the other. She screamed, and the man commanded her to be still on pain of death. She begged him not to kill them, and said that she would give him all her money if he would spare them.

"I'll kill you because you are so pretty," he answered. "You will make the fourth. Already three women have been killed in town to-night."

A noise in another room frightened the fellow and he started to run towards the door.

Both sisters, terribly frightened, sprang out of bed. The man turned and fired his pistol back into the room, but the bullet burried itself in the wall. The sisters by that time were almost in hysterics. Miss Florentine ran to her mother's room. The mother put her arms around her and tried to soothe her tears. At the instant the pistol again rang out, and through a wire screen across the window came a bullet. It struck Miss Hawley and plowed through her body. She fell forward dead.

The Austin series began on Christmas eve, 1884, with the murder of Mary Smith. In May, 1885, Lizzie Shelby was killed. In August Mrs. Rebecca Ramey and her daughter Mary. In September Mrs. Mary Vance and Orange Washington (a man living in the same house). In October Alice Davis. On Christmas eve, 1885, Mrs. Hancock and Mr. and Mrs. John Phillips. All were killed with a hatchet, the women were dragged from their beds to the yard and violated. All the murders were at the latter end of the month.

The next year in Gainesville Misses Gene Watkins and Mamie Bostwick were attacked as they lay sleeping together and horribly cut about the head. The assailant used a hatchet. Miss Bostwick survived. She had a faint recollection of the attack and thought she had seen the man who did the work in the yard instead of in her bed-room. It was thought probable that he dragged her into the yard and for some reason returned her to her bed, where she was found.

Six Dollars

Will be the rate to Chicago and return via the Chicago & Alton Railroad, from Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive. Tickets good to return until Nov. 15.

Ticket offices, 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

CALLED A CONVENTION.

Republicans Decide to Nominate School Directors—Mercantile Club Ticket.

At the meeting of the Republican City Central Committee held last night at Martin's, Sixth and Market streets, a call was issued for a convention at Central Turner Hall, Oct. 19, to nominate four directors-at-large of the School Board. Mass meetings are to be held in all wards and delegates elected the day preceding the convention. In the eight districts in which vacancies occur district delegates will meet prior to the convention and make nominations. The resolution calling the convention states that the issue was forced on the party by the action of the Democrats in deciding to place a ticket in the field.

On the basis of representation the respective wards are entitled to the following number of delegates:

First Ward, 4; Second, 4; Third, 4; Fourth, 4; Fifth, 4; Sixth, 5; Seventh, 5; Eighth, 4; Ninth, 6; Tenth, 5; Eleventh, 4; Twelfth, 6; Thirteenth, 4; Fourteenth, 4; Fifteenth, 4; Sixteenth, 4; Seventeenth, 4; Eighteenth, 5; Nineteenth, 4; Twentieth, 3; Twenty-first, 4; Twenty-second, 3; Twenty-third, 4; Twenty-fourth, 3; Twenty-fifth, 3; Twenty-sixth, 3; Twenty-seventh, 2; Twenty-eighth, 2.

The committeemen then announced the following places for holding mass-meetings on Oct. 18: First Ward, Central Turner Hall; Fourth, Fifth and Biddle; Sixth, Broadway and Dock; Seventh, Union Capital Hall; Ninth, Concordia Hall; Eleventh, Cherokee Garden; Twelfth, Social Turner Hall; Fifteenth, Stolle's Hall; Sixteenth, Teutonia Hall; Seventeenth, Pride of the West Lodge Hall; Eighteenth, North St. Louis Turner Hall; Nineteenth, 1710 Market street; Twenty-second, Spoen's Hall, 2800 Franklin avenue; Twenty-fourth; Hoffman Hall, Ellis and St. Louis; Twenty-seventh, 2261 South King's highway, and Twenty-eighth, Taylor and Delmar avenues.

The committee decided not to interfere in the Fourth District squabble over Henry Bus' nomination and adjourned, to meet on the day of the convention, shortly before the hour set for it.

Six or seven of the members of the members of the Mercantile Club Non Partisan School Board Campaign Committee met yesterday afternoon. They decided not to abandon the campaign, and the committee added to its list of candidates the name of Charles W. Hequembourg to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Gist Blair.

$6 Round Trip—Only Line Direct to Grounds.

VANDALIA AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL TRAIN SERVICE.

	Chicago Special.	Diamond Special.
Leave St. Louis	8:40 a. m.	9:10 p. m.
Ar. World's Fair Gates	4:30 p. m.	7:50 a. m.
Ar. Chicago Station	4:55 p. m.	8:10 a. m.

Solid trains, parlor sleeping and free chair cars.

Return fast day train leaves Chicago 10:15 a. m., World's Fair, 10:30 a. m. Arrive, St. Louis, 6:30 p. m.

Ticket offices, 221 Broadway and Union Depot.

Gave a Friend's Name.

An item which appeared in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH stated that Dan Cahan of 3858 St. Ferdinand avenue and a friend named Tom Smith had fallen asleep in the Livingstone saloon, Ninth street and Franklin avenue and that while they were slumbering some wag had poured a quantity of mustard seed down their backs. Their bodies were terribly blistered and necessitated the dressing of their injuries at the Dispensary.

Mr. Cahan denies that he was one of the sufferers in question and states that a friend of his named Will Hayes took the liberty of giving his name to the physicians at the Dispensary. Mr. Cahan was not in the above saloon at the time, nor was he the butt of the foolish joke.

Via Englewood to the World's Fair.

The fast Banner trains of the Wabash Line take passengers in Englewood to the World's Fair and all hotels in the vicinity of the World's Fair in advance of all other lines.

Leave St. Louis	9:00 a. m.	8:30 p. m.
Arrive Englewood	4:45 p. m.	7:01 a. m.
Arr. Dearborn Station	5:10 p. m.	7:30 a. m.

Baggage transferred promptly and at low rates from Englewood Station. Wagner Buffet and Compartment Sleepers on night trains. Cafe, Library and Parlor Cars on day trains. Free Reclining Chair Cars on all trains.

Secure your sleeping or parlor car tickets early at Wabash City Ticket Office, southeast corner Broadway and Olive street.

B'nai Brith Anniversary Celebration.

The fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Order of B'nai Brith was celebrated by the Jewish residents of the city at the Harmonie Club last evening. Maj. A. Proskauer made the introductory address. Rev. Dr. H. J. [illegible]essing spoke in German, Rev. Dr. Sale discussed the "Relations of the Lodge to the Synagogue," Rev. Dr. Spitz read an original poem in German and Rev. Dr. Harrison delivered a eulogy on the motto of the order. Miss Adelaide Kalkman and Mr. W. M. Porteus rendered vocal duets and solos, Mr. W. H. Heberlein played a cello solo and Miss Lulu Kunkel gave variations on the violin.

The Wabash Reduces the Rate to Chicago

To $3.50 for one-way tickets and $6 for round-trip tickets, good on any of the three superb trains of the Wabash Railroad leaving St. Louis at 7:30 a. m., 9 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Tickets on sale Oct. 15 to Oct. 31, inclusive, good to return until Nov. 15, 1893. Ticket offices, southeast corner Broadway and Olive street and Union Depot.

Railway Men's Meeting.

Two meetings of the members, friends and sympathizers of the American Railway Union will be held at the Union Park Hall on Sunday. The object of the meeting is the organization of a second branch of the union in this city, one cranch, Union No. 7, being already in existence. Eugene T. Debs of Terre Haute, Ind., and S. Keleher of Chicago will be present and will deliver addresses. Meetings will be held at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and at 8 o'clack in the evening.

Jupiter Coal

Is superior to any other soft coal. High grade, less ash, more heat, no clinkers; always gives satisfaction. Try it. Buy of

SYLVESTER COAL CO.,
Laclede Building.

Presidents Changed.

L. M. Chipley, President of the Crown Coal & Tow Co., has resigned his position and S. H. Leathe has been elected in his place. Mr. Chipley states that he resigned because of some differences that existed between himself, Mr. Leathe and other directors, but what those differences were he would not state. He expects to obtain the position again. The company is one of the largest in the West, having a capital stock of $200,000. It has an extensive trade in Illinois and along the river.

PITTSBURG CRUSHED COKE

For stove, grate or furnace. Saves 30 per cent. Devoy & Feuerborn Coal and Coke Co., 704 Pine street.

Col. Ingersoll Sunday Night.

The indications are that R. G. Ingersoll will be confronted at the Olympic Theater Sunday night with the largest audience that has ever welcomed him in St. Louis. It will be the first time he has delivered his lecture on "Myth and Miracle" here, and the advance sale of seats is at the present time the largest ever known for any lecturer in this city. The great orator and word-painter is making an extended tour of the West.

Discontinuing Sunday Excursion Train.

After Sunday, Oct. 8, the excursion train on the Burlington route between St. Louis and Quincy will be discontinued. Train No. 17, leaving St. Louis at 7:40 a. m., and No. 18, leaving Hannibal at [illegible] p. m., will run daily between these points.

RAILROAD NIGHT.

Special Features of the Exposition This Evening.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CHILDREN TO SING NEXT MONDAY.

A Vocal Instructor Who Claims That the Americans, as a Class, Have the Finest Voices in the World—An Amusing Incident on the Stairway—News of the Exposition.

A large attendance is expected at Exposition to-night, as to-day is devoted to railroad men. It is a well-known fact that these men always turn out in full force wherever there is any entertainment in which they are particularly interested, and a number of Chicagoans connected with the railroad business have come to the city for the purpose of being present at the Exposition to-night. Director Sousa has arranged his programme with a special reference to the railroad men, and a large gathering this evening is assured.

* * *

One of the most attractive performances that has been given at the Exposition will take place on Monday night, when the grand Sunday-school celebration will occur. For the past two weeks the children have been practiced in singing, and a chorus of 850 voices will be heard on Monday night at 8 o'clock. A teacher of music who has aided in conducting the rehearsals, remarked: "What I have heard convinces me of the accuracy of an opinion formed years ago, and that is that Americans, taken altogether, have the best voices in the world. This will surprise many, for this is not regarded as a musical nation. It is not, but the reason is to be found in inadequate training and not from any lack of musical, at least of vocal, ability. Take such a crowd of children as I have heard, and I will venture to say that the same number of children in any city of Europe, not specially selected, cannot sing as well, and certainly they have not as strong, clear voices. In Paris and in Milan it is admitted that among the American students of music more excellent voices in proportion to their numbers can be found than among any other nationality. The success of American operatic singers has been phenomenal, especially among the rising artists. If anything like the attention was paid to vocal music in this country that is devoted to it abroad, the American singers would be the first in the world."

* * *

An amusing scene occurred on the steps leading to the Art Gallery last night. A grave and reverend senior was descending the stairway with as much speed as his ponderous size would admit. Just in front of him was a young man of decidedly dudish appearance. His hair was parted in the middle, shone with grease, and was most carefully brushed. He had a resplendent tile in his hand, evidently preferring to carry it in this manner than to wear it, in order to exhibit his hair. He wore a large chrysanthemum in his button-hole, and in the matter of raiment Solomon in all his glory was not to be compared to him. Some one walking behind the old gentleman dropped a cane, which slid between his legs. The old gentleman tripped, staggered a moment, waved his arms wildly in the air, and then fell headlong upon the slender dude. He was prostrated by the shock, and in company the two tobogganed to the foot of the stairs. Neither was hurt, but the young man's gorgeous attire was a sight to behold. The tile was a ruin and a wreck, his coat was torn, and to his hair several scraps of paper were attached, firmly entangled in the pomade. He gathered himself up, ruefully surveyed himself, and then quickly sought a cab, which conveyed him to his home.

* * *

Visitors to an Exposition are always attracted by anything in the way of motion in an exhibit and the displays of the manly art in its various phases in the northeast corner of the gallery cause a blockade in the aisle every evening. The young men who go through the motions of fistic encounters, sword duels and bag punching know no such word as rest, keeping up the performance without the slightest respite, a referee calling time when most convenient and changing the mode of contest sufficiently often to avoid monotony. It would be flattery to say that the performers are experts in any particular line, but their work affords unlimited delight to the crowd and quite as much to the ladies as to the young men who inform them that it is "dead easy" and that they can do it themselves any time. Last night a young gentleman who was escorting his best girl through the Ex asked permission to be allowed to punch the bag. It was readily granted and the professionals, who had similar incidents several times during the season, crowded around to see what would happen. The young man hit the bag hard enough to burst it and, before he knew what was going to happen, it had bounded back and struck him squarely in the face. The crowd was delighted, but the young man's handkerchief was quickly tinged with blood while he endeavored to comfort his badly demoralized nose. At least a dozen amateurs have discovered during the season that bag punching requires a good deal more dexterity than appears at first sight.

* * *

The following programme has been arranged for this evening:

CONCERT—7 TO 8.

Overture—"Raymond" .... Thomas
"Largo" .... Handel
Whistling solo—"Sing, Sweet Bird" .... Ganz
Mrs. Lettie E. Crowl.
Scenes Historical—"Sheridan's Ride" .... Sousa
Cornet Solo—"Felice," waltz .... Liberati
Miss Alice Raymond.
March—"The Great Republic" .... Thiele

CONCERT—9 TO 10.

Overture—"Zampa" .... Herold
Gems from "Cavalleria Rusticana" .... Mascagni
"A Trip on the Limited Express" .... Downing
Baritone solo—"Roi de Lahore" .... Massenet
Sig. Antonio Galassi.
"Salute of the Nations to the St. Louis Exposition" .... Sousa
The unrivaled band, grand chorus, drum and fife corps, bagpipers, mandolin club, British Grenadiers, detachment of the Missouri National Guard, and grand tableau of "Columbia Triumphant."

Six Dollars

Will be the rate to Chicago and return via the Chicago & Alton Railroad, from Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive. Tickets good to return until Nov. 15.

Ticket offices, 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

Illumination Fixtures for Sale.

The St. Louis Fall Festivities Association has advertised all the street illumination fixtures for sale. There are about four and a half miles of gaspipe and fixtures, which cost about $125,000, and electric designs which cost about $15,000 more.

This means that the street illuminations will be abandoned after this year. They date back as far as 1877, when branches or trees of globes were affixed to the lamp-posts on Olive, Broadway and Fourth streets. Arches were subsequently introduced and additions made gradually until the present magnificent display was the result. It is thought by many that the carnival days of St. Louis are virtually at an end, but this remains to be seen.

Heffernan, the Picture Framer,

Has removed from 1010 Olive street to 409 Locust, half a block from Broadway.

Struck by a Train.

John Lane, 49 years old, living at 1209 North Twenty-first street, and a laborer, while on his way to work this morning, met with a serious accident at Main and Biddle streets. As he reached the railroad tracks at this point a train was going south very slowly, and as it passed him he started to cross the street, when he was struck by a train coming in the opposite direction, knocked down and dragged about 100 feet. He sustained a compound fracture of the right leg above the ankle, and was otherwise badly cut and bruised. Dr. Fitzgerald attended to him at the Dispensary and he was sent to the Hospital.

LANGUOR, loss of appetite and strength Cured by Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 10 cts.

WON'T DEBATE.

Gov. Lewelling of Kansas Rejects a Republican Challenge.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 13.—Gov. Lewelling has refused to accept the challenge of George L. Douglass and E. W. Hock, Speaker and speaker pro. tem. of the late House of Representatives, to an open debate on the legislative war of last winter. He has referred the gentlemen to Speaker Dunsmore of the Populist House. Hoch offered to give $25 to the Populist Campaign fund if the Governor would agree to the debate.

Mrs. Mary E. Lease traveled thirty-six miles overland to speak at Goodland, Sherman County, yesterday, and roused the Republicans when she compared John Sherman with Benedict Arnold and expressed the hope that Sherman would find interment soon in English soil. She is also opposing Susan B. Anthony, Laura Johns and Anna Diggs, her sister advocates of equal suffrage. This dissension in the ranks grows out of Mrs. Lease's policy to prevent the woman suffrage question becoming a party measure. She thinks her rivals are with the Republican party. Yesterday she sent her check for $50 to Miss Eva Harding, President of the Non-partisan Equal Suffrage Association for the coming campaign of this city.

LIBERTY MISSION.

Rev. F. T. Coleman Issues His Annual Report of Relief Afforded.

Rev. E. T. Coleman, the missionary in charge of Liberty Mission, 708 North Fourteenth street, has just issued his annual report: During the past year 8,536 needy persons received food and shelter in the mission, and during the seven years 30,309 persons received food, 28,479 persons were sheltered in the dormitory, 4,618 new and second-hand garments were given to the worthy poor, and 760 men, women and boys found employment through the instrumentality of the Mission.

The object of the Mission is to rescue the perishing and afford temporary relief to worthy and indigent persons of all creeds (or no creed) and nationalities. It has a free reading-room, nicely furnished with good reading matter, as well as all the St. Louis daily papers. A dormitory where aged and homeless men find a few nights' shelter from the cold winter's blast; a kitchen and dining-room where hungry men, women and children receive a warm meal of good vegetable soup, meat, bread and crackers every day in the week during the winter months. Subscribers to the mission are furnished free of charge, with meal and dormitory tickets, which they give to persons soliciting alms. A free employment bureau for the accommodation of employers and employes is added to the good work.

WOLVES IN ILLINOIS.

Nutters Drive Them From Timberland to the Open.

VIRGINIA, Ill., Oct. 14.—The wolves from the dense timberlands along the Illinois and Sangamon Rivers, in the northern part of this, Cass County, are doing considerable damage to farmers in that locality in the way of killing sheep and other small stock. John Duchardt, Dick Henderson and other prominent farmers in that section, report losses of live stock and also being considerably annoyed by the wolves. The timberland above referred to is what is known as "Hickory Nut Flat," and the woods are fairly alive day and night with nutting parties, and it is thought the wolves have taken fright and have left their favorite haunts and have taken temporary shelter in the large tracts of slough grass near by and at night swoop down upon the farming community. The farmers are organizing a large wolf-hunting party, and will make a united effort to capture all or a few of these mischievous animals.

REDUCED RATES

Via the Missouri Pacific Railway From St. Louis to Points West.

GOT HER CHILD.

A Divorced Woman Secures Possession of Her Daughter After Long Separation.

NEVADA, MO., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Mollie Longwell of Logansport, Ind., called at the Central Public School building here yesterday and asked to see 11-year-old Addie Casaday. The request was granted. Last night Addie failed to come home. This morning her father, Isaac Casaday, stated that the strange woman was the child's mother, from whom he was divorced in Indiana about three years ago. The woman and child left here on the Missouri Pacific last night, presumably for Logansport.

ROUND trip Denver ticket will be presented to first person giving dates on which Burlington Route ad. is omitted during 1893.

AN AUSTRALIAN OVERDUE.

The Steamer Miowera With Eighty Passengers Fails to Arrive.

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, Oct. 14.—The Australian steamer Miowera is several days overdue. The Canadian Pacific officials are alarmed at the non-arrival. The vessel has eighty passengers aboard and a heavy cargo.

Refused One-Half Million.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Owners of No-To-Bac, a guarantee cure for the tobacco habit in every form, have met with such a wonderful success that a syndicate offer of one-half million has been refused. Sales are enormous, and there is hardly a drug store but what sells No-To-Bac.

Lieut. Clarke's Funeral.

The funeral of Lieut. Powhatan H. Clarke, which was to have taken place this morning, has been postponed till Monday to allow relatives of the deceased to reach here. The body arrived in this city last Thursday evening and was met at the depot by a detachment of soldiers from Jefferson Barracks, who escorted the remains to Lynch's undertaking rooms, where they will rest till the time of the funeral, which will take place from St. Xavier's Church at 10 o'clock Monday morning. The funeral will be private. The body will be buried in Calvary Cemetery in the Clemens lot, into which family he married. It will be remembered that Lieut. Clarke was drowned last July while bathing near Fort Custer.

Raboteau Sells All

The medicines advertised in this paper at 20 per cent discount. 714 North Broadway.

Fought About a Man.

Last night Belle Smith and Frankie Turner, inmates of a disreputable house at 615 Spruce street, got into a dispute over Scott Jackson's company. Belle used a knife and Frankie a soda bottle, and they fought for fifteen minutes before the police came on the scene. Frankie Turner's dress was cut into shreds, but she was not injured otherwise. This morning they told their stories in the First District Police Court, and Belle seemed to be the aggresser from the evidence. She was fined $5 and costs and the Turner woman was discharged.

TO AVOID "dyspepsy" and keep the complexion looking healthy and clean, always eat Homoline; at all grocers. National Cereal Co.

Carondelet Jottings.

James Pettis, the negro who caused a disturbance at Walsh's saloon on Broadway and assaulted the bartender, Murphy, was fined $10 and costs by default in the Carondelet Police Court this morning.

The negro Johnston who robbed a soldier at a dance at Lafayette Hall a few nights ago, was arrested and given a year in the Work-house. The watch was recovered and is now at the First District Police Station awaiting the owner.

Mrs. Minnie Lemie, German, aged 42 years, residing at 8223 O'Reilly avenue, died at at 8:30 o'clock last night without medical attendance.

The members of the Carondelet Gun Club will hold their closing shoot to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock in the park south of Carondelet.

Judge James Meegan has returned from a ten days visit to the World's Fair and will again preside in the Carondelet Police Court on Monday.

JOY for the suffering, health for the sick, Red Cross Cough Drops. Druggists.

BLESSED INVENTOR OF SLEEP.

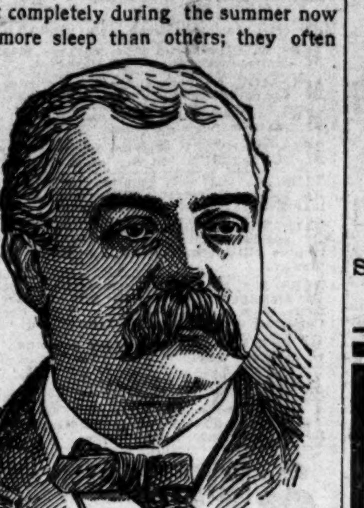
The Human Machine Will Not Repair Itself Without Assistance.

"Now blessings light on him that first invented sleep."

"The habit of too late to bed and too early to rise is one of the causes of nervous weakness," says Dr. Seldon H. Talcott of the State Hospital, New York.

Overwork and want of recreation is another.

Men and women who have been unable to rest completely during the summer now need more sleep than others; they often



WILLIAM RANDALL.

get less. And the result is seen in nervous exhaustion, kidney troubles and dyspepsia—for which Paine's celery compound is a never-failing cure. Says William Randall of Mansfield, Mass:

"I have been subject to rheumatism in the feet for the last six or seven years and during that time I have tried scores of medicines, but could not get much relief. I at last gave Paine's celery compound a trial and after using two bottles I certainly felt better. Now that I have taken nine bottles of the Compound in all, I must say that I feel quite well and free from the dreadful disease. To any of my friends who are suffering I take great pleasure in recommending Paine's celery compound, believing, as I do, that it is a great blood purifier."

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO BLACK HILLS AND CALIFORNIA, Dining Cars.

MORE VOTES THAN INHABITANTS.

A Gamblers' Election in a New Oklahoma Town Yesterday.

ENID, O. T., Oct. 14.—A provisional election was held here yesterday which was utterly devoid of order or honesty. A crowd of gamblers want to take possession of the town, and they imported gangs of repeaters from the Government town three miles south of here, and, notwithstanding the protests of reputable citizens, they polled a vote fully twice as large as the actual population in the town. The election was called by a proclamation and, not being a matter of public record, is pronounced illegal. The Sheriff arrested the proprietors of a recently established gambling-house, and they are under bond to appear on the 17th. The laws of the Territory are very strict against gambling.

Day Rubber Co.

Are offering a large and choice line of mackintoshes for ladies and gents at very low prices. 415 North Fourth street.

The Aztec Club Banquet.

The annual banquet of the Aztec Club was held at the Noonday Club last night. This club is composed of officers who served in the Mexican war and their eldest male descendants. The toast, "The President of the United States," was responded to by Gen. Innis N. Palmer. Col. P. T. Turnley responded to the toast, "Our Army in Mexico." Charles W. Knapp spoke on "Our New Members," and Gen. D. M. Frost made a fine address on "The Memory of Gen. Winfield Scott." He was followed by Gen. S. B. Buckner, who related a number of his personal experiences.

The following officers were elected yesterday: President, Gen. Fitz John Porter; Vice-President, Gen. C. C. Augur; Secretary, Gen. I. N. Palmer, and Treasurer, Col. De Lancy Floyd-Jones.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, wants as well as display, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

St. Michael's Church Festival.

The thirty-fifth annual fair and festival of St. Michael's Parish will be held next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at the school hall, Eleventh and Benton streets. There will be all kinds of amusements to entertain visitors, and there will be a number of handsome prizes for the lucky ticket holders. There will be a ball each evening.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Rose, etc. Of perfect purity—Of great strength—Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c (stamps) for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Phila., Pa.

BASS' ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT.

PURCHASERS, TAKE NOTICE.

We will sell all this week down to next Saturday night, unless closed out sooner, 2400 dozen of Bass' Ale and Guinness' Stout at $1.50 per Dozen for Guinness' Stout and $1.60 for Bass' Ale.

Quality and condition in every respect first-class and second to none offered to the public.

PETER NICHOLSON & SONS, Importers.
Telephone 492.

City Laundry

623 LOCUST STREET.

Ladies' Shirts, Negligé Shirts and Boys' Waists Beautifully done.

Fine Lace Curtains Carefully Handled, Cleaned and Finished Most Satisfactorily.

PRICES—Common Curtains .... 50c per pair
Fine Curtains .... $1.00 to $1.50 per pair

TRY RENOVINE

For cleaning Carpets, Oil Cloth, Straw, Paints, Woodwork, etc. It has no equal for cleaning fine woolen or silk fabrics. RENOVINE absolutely destroys all germs, bacteria and microbes in carpets and cloth fabrics. It contains no acids. It is a fluid in three size bottles—10c, 25c and 50c. Ask your grocer for it. Manufactured by

RENOVINE MANUFACTURING CO.

"BETTER WORK WISELY THAN WORK HARD." GREAT EFFORTS ARE UNNECESSARY IN HOUSE CLEANING IF YOU USE SAPOLIO

SEEDS — WHEAT, BARLEY, CORN, OATS, RYE, CLOVERS, GRASS SEEDS, MILLETS, HEMP, CASTOR BEANS, POP CORN, ONION SETS, STOCK PEAS. CHAS. E. PRUNTY, 1 S. MAIN ST., COR. MARKET. SAINT LOUIS.

THE ONLY M'NICHOL.

His Name Renowned.

Such a hustle—such a bustle—
Everybody on the go.
All the town is full of fire,
Full of business, no one slow.
Talk about your latest doing,
World's Fair and the rest of it;
There is not a sight I'll warrant
Good as our's—It made a hit.

Our McNichol has a clipper
As his goods are number one;
You may travel all around here
And not see this sight outdone.
First, best of all household fittings
Like a palace each and all,
Are the things you'll see together
From the attic to the hall.

Here the workingman is king, sir,
All he has to do is speak.
And he gets the very best goods,
Paying only by the week.
Everywhere else money talks, sir,
Yes, you pay right on the spot.
But with Mac you get long credit
And you'll find the happiest lot.

Home is what we hope for ever
Whether we are rich or poor;
All we need or want, we find
Here in our McNichol's store.
He will sell you all the best things,
Furniture and Carpets, Rugs,
Stoves and Curtains, Pictures, Bedding,
Dishes and the prettiest Jugs.

Yes, all on credit and long time, such as you will get nowhere else in town. You will buy of

(Trade Mark.) The Only McNichol,
1015, 1022, 1024 Market street.

P. S.—Other dealers may have goods, but none will give you such good articles for furnishing your house, rooms or flat as our Jolly McNichol. Always lowest in price and the easiest terms. It will pay to look into this. He has helped so many young people and old ones to. Just try him!

HYACINTHS

Need to be started now for Christmas blooms.

Tulips, Crocus, Jonquils,

And other Bulbs for Fall Planting.

Call or Address

Plant Seed Co.,

814 North Fourth Street.

RADIANT HOME Base Burner Stoves. RINGEN STOVE CO. 414 N. BROADWAY.

—TO—

Newspaper Publishers:

We offer for sale the

Hoe Perfecting Press

Now on exhibition at the Exposition, on which the

Exposition Echoes

Is printed daily. It has a capacity of

12,000 Eight-Page Papers or 24,000 Four-Page Papers per Hour.

It will be sold, to be delivered at the close of the Exposition. For terms or information inquire at the PRESS in the Exposition or at the office of the Post-Dispatch.

D. W. WOODS,
Business Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.

Evenings at 8.
JOHN DREW in
The Masked Ball!
Under the Management of CHARLES FROHMAN.

Sunday, October 15—
COL. ROBERT INGERSOLL
Will deliver his lecture,
"Myth and Miracle."
Seats now on sale.

EXTRA—Monday, October 16—
BRONSON HOWARD'S
"ARISTOCRACY!"
Seats on sale Oct. 12.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
TO-NIGHT.
MR. ROLAND REED,
Supported by His Own Company in His New Comedy,
INNOCENT AS A LAMB.
Next Week—Robin Hood Opera Company.

THE HAGAN—To-NIGHT.
CRAZY PATCH.
Last performance to-night.
Next Sunday—Peter F. Dailey in A Country Sport.
Telephone 771.

HAVLIN'S TO-NIGHT.
MILTON NOBLES
In His Greatest and Best Play,
THE PHŒNIX.
Next Sunday Matinee—Barney Ferguson in "McCarthy's Mishaps."

POPE'S—[illegible] TO-NIGHT.
The Struggle of Life.
Next Sunday—Dockstader's Minstrels.

STANDARD—7th and Walnut.
America's Best Specialty Show.
Fields & Hanson's Drawing Cards
Positively Better Than Ever Before.
To-morrow—Harry W. Williams' Own Co.

SIVALL'S WONDERLAND.
DOLLAR SHOW FOR ONE DIME. Family Theater. Sixth and Franklin av. OPEN DAILY 1 to 10 p. m. FARCE COMEDY CURIOS. Variety Shows Hourly.



TO-NIGHT.
Racing by Electric Light at
SOUTH SIDE PARK.
RAIN OR SHINE.
FIRST RACE AT 8:30 O'CLOCK.
LADIES ADMITTED FREE.

EAST ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB
FIVE RACES DAILY
(SUNDAY EXCEPTED).
Local Races Commence at 2:30 P. M.
Eastern Races Commence at 1 P. M.
Electric Cars on the Bridge.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

SPRINGFIELD, MO.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby [illegible] that the undersigned assignee of the [illegible] Commerce will sit for the purpose of adj[illegible] allowing claims against said Bank of Co[illegible] the 12th, 13th and 14th of October, 18[illegible] the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'cl[illegible] said days at the Exchange Bank [illegible] Springfield, Greene County, Mis[illegible] time and place all those having c[illegible] Bank of Commerce are requeste[illegible] the undersigned for adjustmen[illegible] All claims not presented w[illegible] stated will be forever barre[illegible] said estate. R. L. [illegible]

To Help Those Looking for Situations

The Post-Dispatch will insert an advertisement for a

SITUATION WANTED,

Not exceeding twenty words, for

5 Cts

Each insertion, when offered at the Counting-Room. This applies to both the

Daily and Sunday Editions.

The publishers of the POST-DISPATCH reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

LODGE NOTICES.

PARSONS'
$3.00 Cabinets
R. THE BEST ON EARTH.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Xpert Photography of Children. The Largest and Finest Photo Studio in America. Open Sunday.
1407 MARKET ST. 33

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY (English Evangelical Lutheran), McMillan av., west of Taylor. Rev. C. T. McDaniel, pastor. Divine service Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer and lecture service Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome.

LINDELL AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, Corner of Newstead—Preaching Sunday morning at 11 by Rev. Cyrus E. Felton, D. D., former pastor of this congregation, and in the evening by the pastor, Rev. Robert I. Fleming, on "Thy Kingdom Come." Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting at 8 p. m., Wednesday.

NON-SECTARIAN CHURCH, Lindell and Vandeventer avs.—Preaching every Sunday morning 11 o'clock by the pastor, R. C. Cave. Seats free. All are welcome.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, Locust and Beaumont—Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; morning [illegible] o'clock; evening service, 7:45, preaching [illegible] D. Robnett, D. D.; afternoon Sunday [illegible] p. m.; Society Christian Endeavor, [illegible] midweek service, Wednesday, 8 p. m.

[illegible] PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, n. w. cor. [illegible] st. and Lucas pl., Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, Oct. 15, at 11 a. m., conducted by the pastor. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meeting at 7 p. m. in the lecture-room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all services.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal avs.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 at m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening in the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper desires situation in any business, city or country; will do anything; small salary; good reference. Add. F 209, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation as salesman or stock clerk with machinery house; 10 years' experience with engines, pipe fittings and general supplies; best ref. Add. S 215, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Bartender wants situation; understands running saloon. Add. M 215, this office.

WANTED—Licensed engineer who understands care of dynamos and lamps desires situation. Add. X 212, this office. 38

WANTED—Situation by a good painter; can do sign painting; no objection to leaving city. Add. R 216, this office. 38

Cooks.

WANTED—A situation by a reliable colored man as cook; will work cheap; with best refs. Call at 1513 Washington av. 40

WANTED—Situation by camp cook and baker in or out of city; can give best of references. Address W 212, this office. 40

Boys.

WANTED—Sit. by a 17 year old boy as office or elevator boy. Address C 216, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Young man wants situation to tend bar. Address 2113 Pine st. 43

WANTED—Situation by an experienced bartender. Add. T 212, this office. 43

WANTED—By a colored man, furnaces and steps and job work. Owen Bradley, 2606 Wash. 43

WANTED—By sober, industrious young man of 21, a position. Call or address J. B., 818 N. 18th st. 43

WANTED—Situation to do any kind of honest work by respectable youth of 19. Add. F 215, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by young man as collector; can give reference and bond. Address 2534A North Market. 43

WANTED—Work of some kind in or outside of city; willing worker, handy with tools. Address Y 217, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 18 willing to work at anything; restaurant preferred. Address L 215, this office. 43

WANTED—Work of any kind; will give 5 per cent off my wages for one year to help me get the same. Add. Chas. A. Clark, 1124 Montgomery st. 43

WANTED—Will some one give ambitious, strictly sober, reliable man place to do janitor work; willing to do anything; wages to suit. Add. H 216, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL.

JONES COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Business, shorthand, English and telegraphy school, 309 N. Broadway. 53

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner of Broadway and Market st. Personal instruction given in all departments. Book-keeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A first-class plug tobacco salesman. Add. stating exp. and refs., E 216, this office.

WANTED—A traveling salesman to sell jewelry to the trade. Salary $2,400 per annum. Add. Manager, box 1,196, New York. 54

HAVE you tried "Harris" $4 shoes; judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st. 54

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., near Olive, 2d floor. 4

$12.50 UP—Suits to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., near Olive, 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 479.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

The Trades

[illegible]—Twenty tight barrel coopers for whisky [illegible] 1746 Second Carondelet av., J. Heichert. 58

Laborers.

[illegible]ator to dig two cellars. Apply [illegible], Sunday. Add. F 217, this office. 59

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Waiters.

WANTED—Steady, sober waiter, must be a hustler and know his business; call after 7:30 this evening. Bee Hive Restaurant, 613 Market st. 57

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Man to manure and grass seed premises. 3680 Laclede av. 62

WANTED—20 men at stage door of Grand Opera-house Sunday evening at 6 o'clock sharp. 62

WANTED—A teamster, steady work; none but sober, willing workers need apply. Call at 3101 N. Broadway. 62

WANTED—At last we have it. Keen, bright and brainy men and women wanted everywhere to take orders for "Shepp's World's Fair Photographed." Only book of copyrighted photographs of buildings, scenes and exhibits of the World's Columbian Exhibition; authorized by the Exposition management; official certificate accompanies each volume. Bonanza for workers; drop everything and handle it; you will make money fast; books ready; credit given; big commissions; illustrated circulars; terms free. Address Globe Bible Pub. Co., 358 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill., or Phila., Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Industrious young lady wishes a situation as saleslady or office work. Address A., Skinker road, St. Louis; can give best of ref. 44

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation by lady stenographer, 3 years' experience, A1 references; moderate salary. Add. R 215, this office. 45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WATNED—A place to sew by an experienced dressmaker; city or country; can give references. Box 46, Bremen, Ill., Rand Co. 46

WANTED—First-class dressmaker wishes engagements in families; competent cutter and fitter; terms $2 per day; ref. Add. T 210, this office. 46

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing to take home or go out by the day. Call at 1905 Franklin av. 51

WANTED—A first-class laundress wishes washing or ironing to take home. Call or address 1405 S. 8th st. 51

WANTED—Work by the day by a first-class laundress; good reference. 2612 Washington av., No. 3, 1st floor; please call Sunday. 51

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or general housework. Ad. Mary Hines, 830 S. 7th st. 47

WANTED—Position by a middle-aged woman as housekeeper in private family or widower; best of references. Address L 214, this office. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—Two young ladies, sisters, German, want situations; one for housegirl, other as cook. Call at 1242 S. 6th st. 48

WANTED—A young German woman who has a 6-year-old child wants a place to do light housework; will work cheap. Add. C 180, this office. 48

WANTED—Situation by reliable woman to do housework in family of adults; handy with sewing; country preferred. Address Mrs. Carter, 2019 Eugenia st. 48

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st. 48

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—At once, stenographer for caligraph; $5 per week. Address O 214, this office. 64

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Good Christian lady to do work for widower and 4 children. Call at 1200 Aubert av., after 4 p. m. 65

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 327 S. 14th st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Drug store, 800 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; without laundry. 5439 Vernon av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. Apply at 4001 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; call Monday from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. 524 Ware.

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 4228 Lindell av. 68

WANTED—Good white cook; city reference required. 62 Vandeventer av. 68

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; good wages. 2820 Locust st. 66

WANTED—Girl for cooking; no washing or ironing; references required. Apply 4056 Westminster pl. 68

WANTED—Woman to cook and do light washing; small family; reference required. 3814 Westminster pl. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—An experienced nurse to care for an infant. Apply 4386 Lindell av. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Girl to assist in kitchen and dining-room; can sleep at home. 1022 Mississippi av.

WANTED—Girls to write letters, must write neat, plain hand. Apply 2919 Lucas av., side entrance only, Saturday evening or Monday morning. 21

WANTED—Girl for dining-room and light housework; good ref. req.; apply Monday. Mrs. Robert Ranken, 3154 Magnolia, cor. Compton av. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Portrait agents; good wages for the right men. 1805 Carr st. 72

WANTED—Agents; first-class, steady business; only first-class men need apply. 1314 Olive st.

WANTED—Experienced lady canvassers; something new; call and investigate. 2709 Dickson.

AGENT—A reliable person to take the agency in their town for one of the best paying articles on the market; retails for 25 cents; pays 100 per cent profit; sells to every family. Robert S. West, Cleveland, O. 73

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

FOR TRADE—Fine farm, 250 acres, well improved, $10,000; want city property. R. C. Morris, Greenville, Ill. 24

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board with respectable family by two ladies. Add. E 214, this office. 20

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2227 Olive st., office hours 7 to 9 a. m. and 5 to 9 p. m., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Young married couple want three rooms in good neighborhood. Rent must be cheap. Add. H 217, this office. 21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Experienced laundryman with $500 to take interest in and manage established plant; wish to increase capacity. Add. H 215, this office. 22

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $3,000 for 3 years at 7 per cent, improved real estate or land as security; value over double amount of loan. Address G 215, this office. 25

EDUCATIONAL.

A PUBLIC SCHOOL teacher wants private pupils. Add. P 215, this office. 29

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ANDRUS' electric belt, 919 Olive st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; write. 74

ALL kinds baths and massage treatment given by experienced operator. Miss Ruby May, 2204 Chestnut st. 74

CALL on Dr. J. L. Fitzporter, No. 1516 Chestnut st. Female and chronic diseases a specialty. 74

DR. at Havlin's Disp'y, 6th and Walnut, treats male and female diseases; charges only for medicine.

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in con.; reas. terms; bus. confidential. Call 2622 Wash st. 74

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

DR. LOTTIE REINER, midwife; grad. 2 colleges; receives ladies during confine.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st. 74

HIGHEST price paid for cast off clothing; write or call at 713 Biddle st. 74

MASSAGE—For treatment call at Mrs. N. Van Dyke, 2313 Walnut st. Ladies attended to at their own residence if desired. 74

MRS. GARDNER gives massage treatment; first-class accommodations. 10 S. 22d st. 74

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment. 2217 Market st. 74

MASSAGE, magnetic and electric treatment; just the cure for rheumatism. 108 N. 22d. 74

MRS. C. AMES gives baths, massage and magnetic treatment; lady operators. 26 S. 16th st. 74

MRS. CROWLEY, fortune teller, removed from 1332 to 1247 N. 8th st.; ladies, 25c; gents, 50c.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives ladies during con.; reasonable rates; ladies in trouble call or write; take Market st. car. 2305 Market st. 74

MRS. DR. MARGARET DOSSEN, the great female specialist, 26 years' practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1006 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

3C PER YARD—Steam carpet cleaning; best and largest. Eagle Works. 1915 Locust st. 74

1000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1; 1,000 billheads, $1.50. H. B. Crole & Co., 815 Locust. 74

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office. 74



PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE

AND COLLEGE OF MIDWIFERY, Incorporated.

The only regular institute of the kind in the West.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. Female diseases a specialty.

DR. H. NEWLAND, 2201 and 2203 Olive St.



22,000

Bad teeth and old roots that could not be saved have been extracted at 904 Olive st. by Odontunder since Dr. Chase bought exclusive rights to use it in St. Louis. If you must have your teeth extracted, don't suffer, don't have your gums torn, don't have your blood poisoned by dirty napkins and dirty instruments, but apply to Dr. Chase, and have the operation done in a careful, painless, scientific manner.

E. C. CHASE, D. D. S., 904 Olive St.

TREATMENT FREE

For all diseases; small charges for medicine only; 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sunday, 9 to 12; no students. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st. 74

FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—A flat or small house heated by steam or furnace in the neighborhood of Beer's or West End or Rebman's. Add. Box 123, Webster Groves.

MUSICAL.

ESTEY PIANOS—New and elegant designs of cases and valuable improvements; see and hear them. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

FOR SALE—An elegantly carved rosewood case, upright grand "Swope" piano, but little used; cost $475; will take $150; is in perfect order. Call 4247 Finney av. 27

BOOKS.

BOOKS of all kinds bought. Address or call; A. J. Crawford, 312 N. 7th, near Locust. 28

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

LOST AND FOUND.

ASTRAY—Young Newfoundland dog. Return to 4320 Evans av. and get reward. 30

LOST—Gold music medal with owner's name; $5 reward if returned. 221 N. 2d st. 30

LOST—English setter pup, 5 months old; marked black and white. Return to 4310 Washington av. for reward. 30

LOST—A brown water spaniel pup, 6 months old, answers to name of Sport. Liberal reward if returned to 1101 Morgan st. 30

LOST—5th; Towser; small black dog; long hair, tan feet and breast, scar over left ear; reward. Return to 5231 Ridge av. 30

LOST—Pocket book containing $30 or $35, 2d and Chestnut; party on green stake wagon return; reward. Heede, 2732-34 Park av. 30

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Three good gentle horses. Inquire of Mrs. Bletz, 1716 S. 8th st. 12

FOR SALE—$80 for horse, harness and jumpseat surrey, Varney make. 4136 Peck st. 12

FOR SALE—Grace Rowland, the finest saddle mare in this State; has all the gaits. 4365 Lindell boulevard. 12

FOR SALE—Wagons of all kinds in stock at lowest figures at H. H. Bothe Carriage and Wagon Co., 1319 N. 9th st. 12

FOR SALE—250 new and 2d-hand open and top wagons, buggies, surreys, carriages, phaetons, carts, harness of all kinds. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

Buys large black family horse, good harness, also fine strong barouche which was made to order at a cost of $225; this is a bargain at $175; will sell whole outfit for $100. Call or address F, 817 Franklin av., furniture store. 12

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Furnished room house of 15 rooms, full good paying roomers, netting $100 over rent; furniture new. Add. X 215, this office. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Hard coal stove for store or office use. 1726 Mississippi av. 5

FOR SALE—First-class set of bar fixtures, nearly new; cheap. Inquire 1212 Morgan st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap—Fixtures of a 2-chair barbershop; all conveniences. Apply Geo. Roth, 417 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—One steam yacht, suitable for hunting, fishing or pleasure. G. W. Bransfield, 800 N. Levee. 5

FOR SALE—Two brick buildings at Main and Loughborough av. Apply to G. W. Bransford, 800 N. Levee. 5

TYPEWRITERS.

Buy the best and most popular, "The Smith Premier;" it will give greatest satisfaction. Send for catalogue. The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 208 N. 7th st., St. Louis, Mo. 5

ALL SORTS.

A FULL line of gas stoves cheap; stove exchanged; gas stoves connected. 4-Snaw, 2817 Franklin and 2814 Easton av. 32



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st. Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Household goods; complete furnishings of three rooms, including two elegant folding beds, wardrobes, etc. 3026 Chestnut st. 85

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable, clean rooms, get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723 and 1725 Morgan St.

Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 3890 and 4101.

CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY.

—WEST SIDE OF—

SIXTH STREET, 110 Feet North of.... FRANKLIN AV.

LOT 74.6x125 TO ALLEY.

Auction, 3 p. m., Tuesday, October 17.

Sale Absolute, to Effect Division of Interests.

Building is a very large 3-story brick, with elevator, vaults, etc., splendidly constructed and readily convertible into stores or manufactory.

TERMS { ONE-THIRD CASH, BALANCE IN ONE AND TWO YEARS, with 6 PER CENT INTEREST. } LANHAM & SUTTON, Agents and Auctioneers.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

204 S. 18TH ST.—2 rooms, 2d floor, furnished for housekeeping; $10 per month. 13

227 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Large 2d story front room nicely fur.; gas, bath, private house. 13

423 S. GARRISON AV.—2 rooms. 13

513 S. BROADWAY—Nice, clean furnished front or back rooms, $1.25, $1.50 per week, with evening fire. 13

1010 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms; terms reasonable. 13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice fur. front and other rooms, rents moderate. 13

1031 SELBY PL.—Front room, first floor, nicely furnished, for one or two gentlemen, opposite park. 13

1314 N. 20TH ST.—4 large rooms; all conveniences; new house. 13

1316 CHOUTEAU AV.—3 fur. rooms, 2d floor, for light housekeeping; also 1 on 3d floor.

1347 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—One nicely furnished room; private family. 13

1506 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished small front room. 13

1609 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. front rooms. 1st and 2d floors; also housekeeping rooms. 13

1635 MORGAN ST.—1 nice 2d-story front room; complete for housekeeping. 13

1717 PAPIN ST.—Two nice rooms, second-story, furnished for light housekeeping; terms reasonable. 13

1919 HICKORY ST.—Nicely furnished room in private family for gentlemen; moderate prices. 13

2112½ CARR ST.—Nicely furnished front room, 1st floor; gents preferred; private family.

2227 FRANKLIN AV.—3 large rooms, 3d floor; $9 a month. 13

2601 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms. 13

2621 PINE ST.—Large, nicely fur., room for 1 or 2 gents; $10 per month. 13

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished third-story; southern exposure. 13

2637 WASHINTON AV.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen only; hot and cold baths. 13

2657 OLIVE ST.—Fur. 2d-story front room for gents or light housekeeping. 13

2720 WALNUT ST.—Second floor, 4 rooms, finished attic, bath, gas and all conveniences.

2833 A CHESTNUT ST.—2 large rooms, 3d floor, suitable for light housekeeping; hall and stairs carpeted. 13

3019 EASTON AV.—Front and adjoining room, furnished for light housekeeping; terms reasonable. 13

3035 OLIVE ST.—Comfortable fur. 2d story front room; so. ex.; gents pref.; pri. fam.

3249 N. 20TH ST.—3 large rooms and hall room, 1st floor; basement with water for laundry use; front and side entrance; $13 per month. 13

FOR RENT—Room to discreet select transients; private; central on Jefferson av. Add. E 211. 13

FOR RENT—Beautifully furnished room in private family; one block west of Grand av., on car line; modern house; cheap; to one or two gentlemen. Add. X 214, this office. 13

BOARDING.

1525 OLIVE ST.—Pleasant front and back room; good board; transients accom.; terms reasonable. 18

1536 MISSISSIPPI AV., opposite Lafayette park—Elegantly furnished rooms with first-class board. 18

1834 LUCAS PL.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board. 18

2113 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board. 18

2622 LAFAYETTE AV.—Near Park; nice home for the winter; 2d-story front room, newly furnished; all conveniences; first-class table; 3 lines cars and 4th st. cable passes door. 18

2637 WASHINGTON AV.—Newly furnished, one large front room; also a hall room; southern expo.; hot baths, etc., with or without board. 18

2706 THOMAS ST.—Large second-story front for gents or light housekeeping; terms reasonable; private family. 18

2808 LOCUST ST.—Very desirable 2d-story front room, with board. 18

3018 SHERIDAN AV.—Two front rooms, furnished, to 4 gents, with or without meals.

3019 EASTON AV.—2d-story front room for man and wife or 2 gents, with board; terms to suit. 18

3102 LUCAS AV.—Elegantly fur. room with board for two, $40. 18

3837 DELMAR BOULEVARD.—Second-story front rooms, single or en suite, with board.

FOR RENT—2d-story front room with board; convenient to three cars. 1030 Leonard av. 18

FOR RENT—To 1 or 2 young or middle-aged gentlemen, very pleasant, well-furnished 2d floor front room; southern exposure; with board; hot and cold water and all modern conveniences; at reasonable rates to right party. Address at once, F 214, this office. 18

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

FLATS FOR RENT.

1309 PRAIRIE AV.—A lovely 4-room flat, hot and cold bath and newly papered, only $20.

1931 PAPIN ST.—Three rooms, cheap rent. Call and see Ingalls, 1103 Olive st. 83

2619 MARKET ST.—Five rooms; water, gas, bath and everything suitable for small family. 83

2802 BERNARD ST.—3 rooms, 2d floor, first-class condition. 83

FOR RENT—OLIVE ST. FLAT.

3202A—Elegant 5-room flat; bath and all conveniences; in fine order; rent, $27.50 per month. CORNET & ZEIBIG, 111 N. 7th st. 83

FOR RENT.

1442 and 1444 S. Compton av., elegant 3-room flats, 2d floor; water, electric bells, etc. Keys on premises.

D. B. BRENNAN REAL ESTATE CO., 816 Chestnut st. 83

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS

1719 MICHIGAN AV.—2-story 6-room house with all conveniences; rent only $27.50. HY. HIEMENZ, JR., 614 Chestnut st. 14

1814 BELLEGLADE AV.—4 rooms, stone-front house; large yard; price $18. 14

3057 THOMAS ST.—Fine small 6-room house; perfect gem; key at 3061; $30. 14

FOR RENT—New 7-room brick cottages, Ella av., suburban road; $18. Orpen, 404 Mermod-Jaccard building. 14

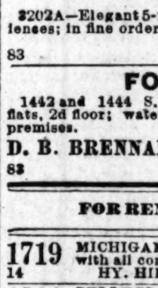
THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—New 7-room brick cottages, Ella av., Suburban road; $100 cash, $18 per month. Orpen, 404 Mermod-Jaccard Building. 7

$5,200—1327-29 N. 10TH ST.—Rent, $68; sure income 16 pr. ct. HASKINS, 107 N. 8th.

FOR SALE.



Three of these elegant homes; I had 5; have sold 2 for $2,000 each less than they can be built for; no man living can duplicate location, style, finish and price. Terms to suit at 6 per cent. Now is your time to inspect them while they are being finished. Nos. 4418 to 4448 West Pine.

Apply to C. H. TYLER, At the houses, or GEO. DAUSMAN, 809 Wainwright Building.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$20—33x150, s. e. cor. Suburban and Annie, choice business lot; $15—95x110, s. s. Penrose, lots to suit; $24—50x150, n. s. Barmer, 100 ft. west of cars; $6,000—7-room new house, Clifton Heights. See M. W. SMITH, 10th N. 8th st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT

316 N. 8th St.

Substantial six-story building, suitable for wholesale or retail business, 11,000 square feet floor space. Will rent cheap to desirable tenant.

CORNET & ZEIBIG, 111 N. 7th St. 17

AT AUCTION.

LAST WHACK AT TYLER PL.

Cleaning Up for Good—Auction Sales.

Twenty-seven lots, Tower Grove Avenue, opposite Shaw's Garden. Also five beautiful corners. Photographs of property will be on hand at the sale.

Sale at Real Estate Exchange Monday, Oct. 16, 1893, at 10 O'Clock A. M.

The last chance for a bargain. Terms usual—better if desired.

We are Going to Sell.

M. A. Wolff & Co., Agts.

Sam T. Rathell, Auctioneer.

FOR LEASE.

3922 AND 3960 BELL AV.—We offer these splendid 9-room houses on lease to responsible tenants; they have marble-wainscoted bath rooms, porcelain tubs, and exposed plumbing of the best description; first floor finished in hardwood, and houses throughout are of the most modern character. JAS. STEWART & CO., 507 Commercial Building. 10

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association books, etc.; no publicity, no charge for papers; monthly payments received, thereby reducing both principal and interest. J. W. Staley, 717 and 719 Market st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 3, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 812 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS without removal, at lowest rates; business strictly private; can be paid back in monthly payments; call on us before borrowing. Eagle Loan Co., 714 Pine st., 2d floor, room 14. 31

IF YOU WANT MONEY

In sums to suit on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without publicity or removal of property, then call on us. Part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. German-American Loan Co., F. W. Peters, manager, 515 Pine st., 2d floor. 31

FURNITURE LOANS—Money loaned on furniture, real estate, building association books, other good securities; lowest rates. C. J. Voorhis, 111 N. 8th st.

DO YOU WANT MONEY

ADVANCED ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS?

Responsible parties can be accommodated with sums from $25 and upwards at low rates; no removal; business private; can be paid back to suit your convenience. O. C. VOELCKER & CO., 1025 Chestnut st. 31

MUTUAL LOAN CO., 218 N. 8TH ST. Near Olive.

Money loaned at reasonable rates on furniture, building books, etc.; no commission; no removal necessary; business confidential; borrowers will receive the best terms and be treated right; loans can be paid off part at any time and save interest. 31

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 813½ Chestnut st., second floor. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

MONEY to loan on furniture and pianos in any amount you desire, without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. 31

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains Running Into the Union Depot—St. Louis Time.

*Except Sundays. †Daily. ‖Except Saturday. ‡Except Monday. ¶Monday. §Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Burlington Route. Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Lincoln and Denver, with Pullman Sleepers and Free Chair Cars. Through trains to St. Paul and Minneapolis, with Pullman Sleepers and elegant Dining Cars.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 5:55 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg, Peoria, St. Paul and Minneapolis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 6:50 am

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	†12:30 pm	† 3:00 pm
Kansas C'y, St. Joseph, Denver, Omaha and Deadwood Ex.	†12:30 pm	† 3:00 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City and California Ex.	† 8:15 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington Night Express	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
Hannibal and Quincy Day Exp	* 7:40 am	* 7:15 pm
Local passenger to Hannibal	§ 7:40 am	§ 7:15 pm
Fast mail, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Burlington	† 2:30 am	
Local passenger from Hannibal		†11:40 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis Spl.	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
Texas Ex. via M., K. & T. to Sedalia, Ft. Scott, Denison, Dallas and Houston, Houston and Galveston	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
	† 7:40 am	† 7:15 pm

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line).

Chicago Day Express, daily	† 8:40 a m	† 7:20 p m
Chicago Diamond Special, d'y	† 9:10 p m	† 8:00 a m

CAIRO SHORT LINE, ST. L., A. & T. H. R. R. CO.

New Orleans and Cairo "Fast Mail"	* 7:50 am	* 6:50 pm
Paducah, Metropolis and Murphysboro Express	* 7:50 am	* 6:50 pm
Memphis and Cairo Fast Line	* 7:50 pm	* 7:30 am
New Orleans Limited	* 7:50 pm	* 6:50 pm
Creal Springs and Cape Girardeau Express	† 7:50 am	†11:50 am
Sparta Express	† 7:50 am	† 7:30 am
Sparta, Chester and Murphysboro Express	† 4:25 pm	†11:50 am
Sparta and Chester Express	† 7:50 am	† 6:50 pm
Cairo and Carbondale Express	† 4:25 pm	* 7:30 am

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD.

Chicago Limited	† 8:45 am	† 7:15 pm
Chicago "Palace Express"	† 8:40 pm	† 7:35 am
Chicago Day Local Express	* 7:55 am	* 7:35 pm
Chicago Night Local Express	† 4:40 pm	†11:00 am
KansasCity Vestibuled Limited	† 8:55 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City Day Express	† 8:30 am	† 7:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:45 pm	*11:00 am
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Alton Express, Saturday only	1:30 pm	
St. Louis Accommodation		* 1:30 pm

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE."

Day Express	* 7:10 am	* 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	* 8:05 am	* 7:30 pm
Alton Express	*10:40 am	* 7:50 am
Alton Express		§10:20 am
Mattoon, Jerseyville and Springfield Accommodation	† 4:20 pm	†10:30 am
Alton Express	* 5:55 pm	* 1:30 pm
Boston, New York and Cincinnati Express	* 7:45 pm	* 7:45 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Kansas City, Omaha and Lincoln Exp	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha & So. Kan. & Col. Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City and Wichita Express		† 7:15 am

Missouri Pacific Locals.
Washington Accommodation
Leaves *5:25 pm., arrives *8:00 am.
Kirkwood Accommodation Leave
*6:45, *8:00, †9:50, *11:50 am., *1:25, †3:15, *4:20, *5:50, *6:20, †6:30, *8:45, *10:30, *11:30 pm.
Sundays Only, Leave
7:30 am, 1:00 pm, 9:45 pm.
Kirkwood Accommodation Arrive
*6:30, *7:35, *8:40, *9:50 am, *12:35, *1:50, †3:10, *5:10, †5:55, *7:40, †8:20, *9:45, *10:40 pm.
Sundays Only, Arrive
9:05 am, 10:25 am.
Oak Hill Accommodation Leave
*6:20, †8:05, †10:00, *11:55 am, †3:00, *4:45, †6:15, †11:25 pm. Sunday only leave 1:15 pm.
Oak Hill Accommodation Arrive
*6:35, †8:20, †10:30, *11:55 am, †1:30, †5:35, †7:05, †7:45 pm.
Creve Cœur Lake.
Leave—†8:00 am, †9:30 am, §1:30 pm, †4:25 pm.
Arrive—†8:15 am, †12:40 pm, §6:55 pm, *7:10 pm, §8:30 pm.

JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN LINE.

Peoria and J'ksonville Express	† 7:25 am	† 7:40 pm
Jacksonville and Litchfield Acc	† 5:15 pm	†10:55 am

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Southern Fast Mail	† 8:55 a m	† 7:20 pm
Belleville Accommodation	†10:45 a m	† 1:25 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 p m	† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 p m	† 7:35 am

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS CONSOLIDATED RAILROAD "AIR LINE."

Louisville Vestibuled Day Ex.	† 8:20 a m	† 7:25 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	† 8:25 p m	† 6:45 am
Fairfield Accommodation	† 4:55 p m	† 9:55 am
Belleville Accommodation	† 8:25 a m	† 7:55 am
Belleville Accommodation	*11:00 a m	*10:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 p m	* 1:45 pm
Belleville Accommodation	* 5:35 p m	* 5:05 pm
Belleville Accommodation	* 8:50 a m	§ 8:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 6:10 pm	

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

Columbus Accommodation	† 7:57 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Ft. Worth Express	† 9:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Memphis Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:15 am
Texas Special to Hot Springs, Dallas, Galveston, San Antonio, New Orleans and City of Mexico	† 8:20 pm	† 7:25 am
El Paso & California Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:15 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston and Galveston Express	† 7:40 a m	† 7:15 p m
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 8:45 p m	† 6:30 a m

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 8:35 p m	† 7:05 a m
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:35 p m	† 7:05 a m
Cairo, Sparta, Chester, Murphysboro & Cape Girardeau and Jackson Express	† 7:40 a m	† 6:55 p m
Murphysboro, Sparta, Chester and Cape Girardeau Accom.	* 5:10 p m	*12:10 p m

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 7:20 a m	* 7:05 p m
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 a m	† 6:20 p m
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila and New York	† 8:05 p m	† 7:15 a m
Vincennes Accommodation	* 5:50 p m	* 9:35 a m

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.

Union Accommodation	* 5:50 a m	* 7:25 p m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	‖ 5:50 a m	* 7:25 p m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	§ 9:20 a m	‖11:10 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	§ 1:10 p m	§ 4:00 p m
Union Express	* 4:50 p m	* 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	§ 7:50 p m	§10:05 p m

ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO & ST. PAUL RAILROAD. (Bluff Line—via Big Four.)

Grafton and Elsah	†10:40 am	† 7:50 a m
Grafton and Elsah	† 5:55 p m	† 5:45 p m
Springfield, Jerseyville, etc.		† 1:30 pm
Springfield, Jerseyville, etc.	† 4:20 pm	

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line—via Big Four.)

Elsah, Piasa Bluffs & Grafton Express	†10:40 am	† 5:45 pm
Jerseyville & Springfield Exp.	† 4:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
Piasa Bluffs Special	† 5:55 pm	†10:00 am

ST. LOUIS & EASTERN RAILWAY. From Dickson and Collins Street Station.

Glen Carbon Accommodation	8:20 a m	4:05 pm
Marine Accommodation	4:20 p m	8:10 am

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.

Union Accommodation	* 6:00 a m	* 6:00 p m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 9:20 a m	* 1:40 p m
Union Express	* 4:50 p m	* 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation		§ 4:30 p m

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL RAILROAD.

Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	*11:00 am
Mail and Express	* 4:30 pm	* 6:25 pm

CLOVER LEAF ROUTE.

Mail and Express	* 7:35 am	* 6:15 pm
Toledo Night Express	† 6:55 pm	† 7:58 am

Wabash Line.

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Chicago Local Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:00 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Fast Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:00 pm
Decatur Accommodation	† 4:50 pm	*10:35 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York & Boston Vestibule Limited	† 7:00 pm	† 7:35 am
Chicago Vestibule Limited	† 8:30 pm	† 8:00 am

LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Kansas City Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
KansasCity, Ottumwa & St. Paul	† 9:00 am	† 6:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 4:30 pm	*11:00 am
Omaha, DesMoines & St. Paul Express	† 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City Fast Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:50 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 3:50 pm
Graham Accommodation	* 6:25 pm	* 7:15 am
Ferguson (Thursday only)	11:50 pm	7:45 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:30 pm	10:20 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:05 pm

FROM FRANKLIN AVENUE STATION.

Bridgeton Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 6:50 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:30 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*1:15 pm	* 1:30 pm
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 3:05 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson (Fri. and Sat. only)	11:30 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:35 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Valley Park Accommodation	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 8:00 am	* 7:40 am
Kansas & Colorado Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Arkansas & Texas Vestibuled	† 8:25 am	† 6:10 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 9:00 am	*10:30 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 1:25 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 4:40 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 8:35 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am
Ark. & Texas Express	† 8:50 pm	† 6:50 am

VANDALIA LINE

Train No. 20 and No. 21	† 8:10 am	† 7:30 pm
Day Express	† 8:40 am	† 7:20 pm
Indianapolis Accommodation	*11:25 am	* 5:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Chicago Day Express	† 8:40 am	† 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special	† 9:10 pm	† 8:00 am
Cincinnati Day Express	† 8:10 am	† 7:20 pm
Cincinnati Night Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Effingham Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	* 7:50 am

IN THE TENDERLOIN DISTRICT.

The Human Sewer, Where Life Is a "Saturnalia of Profligacy."

Julian Ralph in Providence Journal.

The Tenderloin District is a human sewer, the playground of the chief prodigals of the country, and the theater of dudedom, of frivolity, of vice and of lawlessness, always gilded and maintained alike by those men and women who, by reason of their money, their social position, or their connection with the theatrical stage, are accorded the publicity which they work for unceasingly, and without which they would seem to possess little else than vulgarity, assurance, good clothing and the morals of white mice.

In this remarkable district is the so-called "Rialto," or actors' promenade; Delmonico's, the great Broadway hotels, the headquarters of both the Republican and Democratic politicians, the majority of the fashionable theaters, the opera-house, the chief gaming hells, the all-night drinking and supper resorts and some of the leading clubs. Any American citizen in any part of the country, if he reads the newspapers, can picture to himself the motley throng and the delirious life that the mere mention of these places brings to mind. Any one in his mind's eye can see the actors and actresses artificial and fevered in their lives, as well as in their work; the mashers and dudes whose aim in life is to get their names coupled with these semi-public men and women in the newspapers at any cost of money or self-respect; the spendthrift gamblers, the cheek promoters, the loud and dissipated sporting men, the rich and idle clubmen and their noisy shadows, the empty-headed prodigal rich men's sons; the gorgeous outcast women, the chorus and ballet girls, the owl-like detectives and the imperious and tyrannical high officials of the police force, the barroom Bohemians flashing alcoholic wit that sells by the column as dry goods are sold by the yard; the fast set of society—more vulgar than so many licensed venders, and, in a word, the whole phantasmagoria of the electric-lighted, hot-house, champagne-soaked, clothes-laden population.

Such froth is whipped to the top of every great cityful, and such torn and draggled lace clings to the skirts of society everywhere, but nowhere else is it daily celebrated in leaded type, except as it forces itself upon the attention of police magistrates. Here it is paraded to the extreme of journalistic madness, until the participants in this saturnalia of profligacy become not only nationally famous for the number of times they change their clothes, or the rapidity with which they marry and remarry, but are reported from abroad at 10 cents a word by cable, when they go to Europe and are lucky at Monte Carlo, uneasy or scandalous in their domestic relations or when they fight fake duels—fake French duels—to be exact. A product of the Tenderloin District is now envied of the whole mob of shameless creatures by reason of being on trial for a cowardly and brutal assault upon an old man—a trial which is now seen to be going to bring out some hints of immoralities and marital discord peculiarly suited to the taste and moral code of the whole body of the Tenderloin population. The last distinguished Tenderloiner to get a column in print indulged in a "common-law marriage," which means no marriage at all except as the State law considers a man and woman married if one introduces the other anywhere or registers anywhere as husband or as wife. Her mother was reported to have rushed to her daughter's side in alarm, but to have returned "smiling and content," the common-law husband being possessed of money. Just before this we were treated to news of a new matrimonial rupture in the life of a noted comic opera singer, and when the newspapers endeavored to recite the list of the woman's marryings and separations and divorces the thing proved both bewildering and formidable.

A STRANGE EXPERIENCE.

How It Feels to Have a Plaster Cast Made of Your Head.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"Are you sure I won't suffocate?"

The speaker is a very pretty girl who is lying in a reclining position, while bending over her stands a man with a pail with a white watery liquid. She is a pupil of one of the art schools here and the man with the pail (which contains plaster) is an instructor who is about to take a cast of the former's face. "No, you won't suffocate. Just lie quietly and don't say a word."

Then the man made a tube of stiff paper. This tube he thrust into one of the nostrils of the young woman.

The man ties a towel over the auburn tresses of the young woman and says: "Now, make ready." She closes her eyes and then gives a little shudder as the cold liquid plaster touches the upper part of her face. She tries to be brave and to think that it requires no courage to have a cast made of your head, but her heart sinks as she feels the liquid slowly covering her face. The coating of plaster is thin so that the expression may be retained. When a thick coating is used and the plaster is patted down too hard the result is apt to be startling. The cast will look like the head of a pugilist who has been battered in the ring. So a small stream is only poured over the girl, and the man with the pail gives it plenty of time to dry. The nose is the last place to be covered up, and, as long as that is free she does not feel uneasy, for she can breathe easily and naturally. But when her dainty nose is hidden from view she realizes the awfulness of her position. She is now literally encased in plaster, and the only evidence to the outsider that there is a thing of life beneath the great white mass is the sound of hard breathing through the paper tube. The nostril that is free from the tube has had a bit of cotton thrust into it, while the same has been done to the ears.

Meanwhile the young girl's thoughts go something like this: "Oh, how awful it is under here! Dear me, how loudly everything sounds! Those footsteps are like thunder. I wish I was out of this. How uncanny that plaster feels! My, I believe that it is getting hard. Now I know how terrible it must seem to be buried alive. I wish I could swallow, but I suppose that if I do the cast will be spoiled. What a horrible sound I make breathing! Good gracious, it seems years since I have been here. It must be an hour anyway. I wish they would hurry and take it off. It is so unnatural, breathing through that tube!

"Dear, dear, that plaster feels like a stone wall, only it is getting hot. If it gets much hotter I shall yell, I know I shall. Only, how can I yell? I couldn't yell if I wanted to. What would Jack say if he saw me now? Whew! that is getting warmer and warmer! How awful it would be if it got red hot! Wouldn't this be a terrible form of punishment for the wicked people in the world? Just put them in a plaster of paris cast and have a tube for them to breathe through. Then you could give them water and liquid refreshment through the tube. I wonder that they didn't think of that during the Inquisition. My, but they did have that awful iron virgin with the horrible nails inside! I think I would prefer the plaster of paris cast if it wasn't so awful hot!"

At this moment one corner of the cast is lifted, and with joy unspeakable she inhales the air, breathing her lungs full of it. Now, too, she can speak. "How long have I been in this awful place?" she asks. "About twenty minutes." "Is that all? It seemed to me it must have been ages."

The Pious Girl and the Doctor.

From the London Daily News.

An amusing incident is reported by our Vienna correspondent to have taken place this week at Miskolcz, in Hungary. A young girl pretended to see the Holy Virgin daily and to have conversations with her. Her mother encouraged the pious, who brought presents to her, and when the priests interfered the excited crowd threatened to ill-treat them. Some days ago the would-be saint lay in a coffin in a shroud, and her mother told everybody that the Virgin had told her to die, and would resuscitate her on the third day. There was terrible excitement in the place, and thousand seemed prepared to wait the prescribed three days in prayer and fasting. The local authorities came with a doctor to put a stop to the scandalous affair, and in the presence of the pious crowd the doctor said: "It is very serious that she died so suddenly. We must have a postmortem examination." Immediately the young saint sat up in the coffin, crying "Oh, don't cut me up; I can be resuscitated immediately." She was taken to a prison hospital to be examined as to her sanity.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, wants as well as display, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

AFFIDAVITS FILED.

Proceedings in the Western Union Building Association Suits.

HARGES MADE BY BOGARD IN HIS SWORN STATEMENTS.

e Claims the Sworn Exhibit of Premiums Shown Is False and Alleges That the Association's Liabilities Are $5,000 in Excess of Assets—Directors not Stockholders—Other Affidavits.

ne case of the Western Union Building d Loan Association was again postponed is morning in Judge Valliant's Court. Atrney Kerr appeared for the association and essrs. Pollock and Dalton for those who e applying for a receiver. Mr. Kerr ated that he had not secured a copy of the aintiff's petition until late yesterday afteroon, and had not been able to secure any of e affidavits showing that a receiver was ally needed.

Mr. Pollock then explained to the Court hat they had their affidavits all ready to file nd intended to prove that the association was at present in the hands f a directory not competent to conduct the ffairs, that corruption was possible and hat many of the share-holders could not et access to the books of the company and new nothing of its affairs beyond what the irectors felt inclined to tell them.

Judge Valliant said that he had intended elling the plaintiff to file the affidavits yeserday, so that the defendant might be able o see them and file counter affidavits in the ase.

Mr. Kerr said he could bring any number of ffidavits to prove the fact that e association was all right in s present condition, and added that e wanted to file a demurrer in the case and ater on file his counter affidavits as soon as e could get hold of those of the plaintiff. udge Valliant then instructed the plaintiff o file his affidavits and continued the case ntil Tuesday morning.

THE AFFIDAVITS.

Affidavit No. 1, filed by Attorneys Pollock nd Dalton according to the order of the ourt, was that of James L. Hopkins, in hich he swears that he has been a director the Western Union Building and Loan Associations Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 and had become as such director an accommodation indorser on notes aggregating about $10,000, and that since the 13th of July last, the new board has, he believes, diverted the assets of the corporations so that the notes falling due have gone to protest. The money, he claims, was used to pay large and unnecessary salaries. He concludes by saying that he thinks a receiver the best person to protect the interests f the corporations.

BOGARD'S AFFIDAVITS.

Affidavit No. 2 is that of Milo T. Bogard, which reads as follows:

I, Milo T. Bogard, was Secretary of the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 1, from ts organization, October, 188, to July, 1893, and say that the exhibit of premium as shown by Henry Zimmerman, examining bookkeeper, and Henry Brolaski, Jr., secretary, under oath of July 24, 1893, is entirely false and at variance with the true condition of the association, and to what the books show. That said premium was calculated upon the theory that the premium should be collected from the date of the series of which the borrower is a member and not from the time the loan was made as per sec 34 of the by-laws. That the showing of the premium from said sworn statement is misleading in that it shows a false increase in the earnings of the association at least 20 per cent of which increase is not collectable, as it is contrary to the Revised Statutes of Missouri and the by-laws of the association. That the premium is calculated in this manner for the purpose of deceiving the share holders and the public.

That should a proper and true exhibit be shown the earnings of the association would show an actual loss of at least $5,000. That is to say that the difference between the actual assets and liabilities will show a liability of $5,000 in excess of the assets in total and on hand.

Bogard makes another affidavit as to the finances of the institution, and says that the board lets out money on second deeds of trust while the first is guaranteed by the board, and that the board is not able to pay in case of foreclosure. He says further that at no time did H. Zimmerman, F. Meyer, John Heusner, Daniel O'Leary and Julius Lefmann hold or own any stock. He states further that the association owes $20,000 and cannot pay it. The entire amount received from all sources is not more than $600 while the actual expenses are $700.

THE OTHERS FILED.

Charles F. Anderson makes affidavit that he is a stockholder in the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5 and that since Bogard was removed and Harry Brolaski, Jr., made secretary, he asked where his name stood on the withdrawal list. The new secretary told him it was first, but he found out that it was really the 15th. He also asserts that the new directory paid a surety company to go on Brolaski's bond.

He makes two other affidavits, one stating that the directors of the associations held a meeting on Oct. 10, 1893, but would not let the stockholders know what had transpired. In the other he charges that payments were made to the Northwestern Bank to the detriment of the withdrawing stockholders, whose payments were postponed.

Fred Frohboese makes affidavit as to certain property which the association holds under second deeds of trust to the peril of the association and the stockholders.

Gus V. R. Mechin makes affidavit that he is thoroughly familiar with the cost of conducting building associations and thinks that the charge of $1,263.78 for charter and books is exorbitant and that the money spent for advertising and other expenses is far too much to be in proportion to the resources and the capital stock.

John F. Gallagher makes affidavit that he got a personal loan from Milo T. Bogard for $1,500, and gave him a deed of trust on a lot at No. 4287A Margaret avenue. After Bogard was removed, he says, Harry Brolaski sent to him, stating the association held a note of his. He says further that he and others have not paid any money in since Bogard was deposed.

Charlott Hornstran makes affidavit that she gave due notice of withdrawal, and that since the limited time has expired she has been unable to get any money.

J. Murphy, Mrs. K. Anderson and Fred Rolf also make statements on the same lines with the rest.

Admits His Guilt.

A warrant charging Hays Montgomery, the young negro arrested a few days ago by Detectives Roche and Gallagher of the Sixth District, with burglary in the second degree and larceny was sworn out this morning by Mr. J. E. Comely of 4200 Evans avenue. Montgomery forced open a cellar door and entered Comely's residence, ransacked the house and carried off about $150 worth of jewelry, most of which has been recovered. Montgomery admits this burglary and also admits having sneaked into the residence of Peter Corcoran, 4035 Easton avenue, and carrying off $60 worth of ladies' clothing, such as wraps and shawls and cloaks. A warrant was issued yesterday charging the same negro with grand larceny for stealing $85 worth of jewelry from J. L. Seedler on Easton avenue, near Fortieth street. Montgomery is accused of complicity in several other jobs, and the police are looking for a negro girl who acted as his confederate and stood on the "look-out," while he perpetrated one or two of his jobs.

Montgomery had a ready market, it is said, for the property he stole, in a shop at Ninth and Morgan streets. It developed, however, that two clerks in this shop, Sam Weinfeld and Dave Stockman, made individual purchases of Montgomery and it is said they did not like to give the property up to the police, whereupon Detectives Badger and Flynn placed them under arrest charged with receiving stolen property.

REAL ESTATE.

Sales Which Indicate an Upward Tendency—Agents' Reports.

There was a good demand for business property to-day, and several sales were reported at prices that show a marked enhancement of values since last spring. The firm of F. H. & C. B. Gerhart sold to-day 65x162 feet of ground on the south side of Olive street between Boyle and Whittier streets and adjoining on the east the four-story apartment house now being built by Gen. Fullerton. The price paid for the 65 feet was $160 a front foot, H. W. Grantley being the grantor and Chas. Riedesser the purchaser. From this price it will be seen that instead of values depreciating in consequence of the financial stringency they have steadily advanced. The grantor in this Olive street sale purchased the property described at the Hardy auction sale last April at $105 a foot. His sale of it to-day at $160 a foot nets him a profit of $55 a foot on his purchase in the short period of six months. The principal reason for this rapid enhancement is the fact that the terminus of the Olive street cable as an Olive street line is at the intersection of Olive street and Boyle avenue and that the patrons of the line west of Boyle and north of Olive street come to Boyle and Olive street to board their cars and get off there in going home. This has given the property possibilities as business property and is the cause of the rapid enhancement of the past two years.

Two hundred and fifty dollars a foot has been refused for the southeast corner of Boyle and Olive street, a triangular shaped lot, and a rental of 6 per cent on a valuation of $400 a foot was offered for ninety-nine year lease by the parties who afterwards leased the southeast corner of Vandeventer and Olive street at that same figure. Last May the southwest corner of Whittier and Olive streets was sold at the auction sale of public school property then held at $173 a foot, which was then considered a good price. Since then $250 a foot is said to have been refused for the corner. Showing that if the School Board had held on a little longer they could have got $77 a foot more for their property.

The J. T. Donovan Real Estate Co. report the following sales: Minerva avenue, No. 5090, an eight-room stock brick dwelling, with 80x154 feet of ground, for $4,800 from Wm. Hambley to Mrs. Garvin.

Florence avenue—East side, between Ridge and Minerva avenues, 25x126 feet, at $22 a foot, from Wm. Hambley to Edward Handley, for improvement.

Bradley & Quinette report the sale of house 3247A St. Ferdinand avenue, a six-room stone front dwelling, with 35x134 feet of ground, for $2,800, from Miss Lauenburg to Wm. F. Fuetz.

E. S. Rowse, President of the St. Louis Real Estate Exchange, has appointed delegates to the National Real Estate Convention to be held in Chicago Oct. 28.

An auction sale of Tyler place property will be held on the floor of the Real Estate Exchange Monday morning, Oct. 16, at 10 a. m.

A gentleman representing considerable New York capital is in the city looking for a St. Louis real estate investment with orders from his constituents to buy business property.

RATTLESNAKE DENTISTRY.

An Operation Necessary to Create Happiness in a "Happy Family."

From the San Francisco Call.

There is a great big, ugly rattlesnake in a store-window on Washington street and the other day he grew hungry, and after burying his fangs in a big, harmless gopher snake as big as himself proceeded to absorb his morsel. He succeeded after a while and then lay dormant for several days enjoying his dinner. The other day Louis Homeier, who is somewhat of a naturalist in his way, conceived the idea of extracting the rattler's fangs and fixing him so that other snakes could live in the same house with him. It is desired to make this house a home also for a happy family of creeping things, and the lizards, horned toads and various long and short striped and parti-colored snakes would have an equal show with the big flat-headed rattler only when his fangs were out or he was dead. Mr. Homeier is too much of a humanitarian to kill the snake, so he concluded to turn snake dentist and draw the objectionable molars. He got a stick with a forked end and put a slipnoose at the end of it made of stout cord. This he dropped into the showcase and caught his snakship about the neck near the head. He drew out the wriggling, squirming mass, and after getting a firm hold on him with his left hand up near the head, he loosed the noose. The reptile's mouth was forced open, and he was allowed to strike at a piece of glass until he had exhausted much of the poison in his sac. After this, with his pocketknife and a pair of pincers, Mr. Homeier drew out five of the dreadful fags and the snake was turned loose. The tooth-pulling operation didn't appear to hurt him much, but it will be a long time before he knows just how harmless and insignificant he really is.

ABOUT TOWN.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS HOP.—The Hassendeubel Woman's Relief Corps, No. 9, will give a hop at South St. Louis Turner Hall this evening.

WIFE ABANDONMENT.—Joseph Butler, an ex-police officer, against whom a warrant has been sworn out charging him with wife abandonment, was surrendered by his bondsman, Bernard Smith of 3005 Clark avenue, this morning and locked up at the Fifth District Station.

SAYS HE IS OUT $25.—Fred W. Wieman, a baker at 500 North Channing avenue, has complained to the police that Minor Lohmeyer, a former employe, borrowed $25 from him on the representation that he would refund the money as soon as he (Lohmeyer) cashed a check for $3.25. Lohmeyer, he alleges, disappeared as soon as he got the $25.

CHARGED WITH LARCENY.—Wm. Smith and Eugene McGill are under arrest, charged with stealing, on Aug. 26, two carriage wheels from John Tobinka's factory at 1400 North Seventh street. They are said to have sold the property to John McCash of 454 Pope avenue. A warrant charging them with petit larceny was issued this morning.

CAN EMPLOY A SECRETARY.—City Counselor Marshall yesterday gave an opinion to the Comptroller to the effect that no new legislation was necessary to make the late revision of the city ordinances effective. He also states that there is authority for the appointment of a Secretary and Chief Clerk in the Street Department at a salary of $150 per month each.

HAD THEIR CASES CONTINUED.—Winnie and Lillie Scott, mulatto mother and daughter, who have been tantalizing Lil McNair, the stock broker, by writing letters to him and paying visits to his office to express their admiration and infatuation were to be tried this morning in the First District Police Court, but a continuance was taken until Oct. 25. Attorney Thomas B. Harvey has been retained to prosecute the defendants.

A Puzzle.

From Godey's.

The serial's done, but, Great Cæsar,
I swear I've forgotten the plot!
What was it went wrong to displease her?
And did she believe him—or not?

Now, what was the reason they parted?
Which was wrong? Who started the fight?
Was she the one so broken-hearted?
And which of the rivals was right!

How did it all happen? Now, which one
Gained all of my sympathies first?
The poor man, or else the old rich one?
And which of the two turned out worst?

That other girl in the beginning
Who had such a basilisk eye,
The heiress who seemed to be winning,
Did she go abroad? Did she die?

That chapter I missed on vacation—
I reckon it introduced Fate,
Who, after a long explanation,
Proceeded to set matters straight.

Some girl married some man or other—
The epilogue makes that quite plain—
But which girl and which man? Oh, bother!
Must I read that whole thing again?

FLAVEL SCOTT MINES.

"Good-Night, Sweetheart."

From the Atlanta Constitution.

"Good-night, Sweetheart, good-night, Sweetheart!"
In dimmed, blue eyes the bright tears start,
And little hands all pleadingly
(Dear hands of love!) reach out to me;
Yet, in the darkness I depart
And answer not: "Good-night, Sweetheart!"

"Good-night, Sweetheart, good-night!" I knew
That tears were in the eyes of blue,
And that the lips yearned for the bliss
Of just one last, forgiving kiss!
For love is love and hath no art
Save only love. "Good-night, Sweetheart!"

Good-night! * * * If we could only know
The gentle hearts that love us so;
The words that strike with shafts of pain—
Love's lips should kiss them back again!
I answer now, while hot tears start:
"Good-night, Sweetheart, good-night, Sweetheart!"

FRANK L. STANTON.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	58½@58¾	59⅞@59¾	69½@69⅝
No 3 red	55¼	56½	65@65¼
No 4 winter	53½	54½	62½
No 2 hard win	56 a	57 b	65½@65¾
CORN.			
No 2	35@35¼	36@36½	40¾@41
No 2 white	38 b	37	40 b
No 3	....	36	39 b
OATS.			
No 2	26¾	26¼	29 b
No 2 white	28½	30 a	32 b
No 3	25	25½	26½

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Oct.	59¾ b	....	...	57¾ n
Nov	60½ b	...	...	58¾ n
Dec.	62⅛	62½	62¼@⅛	60½@⅝ b
May	70⅛ b	70	68⅜	68⅜ a
CORN.				
Oct.	36 b			35¼ b
Dec.	34¾ b	34@⅛	33¼	33¼
Year	34¼	...	..	33 n
Jan	34 n			32¾ n
May	38¼ a	38	36¾	36¾
OATS.				
Oct.	26¾ b	26¾	26¾	26¾
Nov.	27⅝	27¼	27¼	27¼
May.	31@⅛ a	30¾	30¾	30⅝ a

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT				
Dec	65⅝	65⅝	63¾	63⅞
CORN.				
Dec	42¼	42⅛	41	41⅛
OATS.				
May	30¾@⅞	30⅞	30¼	30¼
PORK.				
Jan	14.65	14.50	14.35	14.35
LARD.				
Jan	8 55	8.50	8.45	8.47½
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan	7.62½	7.05	7.45	7.45

CHICAGO—Wheat—Dec. 63⅞c b; May, 71⅛@¼c. Corn—May, 41⅛c a. Oats—May, 30¼@⅞c b. PORK—Oct, $16.25; Jan, $14.35 b. Lard—Oct, 9.55c; Jan, 8.47½c. Short ribs—Oct, 8.50c; Jan, 7.45c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Dec, 70c b; May, 77c a. Corn—Oct, 47c n; May, —c.

TOLEDO—Cash, 61¼c; Oct, 61¼c; Dec, 64⅛c b; May, 71⅛c b.

Grain Inspections.

	In Sacks.	In Cars.	Out Cars.	Bu.
WHEAT.				
No 2 red winter	3,437	31	2	......
No 3 red winter	3,600	33	4	......
No 4 winter	1,165	21	5	......
Rejected winter	246	6	1	......
No grade winter	29	......	......	......
No 2 hard winter	......	4	1	......
No 3 white winter	83	......	......	......
No 3 spring	......	1	......	......
Weevily	......	2	......	......
Total wheat	8,560	99	13	......
CORN.				
No 2	......	14	1	......
No 2 yellow	......	8	......	......
No 2 white	......	10	4	......
Total corn	......	32	5	......
OATS.				
No 2	......	8	......	......
No 3	......	5	......	......
No 2 white	......	5	......	......
No 3 white	......	19	6	......
No 4 white	......	2	1	......
No 3 color	......	1	......	......
Total oats	......	40	7	......
RYE.				
No 2	......	1	......	......
No 3	......	1	......	......
Total rye	......	2	......	......
Grand total	8,560	173	25	......

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	5,131,212	5,114,154	5,877,824
Corn, bu	77,858	81,538	70,638
Oats, bu	122,754	113,672	451,272
Rye, bu	5,063	3,885	21 781
Barley, bu	773	1,173	23,196
No 2 red win wheat	4,510,512	4,500,200	3,074,935
No 2 corn	57,405	60,201	37,589
No 2 white corn	5,277	6,897	17,055
No 2 oats	38,348	35,000	257,716
No 2 rye	4,123	2,945	20,483

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	62,748	65,800	3,016	72,690
Chicago	158,802	476,368	88,644	673,543
Toledo	66,406	21,993	40,400	11,100
Detroit	63,752	2,263	108,133	......
Kansas City	79,300	49,700	......	......
Milwaukee	41,600	5,200	......	......
Minn'polis	318,080	......	34,680	......
Duluth	303,324	......	187,649	......
New York	......	......	......	......
Baltimore	......	......	......	......
Philadel'ha	......	......	......	......
Boston	......	......	......	......

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 5,789 bbls; Chicago, 5,612 bbls; Detroit, 150 bbls; Milwaukee, 715 bbls; Minneapolis, 33,810 bbls.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—Dec—20 at 60½@¾c, 35 at 60⅝c, 10 at 60¾c, 35 at 60⅞c, 10 at 60c, 10 at 61@¼c, 40 at 61⅛c, 40 at 61⅛@¼c, 35 at 61¼c, 60 at 61¼@⅜c, 145 at 61⅞c, 20 at 61⅜@½c, 200 at 61½c, 25 at 61⅝c, 125 at 61¾, 60 at 61¾@⅞c, 185 at 61⅞c, 30 at 61⅞@62c, 255 at 62c, 40 at 62@⅛c, 30 at 62⅛c, 10 at 62¼c, 45 at 62⅜c, 10 at 62½c. May—20 at 68⅜c, 10 at 68½@⅝, 10 at 68½, 10 at 68⅝c, 10 at 68⅝@¾c, 30 at 68⅞c, 10 at 68⅞c, 40 at 69c, 70 at 69@⅛c, 20 at 69⅛c, 20 at 69¼c, 35 at 69⅜c, 10 at 69⅞@70c, 60 at 70c.

Corn—Dec—50 at 33¼c, 5 at 33⅜c, 20 at 33⅜@¼c, 10 at 33¼c, 10 at 33¾@⅞c, 40 at 33⅞c, 10 at 33⅞@34c, 20 at 34c, 20 at 34@⅛c. May—10 at 36¾c, 10 at 37c, 10 at 37⅛c, 10 at 37⅛c, 10 at 37¾, 5 at 37⅞c, 5 at 38c.

Oats—Oct—15 at 26¾c; Nov—5 at 27¼c. May—5 at 30¾c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—Worse and more of it. Great weakness and a pressure to sell starteed right in at the opening, with no buying, save that coming from parties who had profits on puts. From ⅛c lower opening the market declined almost steadily nearly 2c more. The close was at the bottom and 2@2⅛c below yesterday. There was no evidence in the morning news from Washington of an early settlement, by repeal or compromise, of the silver question that has distracted the country and disturbed business for months, but this settlement apparently indefinitely postponed through the stubborn attitude of silver Senators. This was still felt as a heavy weight upon the market, standing off outside and restricting professional trading, especially discouraging those who favored the long side. The smaller clearances for week, the continued heavy movement of spring wheat, 1,000 cars arriving at Duluth and Minneapolis and good of winter wheat, the prospective large increase in the visible and the fine weather also conspired to intensify the bearish feeling. As Eastern wires were down, no early cables were received and seaboard clearances not posted. The New York bank statement was by far the best made in months but did not help Western markets. The closing of all other markets at 12 o'clock left St. Louis playing it alone. In the game that ensued bulls did not take a hand, the bears taking the market and shaving the prices down wherever and whenever they wished, as there was no opposing demand to prevent them. The close was right at the bottom and the only buyers shorts.

FUTURES—Dec opened at 62⅛c and sold to 62c, to 62⅛c, to 61⅞c, to 62c, to 61⅛c, to 61⅛, straight down to 60½@⅝c, which was bid at the close, but afterwards sold at 60½c. May sold at 70c to 69¾c to 69⅞@70c to 68⅜c to 68⅜c, closing at 68⅜c sellers. Early 58⅞c was bid for Oct and 59⅞c for Nov, but at the close Oct was 57¾c and Nov 58¾c, both nominal.

SPOT GRADES—Lower, and the prices bid on call were difficult to obtain afterwards, so sick was the future market. As usual on a Saturday, millers did not want much. No 2 red sold regular at 58½c to 58⅜c (latter 1⅜c decline), but at close not worth over 57⅞c. No 3 red this and East side ⅛c lower at 55⅛c. No 4 winter 1c lower at 53½c. No 2 hard winter offered regular at 56c, bid 55½c.

Sales: No 2 red—7 cars regular at 58⅜c, 12,800 bu and 34 cars do 58½c. No 3 red—8 cars in C "B," 5 in St L, F and M, and 2 this side at 55⅛c. No 4 winter—2 cars in M, 4 regular and 2 this side at 53½c.

SAMPLES—Received, 7,088 sks, 68 cars local, 4 cars through. The market for sample offerings was 1@2c lower, but there was a fair demand at the decline, several millers purchasing quite freely. Sales: Red winter—60 sks musty and 42 rejected at 50c, 118 rejected at 51c, 7x4 No 3 at 53½c, 523 at 54c, 339 at 54½c, 141 at 55c, 679 No 3 at 55½c, 192 at 55¾c, 1,883 at 56c, 275 prime at 56½c, 244 at 57c, 195 choice at 58c, 100 fancy for seed at 59c. In special bin—1 car rejected at 47c, 1 car at 50c, 4 cars No 4 at 54c, 1 car at 54½c, 7 cars at 54½c. East track—1 car weevily at 51c, 1 car No 4 at 53½c, 3 cars at 54½c, 1 car at 55c, 3 cars No 3 at 56½c. This side track—1 car No 4 at 53½c, 1 car No 2 at 58½c.

Corn—This market declined principally because wheat did, but the fine weather, the weakness in Chicago, where receipts were large, and the absence of any good buying enabled the bears to run things as they chose, and they did it. Corn was nearly as weak as wheat and a considerable sight lower from a speculative standpoint, closing 1⅛c below yesterday.

FUTURES—Dec sold at 34@⅛c straight down to 33¼c at the close. May sold at 38c, to 37⅞c to 38c to 36¾c, at the close. Oct 35¼c bid. Nov offered at 35c; no bids.

SPOT GRADES—Lower for No 2, which was in demand at the decline, regular being salable at 35¼c and East Side at 35¾c. No 2 white was wanted in A and U at 38c, but held at 39c. For No 3 do this side 35c bid, more offered. No 3 was not offered and no bids for it.

Sales—No 2—1 car in M and 4 regular at 35¼c, 2 regular at 35c, 15 cars East side at 35¾c.

SAMPLES—Nothing done. Skd lots on orders 43@45c.

Oats—There was some future trading at lower prices, which were due to the general depression that prevailed. Oct sold at 26¾c, Nov at 27¼c and May at 30¾c, with better offered afterwards at 30⅝c.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 not offered on call, where 26c was bid regular, 26¼c for M C D and E side. No 3 offered regular at 25¼c, bid 24c East side.

Samples: Received 82 sacks and 37 cars. On fancy offerings, which were light, the market was about steady, the few cars of this class selling early at about yesterday's range. Later, the market eased off and sold down to ¼@½c, and at the close average run of samples freely offered at 1@1½c below yesterday's average sales, but buyers could not be induced to take hold only in a small way. Sales were as follows:

By sample in special bin—1 car fancy No 2 white at 30c, 4 No 2 white at 28½c, 3 do No 3 white at 28c, 5 No 3 white at 27½c, 4 poor 1 musty do at 27¼c, 2 No 4 white and 1 choice No 2 at 27c, 1 No 2 and 3 No 4 white at 26¾c, 8 No 3 white at 26½c, 4 No 3 at 25c.

By sample on track this side—1 car fancy No 2 white at 31¾c, 1 do No 2 Northern at 29c, 3 No 3 white at 27½c, 1 No 2 at 27c, 1 No 3 at 26c. East track—1 car No 3 at 26c. Sacked lots on orders, 31@32c.

Rye—Some No 4 offered and sales made of 1 car regular at 36c by grade and 1 car in special bin at 38c by sample. No 2 offered at 44c, bid 42c.

Barley—The demand keeps up on a liberal scale, with prices holding about steady. Sales: Iowa—1 car at 50c, 2 cars at 51c. 25,000 bu at 58c, 15,000 bu at 60c, 30,000 bu on p t. Minnesota—7 cars at 52½c.

Hay.

Received 635 tons; shipped 73 tons. The market was sluggish. The small demand that existed was mainly for the top grades and trading was principly in these, but the amount traded in was small and at about unchanged prices. Medium and low grades dull and dragging.

Sales this side: Mixed—2 cars at $8, 3 at $8.50, 3 at $9, 1 at $9.75, 1 at $10.50. Timothy—2 cars strictly prime at $10, 2 about choice at $10.50, 3 choice at $11, 1 strictly do at $11.50, 1 fancy at $12, 4 strictly do at $13, 6 do free of storage at $13.50, 1 extra do at $14. Prairie—1 car at $6.50, 1 at $6.80, 4 at $7, 3 at $7.50, 5 at $8, 4 free of storage at $8.50, 2 do at $9. East side—Timothy, 1 car at $10, 3 at $11, 2 at $11.50, 3 at $12.50, 2 at $13, 1 at $13.50.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—The flour market was in a demoralized condition in sympathy with wheat. The only sale reported was 1,000 bbls on p t.

Quotations entirely nominal, but lower prices are indicated by the present price of wheat.

Patent	$3 05@3 20	Choice	$2 15@2 25
Extra fancy	2 70@2 80	Family	2 00@2 10
Fancy	2 40@2 50	Rye flour	3 10@3 25

Cornmeal—Steady. On orders—Cornmeal, $1.90 1.95 per bbl; pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.45 @2.55.

Bran—Small offerings and a quiet market. Sales: East track—7 cars skd at 59c, 5 do at 60c, 2 sks mids at 70c.

Provisions

Market dull and easier.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $18.25; on orders, $18.75.

Lard—Prime steam offered at 9¼@⅜c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 6⅝c; longs and c'ribs, 9⅛c; shorts, 9¾c; boxed, 15c higher.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7¾c; longs, 10¾c; c'ribs, 10⅞c; shorts, 11¼c. On orders—Longs, 11¾c; c'ribs, 11⅞c; short clear, 12@¼c.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 7¾c; bellies, 9c; shoulders, 7½c.

Highwines—Higher at $1.14.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Quiet and steady. Sale—2 cars at 3¼c.

Spelter—Sellers at 3.27½c.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Choice and fancy in good demand and steady. Anything below this class was dull and slow. We quote fancy, $2.75@3; choice, $2.25@2.50; fair, $1.75@2; poor, $1@1.25 per bbl. Sales: 2 cars Eastern at $2 80, 1 car do at $3.

Quinces—The market is largely overstocked, and the condition of arrivals mainly specked. Demand limited and sales slow at $1.50@3.50 per bbl, according to quality.

Peaches—Michigan and Ohio furnish the only offerings, condition of which was poor, mostly over-ripe and specked. Buyers were slow to take hold of this class of stock, and on the little moving prices were low. We quote: Ohio, 10@25c per peck basket and Michigan, 40@45c per ½-bu basket.

Pears—Demand limited, mainly for choice fruit, which sold at $3.50@3 75 per bbl for Eastern; Kiefer brought 45@50c per ⅓-bu and 80@90c per ⅔-bu boxes. Most of the arrivals were in poor condition and sold far below the above, according to condition.

Grapes—Under more favorable weather conditions the demand was better and the movement larger, with prices ruling steady. We quote: Delawares, 28@30c; Pocklington and Niagaras, 18@20c; Catawbas, slow at 15@16c; Ohio Concords, 14c; NewYork do 15@16c per 9-lb basket.

Lemons—Steady. We quote: Fancy, $5.50@6; Rodi, $6@6.50; common, $3.50; Florida, $2.00 per box.

Oranges—Florida and Louisiana furnished the only offerings. Demand fair. We quote: Florida, $3.25@4, and Louisiana, $3@3.50; Mexican, $3.50@4.00 per box.

Bananas—We quote: Selections on orders—Small, $1@1.10; medium, $1.25@1.35; large, $1.50@1.75; Jumbo, $2@2.25 per bunch.

Dates—New Persian Halloween, 60-℔ boxes, 5c ⅌ ℔; Fards, 12-℔ boxes, 7c; 60-℔ boxes, 6c ⅌ ℔.

Figs—Layers in boxes—Fancy, 14@16c; choice, 12@13c; prime, 11@12c ⅌ ℔. Ovals, $3 per 100.

California Fruits—Demand fair. We quote: Grapes—Toka, $2.75@3 ⅌ 40-℔ case. Peaches—$1@1.10; plums, $1@1.25 ⅌ 20-lb case. Pears—Bartlett, $3@3.25; "B" Clargo, $2@2.25; "B" Hardy, $2@2.25; Vicar, $2@2.25; Howell and "B" D'Anjon, $2 25@2.50 ⅌ 40-℔ case.

Cranberries—New Cape Cod are selling slowly at $5@5.50 ⅌ bbl.

Dried Fruit—The feeling is very firm on all descriptions of both apples and peaches, and the advances in prices have been well sustained. The fact is that receipts are much below expectations, and indicate that the crop is very light. A good demand has developed, partly for speculative account. Sun-dried apples range at 4½c to 5½c; evaporated rings at 7@7½c for poor to 8½@9c for choice; evaporated quarters at 5½@6c; peelings and cores at 1c; chopped at ⅝c. Peaches—Sun-dried at 3¾@4¼c; evaporated peeled, 10c. A car dark and fermented apples sold on p t and smaller lots at quotations.

Vegetables.

Transactions on the daily call at the Fruit and Produce Exchange were as follows: Onions—1 load fancy red at 57c, 1 load globes at 63c.

Potatoes—Received, 8,124 bu; shipped, 5,024 bu. There was no material change in the situation; trading small and mainly local at unchanged prices. We quote: Good stock, 53@60c, and fair, 45@52½c.

Sweet Potatoes—Fair supply and demand at $2.25 per bbl for red and yellow, and $1.75 for Bermudas.

Onions—Received, 5,036 bu; shipped, 1,197 bu. Dull and weak. Considerable inferior and damaged stock offering, for which there was no demand, even the peddlers buying sparingly. Choice stock in moderate request. Fancy Eastern sold at 60@63c per bu; Missouri dull at 35@50c; Iowa range from 25@40 for inferior to 50@55c for choice. Sales: 1 car damaged at 35c per bu del, small sack lots on Levee at 40c.

Spanish Onions—Fair supply and demand at $1 @1 10 per case.

Cabbage—Supply and demand fair. We quote: Michigan, $13@15, and New York $15@16.50 per ton in bulk delivered. On orders the billing price was $1.75@2 per crate.

Carrots—Fair sale at $1.50@1.75 per bbl.

Celery—Receipts and demand fair at 25@75c per doz, according to quality.

Beets—Fair sale at $1.50@1.75 per bbl.

Egg Plant—Steady at 65c per doz for large, 50c for medium and 35c for small.

Green Corn—Steady at 12½c per doz.

Gumbo—Home-grown in fair supply and demand at 75c@$1 per bu.

Green Peppers—Slow sale at 50c for green and $1 for red ⅌ bu.

Horseradish—Good demand at $5.50 ⅌ bbl.

Parsnips—Fair sale at $2.00 ⅌ bbl.

Rutabagas—Bulk sells in a jobbing way at 35c ⅌ bu delivered.

Sauer Kraut—New sells at $3.75@4 ⅌ bbl and $2@2.25 ⅌ ½-bbl.

String Beans—Fair supply and good demand at $1.25@1.50 ⅌ bu.

Turnips—Sell at $1.50@1.75 ⅌ bbl.

Tomatoes—Salable at 50@60c ⅌ bu.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seed—Clover actively traded in at about steady prices; 2 sks weedy sold at $6 per 100 lbs, 8 sks at $8.15, 7 at $8 25, 8 at $8.30, 21 at $8.40, 7 at $8.45, 54 at $8.46, 8 at $8.47. Timothy quiet and easy at $3 10 to $3.25, a lot of 162 sks selling at $3.22½. Red top quiet, 52 sks selling at $3 06, 35 at $3.30.

Flaxseed—Nominally lower. The best bid was $1.02.

Hemp Seed—Nominal at $1.40 pure test.

Castor Beans—Prime salable at $1.25 in car lots and $1.20 for smaller quantities.

Eggs.

Received, 681 cases; shipped, 99 cases. The market was better, being stimulated by cooler weather. There has as yet been no particular improvement in the quality of the eggs received, nor any improvement in the demand, though all indications point to a better market. Good stock sold at 16c per doz and Arkansas and Southern at 14½@15c.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—The supply of table butter continues to fall short of requirements and the market rules firm for such. The demand has been restricted to some extent by high prices and the substitutes are being used to a large extent, and on the whole the trade is quieting down considerably.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separator	28@30	Choice	26@27
Gathered cream	26@27	Seconds	20@23
Grease stock.		Country packed.	
Average	@	Fair to choice	12@13

Cheese—With supplies very light the market rules firm under a fair demand. Full cream twins, 12c; singles, 12½c; Young America, 11¾c; brick, 11½@12c; Limberger, 11½@12c. Swiss—Choice, 13@14c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—There was a better tone to the poultry market in general and higher prices were paid for chickens in a jobbing way, though shippers were slow to pay the advance. The receipts of chickens were much lighter and the old stock about all cleaned up, leaving the market in pretty good shape for next week. Good dressing turkeys were in demand with cooler weather, but most of the stock coming was small and scrubby and for that reason prices were no better. There was also a demand for fat ducks and geese.

Spring chickens.		Old chickens.	
Average stock	7	Hens	7
Roosters	6	Roosters, old	4
Turkeys.		Geese.	
Young, choice	9	Poor to choice	5 @ 6
Young, poor	8	Ducks.	
Old	8	Poor to choice	6 @ 7

Game—Receipts not large, but the condition of arrivals was much better than for some time past. Excepting for ducks and snipe, which were slow sale, there was a fairly good inquiry, and while the market was not quotably higher, it was firmer. We quote: Grouse, young, $3.50; old, $2.50; quail, $1.75; snipe, $1; wood duck, 75@90c; mixed, 75@90c; mallard, $2.75; teal, $1.50; woodcock, $6; pigeons, 75c; rabbits, 60c@$1; squirrel, 75c@$1; frogs' legs, 25@50c ⅌ doz; wild turkeys—Toms, 12c; hens, 10c ⅌ ℔; venison saddles, 12@13c; carcasses, 10@11c ⅌ ℔.

Live Veals—As usual on Saturdays, receipts and offerings were light, but ample for the demand, and there was no change in prices to note. We quote: Fancy small fat, 5c; medium, 4c; heretics, rough and thin, 2@2½c per lb.

Sheep—Steady at 2½@3c per lb.

Lambs—Dull. We quote: Fancy, 2½@3c, and choice, 2c per lb.

Hides, Feathers, Pelts, Etc.

Hides—Market quiet and the feeling weak.

On selection.		Round.	
Green salted, No 1	3¼	Green salted	3 @3½
Green salted, No 2	2½	D F West & Tex.	5 @5½
Dry flint, No 1	6	Southern	4 @4½
Dry flint, No 2	4½	Glue, green	1
Dry salted, No 1	4¾	Glue, dry	2½
Dry salted, No 2	3¾	Dry salted	4

Feathers—Firm, but unchanged. Prime in demand, old stock dull. Prime white, large sks, 36c; small sks, 37c; prime gray mixed, 32@33c; prime gray, 30c; old—X, 28@30c; XX, 15@18c; XXX, 8@10c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken, dry picked, 4c. Duck—white, 30c; dark, 20c; tare, 3 to 10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Slow at 30c to 50c; lambs, 25@40c; green salted shearlings, 10@15c; dry, 5@15c; dry fallen, 4½@5½c per lb.

Deer and Antelope Skins—Deer skins—Prime, 20c; damaged, half price; antelope, 12@12½c.

Goat Skins—Slow at 10@15c apiece.

Tallow—Firm and wanted; Prime, 5c per lb; No 2, 4¼@4½c; cake, 5¼c.

Beeswax—Steady. Prime, 20½@21c.

Roots—Ginseng, $1.80@2.20, extra large, more; seneca, 23@25c; snake, 14@15c; golden seal, 12@13c; May apple, 1@1½c; pink, 13@14c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 3½@4½c; Angelica, 4½@5c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3c; bark of root, 7c; beth, 4c; blood, 1@2½c; blue flag, with fiber, 3c; without, 5c.

Wool.

There was very little business in wool the past week, sales being confined to small lots of bright stock. The action of the Senate in regard to the silver bill and its depressing effect in financial and commercial circles, in connection with the strikes inaugurated in a number of woolen mills in the East, were influences very damaging to the wool market. The condition of affairs as regards wool are about as bad as they were during the panic some time ago.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.

Med. combing	16 @16½	Light fine	12 @13
Med. clothing	15½@16	Heavy fine	10 @11
Coarse & braid	14 @14½	Slightly burry	12 @13
Low and cotted	12 @12½	Hard burry	9 @10

KANSAS AND NEBRASKA.

Medium	14 @14½	Light fine	11 @12
Coarse	12 @13	Heavy fine	9 @10
Fine medium	12 @12½	Sandy & earthy	7 @10

TEXAS, INDIAN TERRITORY, ARKANSAS, ETC.

8 to 12 months.		4 to 6 months.	
Medium	15 @15½	Medium	13 @14
Coarse	13 @14	Coarse and low	10 @12
Fine medium	12 @13	Fine medium	11 @12
Light fine	11 @12	Light fine	10 @11
Heavy fine	8 @10	Heavy fine	7 @ 9
Sandy & earthy	7 @ 9	Sandy & earthy	6 @ 8
Hard burry	8 @ 9	Hard burry	7 @ 8

MONTANA, WYOMING, DAKOTA, ETC.

Bright medium	14½@15	Fine medium	12 @13
Fair medium	13½@14	Light fine	11 @12
Low and coarse	10 @12	Heavy fine	9 @10

TUBWASHED.

Choice	25	Coarse	21 @22
Fair	23 @24	Low and cotted	20 @21

Miscellaneous Markets.

Broom Corn—Receipts continue light and the market weak. Buyers are slow in purchasing and take stock only as needed. Common quotable at 2@2¼c, fair at 2½@2¾c, choice at 3@3½c per ℔. Damaged and crooked half price.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Wrought, 40c; heavy cast and trimmings, 25c; plow and steel, 20c; stove plate, 15c; malleable, 10c; burnt, 20c. Brass—Heavy, 5c; light, 3½c. Copper, 5c; babbit metal and lead, 3c; zinc, 2c; pewter, 9c.

Rags, Etc.—Rags, 60c; old rubber, $2; old rope No 1, $1; No 2, 35c.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 5¼c; 2½-bu, 5¾c; 3-bu, 6¼c; 4-bu, 7½c; 5-bu, 7¾c; 6-bu, 8c. Cotton, seamless, 12½@20c; wool, 22@30c. Flour, 98-℔, 6½c; 200-℔, 18c.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 80c; lard oil, 55c; linseed oil, 60c; black oil, 30c; vinegar, 50c; whisky, 50c; ½-bbls, 30c; sugar, 12@15c.

Salt—Domestic, 80c ⅌ bbl this side and 75c East side.

Oils—Linseed, raw, 38c; boiled, 41c. Castor oil, best, 14c; No 3, 11c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 45c; white, 46c; winter yellow, 50c; white, 51c. For small lots more charged.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Hoosier flour bbls, $2 50@3; cooper flour bbls, $4.50@5; flour, ½-bbls, $2@2.50. Pork bbls, $7@8; lard tcs, $8.50@9; hickory, $10@11. Staves, flour bbls, $6.25; culls or seconds, $3@3.50; beer kegs, $16@18; lard tcs, $22; pork bbls, $16. Headings—Flour bbls, 4½c per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoop, 32½@33c; flat hoop, 28c; ½-bbls, 22c; meal bbls, 24c; produce bbls, 21@23c; pork bbls, 75c; ½-bbls, 60c; lard tcs, 95c; ½-tcs, 60c.

Hoops—A car cooper shaved flour bbl hoops sold at $5.50.

Bagging—1½-℔, 5c; 1¾-℔, 5¼c; 2-℔, 5¾c; 2¼-℔, 6¼c. Cotton ties, 95c@$1. Twine, 10c.

Bones—Choice bleached, $15.50@16 per ton; slaughter-house stock, $7@9.

White Beans—Eastern jobbing at $1.90@1.95 for pea beans and $1.85 for medium, Lima at 3¼@3½c. Country lots salable at $1.40@1.70.

Peas—Scotch, $1.45; green, $1.30.

Pecans—Texas, 4½@5c; Western, 3½@3¾c.

Chestnuts—Maryland and Virginia, 8@10c per lb.

Peanuts—Nominal at 1½c to 3½c per lb.

Moss—Gray, 1@1½c per lb; gray and brown mixed, 2@2½c; black, 3c.

Commercial Notes.

The German rye crop is estimated at 225,000,000 bu, where it was 251,000,000 bu last year.

Fall work in Italy is reported to be progressing rapidly under favorable conditions.

The Prussian official report has this year's rye crop 13.2 per cent. above an average or about equal to last year's crop.

Advices from State of Washington are that a good many of the wheat fields yielded as high as 35 to 40 bu per acre.

New Orleans cleared yesterday 24,000 bu wheat for Bremen and 35,000 for Barcelona.

This morning's wheat market was pneumatic-tired and ball bearing and another record went to smash.

As Chicago banks will hereafter close at 12 o'clock on Saturdays the Chicago Board of Trade will do likewise.

All communication with the East by wire was cut cut off this morning, a severe storm last night having prostrated all wires along the seaboard.

Exports of flour and wheat from both coasts this week equivalent to 2,862,000 bu, against 3,190,000 bu last week and 3,625,000 for corresponding week last year.

All the St. Louis mills were running this week and the flour output was 80,500 bbls, against 76,500 bbls last week and 97,200 bbls for corresponding week last year.

Mail advices are that recently quite a large number of vessels have been chartered to carry corn from Danubian ports, and an early increase in exports thence is anticipated.

Dispatches from Washington state that the weekly weather and crop bulletin which has been issued during the summer months will be discontinued during the winter months, a monthly bulletin being issued until the opening of the growing season in the spring.

The West India storm moved rapidly up the Atlantic coast yesterday and was central in the upper St. Lawrence Valley this morning. At Buffalo, N. Y., the barometer reading was 28.9 inches and the center of the storm to the Northeast of that city undoubtedly showed considerable lower pressure. Strong Southwesterly gales prevail in the lower Lake regions. Rains of over quarter of an inch are reported from the western boundry of the Lake region. Local forecast: Fair Saturday and Sunday; nearly stationary temperature.

The predictions are that out of the crop of spring wheat Minneapolis will require 50,000,000 bu, Duluth 15,000,000 bu, country mills 10,000,000 bu, leaving only about 10,000,000 bu besides the consumption (provided the crop amounted to 100,000,000 bu) to be shipped to Eastern markets. This estimate, of course, does not count in the supply of old wheat carried over.

From the South of Russia, reports state that the dry weather is unfavorable for autumn sowing, but from the North we have complaints of the injurious effects of the prolonged rainfall upon the crops lying in the fields. The southern markets have not been very active, owing to the low prices offering from Western Europe, and the exports from Russia continue on a smaller scale than had been expected. The fresh supplies are, however, augmenting, and the stock at Odessa has increased to about 350,000 qrs.

Russian and Swedish shippers o oats, as well as those in Ireland, also find better prices obtainable in France than England. The French crop is, in fact, about 9,000,000 qrs below the usual annual consumption, which is an immense deficit to cover; but economy and substitutes will do much. The fact that the American crop is so short, lends, however, a good deal of feasibility to the opinion that oats are likely this year to rule comparatively very dear. Stockholm advices report an absence of supplies of new, and an inability to fill the numerous buying orders received. From Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, Sweden exported 950,000 qrs, against 240,000 qrs last year, and thus pretty well exhausted her surplus. Only a relatively small export movement is expected this season.—[London Corn Trade List.

The St. Louis and Kansas City Modern Miller of this date says: Wheat seeding in Kansas is progressing rapidly and reports show that in some localities in Western Kansas farmers calculate upon increasing the acreage. The remainder of the State will be about an average acreage if farmers' plans mature as they now promise. Seeding in the Cherokee strip is keeping settlers busy. In the remainder of Oklahoma it is practically finished and the growing plant looks well. A good deal of seeding has been done in Nebraska, but indications point to a reduced winter wheat acreage. Texas farmers have seeded a full average acreage. Advices covering Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee indicate that fall seeding is completed. Though late, the weather conditions for some time have been so favorable that the present condition of the plant is seasonable; that which is above ground is in fine shape and has a good start. The acreage is about an average. Farmers are now offering wheat more freely, as their fall work is done and their planted crop in good condition. Country stocks of wheat in Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma are very low and do not promise any increase at present prices. The fine weather for the past two weeks was just what was needed to complete seeding conditions in Western Kansas and the Cherokee Strip.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

The receipts for the week were 22,493 cattle, 15,076 hogs, and 6,674 sheep. Since Jan. 1 the total was 678,807 cattle, 866,047 hogs, and 351,723 sheep.

Cattle—The native cattle market has been fairly active during the past week. There has been a scarcity of good, well finished export and butcher steers. Though the general run only averaged common to fair the local demand absorbed all the offerings at comparatively strong prices. Texas cattle have been in good demand all week. Dressed beef house made liberal purchases of these as well as natives and kept the pens well cleared up. The following is the range of values for native cattle. Steers—choice to fancy export, 1,400 to 1,700 ℔s, $5.20@5.50; good shipping and export, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs, $4.70@5.10; fair to medium shipping and export, 1,350 to 1,450 lbs, $4.35@4.65; coarse heavy weights, $4.00@$4.30; choice corn-fed butchers, 1,205 to 1,300 lbs, $4.50@5.00; good well-finished corn-fed, 1,100 to 1,250 lbs, $4@4.35; medium butchers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, $3.25@3.90; fair butchers, all weights up to 1,100 lbs, sell at $2.60@3.00; common light, $2.10@2.50; feeding, fair to good, $2.60@3.20.

Common to fair stockers, $1.25 to $1.85, good $o to $2.50. Cows—Choice to fancy native cows and heifers sell at $3.10 to $3.60; good native cows and heifers sell at $2.50 to $3; fair to medium native cows are quotable at $2 to $2.40, the general run of Southwest at $1.90 to $2.30; inferior, light and old cows, $1.25 to $1.80. Butcher bulls in good condition, $1.75 to $2; choice, $2.25 to $2.75; sausage bulls and thin stuff generally, $1.25 @1.65. The general run of the bulls sold at $1.60@1.85. Veal calves full range, $4@5 per 100 lbs; bulk of sales, $4.25@4.75 per 100 lbs; heretics, $3@5 per head or $1.25@1.60 per 100 lbs; yearlings, $1.40@3 per 100 lbs; milk stock, common to choice cows and calves, $15@37; common to medium cows and calves at $10@18; good, at $20@28; choice to extra, $30@36, and possible higher for fancy.

Hogs—This market developed considerable strength during the last half of the week. Packers who have not been killing for some time have resumed operations and are now well under way on their winter operations. Shippers had more orders than they could fill and at no time during the past three days was there enough hogs in this market to supply the wants of the trade, though prices have been relatively higher here than in any other market. Shippers will find it to their advantage to turn their hogs this way as the market is now in a position to take care of considerable more than have arrived lately.

Sheep—This market has been very irregular. The receipts during the week consisted largely of stockers, half fat sheep and lambs. These kinds continued as dull as ever. There being but little competition, buyers generally succeeded in buying them at their own prices. The local trade took care of all good sheep and lambs at good strong prices. Low grades and half fat mutton ranged $1.50 to $2.50 per 100 lbs, fair to medium mixed lots of natives sold at $2.70 to $3.20 and good sheep $3.25 to $3.55. Fair to choice lambs range $3.25 to $4 per 100 lbs, but very few of the lambs on the market this week were good enough to sell at the latter price.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000, of which 700 were Texans; shipments, 1,000; not a sufficient number on sale to make a market; top steers nominal at $5 60@5.80; medium and good, $5@5.25; others, $4.50@4.95. Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; shipments, 5,000; steady on best, a trifle lower on packers; mixed and packers, $6.25@6.40; rough and common, $6.10@6.15; prime heavy and butchers' weights, $6 60@6.75; light, $6.75@6.80. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2,000; shipments none; steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,100; shipments, 3,600; market closed dull and weak. Texas and shipping steers, $2.10@5.50; native and Texas cows, $1@3.15; butcher stock, $3.50@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.70. Hogs—Receipts, 4,800; shipments, 800; market 5@10 lower; bulk of sales, $6.40@6.55; extreme range, $6@6.60. Sheep—Receipts, 1,400; shipments, 400; market steady but weak.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; active, stronger; native steers, $2.50@5.25; Westerns, $2.50@4; Texas, $2@3; cows, $1.25@2.75; feeders, $2.25@3.65. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; 5@10c lower; heavy and light, $6.25@6.40; bulk, $6.25@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 100; steady, $2@2.35; lambs, $3@4.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Flour dull. Wheat dull; Dec. 77@77 5-16c. Rye dull. Corn weak; Dec, 47⅛@¼c. Oats dull; Western, 33½@33c. Beef, lard, pork, freights and hay steady. Butter dull. Cheese dull, steady. Sugar scarce, higher; refined steady. Petroleum dull. Coffee, tallow, rosin, rice, firm. Turpentine, eggs, quiet.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—The wheat market to-day felt the cutting off of communication with the seaboard. Trade was dull and the price weak. Schwartz-Dupee and Counselman & Day sold wheat presumably on orders that leaked through from New York. Scalpers bought early, sold later. Pardridge covered some, so did Brant Walker and John Barrett. Dec opened ⅛c lower, at 65⅛c, and declined to 63¾@⅞c. Northwestern elevator people have reduced the price of wheat in the country to 45c a bu, and this, it is believed, is so low as to be likely to shut off offerings. Corn was fully as dull as wheat and relatively much weaker in the absence of support such as was given yesterday. May opened ⅛c lower at 42⅛c and declined to 41c. Money receipts are expected to be very heavy. Provisions were weak, expected large arrivals Monday and subsequently Jan pork opened 10c lower at $14.55 and declined to $14.37½.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Close—Wheat steady; cash, 61¼c; Dec, 63⅞c; May, 71⅛@¼c. Corn lower; cash, 37¼c; Dec, 37⅜c; May, 4 ⅛c. Oats easy; cash, 25⅞c; Dec, 26⅞c; May, 30¼. Pork easy; cash, $16.25; Jan, $14.35. Lard easy; cash, 9.55c; Jan, 8.47½c. Ribs easy; cash, 8.50c; Jan, 7.45c. Rye dull, 42c. Flaxseed easy, $1.03½@1.04. Timothy seed steady, $3.35. Butter and eggs steady. Whisky, $1.12.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 14.—Corn active, easier; No 2, 38c; No 3, 37c. Oats irregular, easier; No 2 white, 27½@¾c; No 3 white, 26@27c. Rye scarce, nominal; No 2, 45@46c. Whisky firm; wines, $1.12; spirits, $1.14. Receipts—Wheat, 1,800 bu; corn, 3,800 bu; oats, 8,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 8,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 2,000 bu; corn, 19,000 bu; oats, 75,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 8,000 bu.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 14.—Corn firm; mixed, 52c; yellow, 52½@53c; white, 52c. Oats firm; choice, 16@16½c; prime, 13½@15c. Bran firm; 77½c. Cornmeal quiet; $2.15@2.20. Receipts—578 sks and 775 bbls flour, 1,068 sks oats, 7,353 sks rye, 579 bales hay, 275 bbls cornmeal.

Oil Markets.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 14.—S. W., 110, 5⅝c; 74 gasoline, 7c; 86 gasoline, 10c; 63 naphtha, 6½c.

TERMINAL ASSOCIATION MEETING.

All the Members Reticent About the Business Transacted.

In response to a call issued several days ago for a special meeting of the Terminal Railroad Association, President Taussig, General Supt. Doddridge of the Missouri Pacific, Vice-President C. G. Warner of the Missouri Pacific, Milton H. Smith of the Louisville & Nashville, General Manager C. M. Hays of the Wabash, President O. W. Tracy of the Ohio & Mississippi and E. P. Bryan, Superintendent of the L. & N. Terminal, met in executive session at noon to-day in the private office of General Manager Hays to consider several matters which President Taussig characterized in his call "as of especial interest to the association." The railroad magnates remained behind closed doors just fifteen minutes, when members of the board began to leave, one at a time, Dr. Taussig being one of the first to take his departure. Vice-President Warner of the Missouri Pacific was the last one to leave, in company with General Manager Hays. When asked what was accomplished at the meeting, Mr. Warner replied: "Not a thing. There was not a full representation present and we agreed to meet in the course of the next thirty days, the exact date to be fixed by the chairman."

"Then the resignation of Dr. Taussig was not accepted."

"No, we did not accomplish anything at all, no business of any kind was referred to. Dr. Taussig resigned some months ago, his resignation to take effect in March, but we have not accepted it and don't want to, for we desire to keep him where he is."

"Is it not a fact that the meeting was called to complete the arrangements recently perfected between the two bridge companies, whereby the corporations would be placed under one management?"

"I most positively will not state what the object of the meeting was; it will probably come out when we hold a meeting, but I hardly think before that time."

Dr. Taussig and other members of the association are equally as reticent, claiming that the meeting was called for the purpose of transacting private business that would be of no interest to the public.

The Clever Czar.

From Texas Siftings.

Grocer: "Mr. Slowpay, do you know why the Czar of Russia would make a success in the grocery business?"

Mr. Slowpay: "I don't think I do."

Grocer: "Well it's because he doesn't trust anybody."

FINANCIAL.

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MONEY.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

	Clearings.	Balances.
To-day	$3,206,352	$454,082
This week	21,783,516	2,539,226
Last week	20,348,746	2,797,375
Corresponding week, 1892	26,808,283	2,445,174

Exchange quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	90c prem	Chicago	par
Cincinnati		Louisville	par
New Orleans	50 dist		

Wall Street.

WALL STREET, Oct. 14.—There was no special feature to the stock market this morning, most of the activity being in industrials. Stocks opened steady at yesterday's closing quotations, sold up slightly, easing off later. Sugar opened 89⅝, Chicago Gas, 51⅞; Distillers, 30¼; C., B. & Q., 78⅛; Central Pacific, 20; Erie, 13⅜; Missouri Pacific, 3; Northern Pacific, 19⅛; Union Pacific, 15⅝; Western Union, 80¾.

Money easy, 2. Mercantile paper, 6@9. Sterling exchange dull, demand 485@485¼; sixty days, 482@¾. Posted rates unchanged. Commercial bills, 481¼@482. Silver certificates, 73¼. Bar, 72¾. Mexican, 58½. Stocks closed fairly firm; advances ¼ to 2 from yesterday's closing.

Close—Market featureless throughout, activity being confined chiefly to industrials. Chicago Gas, after considerable fluctuating closed at 58, Sugar at 90½; Distillers at 31, C., B. & Q. advanced 79⅛, closed at 78⅞; Rock Island at 61⅛; St. Paul, 57⅝; Western Union, 80¾; Union Pacific advanced 16⅛, closed 15⅞; Northern Pacific declined to 18¾, closed 19½; Erie closed 13⅛.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
American Tob., com				
American Tob. pfd.				
Atchison	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
Balt. & Ohio				
Canada Southern	46¼			46¼
Ches. & Ohio, com				
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey				
Chicago & Alton com.				
Chicago Gas Trust	58⅛	58⅝	58	58
C., C., C. & St. L.	32	32	31¾	32
Chicago & East. Ill.				
Chi., R. I. & P	62	62	61⅛	61⅛
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	78⅛	79⅛	78⅛	78⅞
Chi., M. & St. P. com	57¼	58¼	57⅛	58¼
Chi., M. & St. P. pfd	116			116
Chi. & N. W. common	100¼	100½	99½	99¾
Col. Fuel & Iron				
Cotton Oil common				
Cotton Oil pfd				
Del., Lack. & W	151½	151¾	151½	151¾
Del. & Hudson	121			121
Edison General	43	44	43	43¾
Erie common	13⅝	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛
Erie, pfd.				
Erie, 2ds				
Hocking Valley	22¼	22¾	21¼	21¼
Illinois Central				
Laclede Gas, com	14¼			14¼
Laclede Gas, pfd				
Laclede Gas, bonds				
Lake Erie & W., com				
Lake Erie & W., pfd				
Lake Shore	121¼			121¼
Louisville & Nashville	44	44¼	44	44¼
Lead, com.	26¼	26¼	25¼	25¼
Lead, pfd.				
Linseed Oil				
Michigan Central				
Missouri Pacific	22¼	22¾	22	22
M., K. & T., pfd				
Manhattan Elevated				
Manitoba				
Nash. & Chat				
National Cordage, com	25⅛	26	25⅛	26
National Cordage, pfd				
New York & New Eng	27	27½	26⅞	27½
New York Central				
N. Y. C. & St. L., com				
N. Y. C. & St. L., 1st pfd				
N. Y. C. & St. L., 2d pfd				
North America	5			5
Northern Pacific, com				
Northern Pacific, pfd	19½	19½	19½	[illegible]
Ohio Southern				
Ohio & Mississippi, com				
Ontaria & Western				
Omaha, com.	33¼			33¼
Omama, pfd.				
Pacific Mail	15⅞			15⅞
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	7			7
Philadelphia & Reading	16½	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝
Pullman Palace Car	166½			166½
Richmond Terminal				
Silver				
Southern Pacific				
Sugar com	89⅝	90½	90	90⅛
Sugar pfd				
Tenn. Coal and Iron	14			14
Texas & Pacific				
Tol., Ann H. & Mich	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
Union Pacific	16¼	16¼	15⅜	15⅞
United States Rubber com				
United States Rubber pfd				
Wabash, St. L. & P., pfd				
Wabash St. L. & P. pfd	14⅝			14⅝
Western U. T. Co	81	81¼	80¾	80¾
Wheeling Com	13¼			13¼
Wheeling pfd	42¾			42¾
Whisky Trust	30½	32⅛	30½	31
Wisconsin Central				

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, Rialto Building, 218 North Fourth street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
2 ⅌ cent bonds	Opt'nal.	J S D & M	98	100
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J A J & O	110⅝	111¼

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	90	92½
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	95	97
City 4s, 10-20s, sterling	1902—05	Various	98	100
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	98½	100
City 4s, sterling	1908	April and Oct	98½	100
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	98½	100
City 5s, sterling	1900	Jan and July	99	101
City 6s, Park 6s	1898—94	Various	99	100
City 6s, sterling	1895—96	Various	101	104
City 6s, sterling	1898—99	Various	105	107
County sterling	1905	April and Oct	110	115

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo Pac consols	1920	May and Nov	84	86
Mo Pac 3ds	1896	May and Nov	104½	106½
No Mo 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	102	104
K P 1st m 6s	1895	Feb and Aug	102	104
K P 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	103½	105
K P D Ex 6s	1899	May and Nov	109	110
K P consols	1919	May and Nov	80	[illegible]
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, Class A	1906	May and Nov	107	109
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, Class B	1906	May and Nov	107	109
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, Class C	1906	May and Nov	107	109

THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 14, 1893.

STATIONS.	Gauge reading	Change in 24 hours.	STATIONS.	Gauge reading	Change in 24 hours.
Pittsburg	6.2	+0.5	Alton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Parkersburg	5.0	+3.8	Pierre	3.8	0.0
Cincinnati	6.5	-0.4	Omaha	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville	4.7	-0.1	Kansas City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nashville	2.9	+1.5	Boonville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chattanooga	2.5	+0.1	Arlington	[illegible]	[illegible]
Florence			Hermann	[illegible]	[illegible]
Decatur			St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul	2.9	0.0	Chester	[illegible]	[illegible]
La Crosse	2.8	0.0	Girardeau	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dubuque	2.8	0.0	Cairo	[illegible]	[illegible]
Davenport	1.5	0.0	Memphis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Keokuk	1.2	0.0	Ft. Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]
Keokuk Rapids	1.0	0.0	Little Rock	[illegible]	[illegible]
Quincy	1.4	-0.2	Vicksburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hannibal	1.5	-0.1	Shreveport	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana	1.3	0.0	New Orleans	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peoria	4.0	0.0			

† Rise. * Fall.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
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For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

Fall Catalogues!
Price Lists and other Commercial Printing done for CASH at Bottom Prices.
MEKEEL'S PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Phone 1001. 1001 LOCUST ST.

CITY NEWS.

JAMES M'NICHOL

Would inform his many friends and patrons that he is now established at his new location, No. 419 North Seventh street, where he can show the choicest line of imported goods in the city, and invites inspection of his friends and the public in general. 419 N. 7th.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

HOW TRANSFERS ARE MADE.

An Insight Into Public School Management Promised by the McElhinney Case.

The circumstances surrounding the transfer of Miss Irene McElhinney, a former teacher at the Marquette School, to the Rock Springs School and the substitution of Miss Nettie Wilson, who formerly taught at the latter school, are not yet clear. A reporter visited Miss McElhinney at the Rock Springs School this morning and obtained in part her version of the affair.

"Dr. Green, an ex-member of the School Board and a very close friend of Principal W. H. Wilcox, is primarily responsible for my transfer," she said. "He has a little 9-year-old daughter, Julia, who was in my class at the Marquette School and she complained to him that I had spoken to her with unnecessary violence and harshness. She is a spoiled child and her great fault is untruthfulness. One day last April, while I was absent from the class-room this little girl told her schoolmates that her papa was going to have me removed. When I entered the room several of the little ones told me of what she had said and also that Dr. Green had visited their parents in an endeavor to accumulate testimony against me. In this he did not succeed."

"My transfer was ordered by Supt. Long at the instigation of his brother-in-law, Mr. Wilcox, and was confirmed in executive session by the Teacher Committee. The patrons of the Marquette School interested themselves in my behalf, but without success. I was never told exactly of what I was accused or what language it was said I had used. To put it mildly, it was a question of veracity between myself and the little girl, for I emphatically deny speaking to her in a violent manner.

"The matter was taken up by President Blair, F. W. Brockman and other members of the board entirely without my solicitation, but I believe at the instance of the patrons of the Marquette School. As these gentlemen have taken the matter in hand, I do not feel at liberty to discuss it with all the freedom I should otherwise like to. Later I may have a fuller and clearer statement to make, but just at present I am as much in the dark as to the exact nature of the charges as any outsider could be."

SUITS $15, $18, $20 AND $25.
Don't stay away if you want the best Black Cheviot Suit for $15 ever offered for sale in St. Louis. If you come to the right clothing house you will get fashionable garments for your money.
MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

Tried to "Work" a Granger.

Thomas Maloney was fined $10 by Judge Paxson for assaulting William Keys of Potosi, Mo., because he refused to pay his car fare. Keys is a confiding ruralist, and when Maloney struck up an acquaintance with him yesterday he proceeded to "work" him. Keys, however, appreciated the situation and endeavored to elude Maloney by boarding a Northern Central electric car. Maloney followed him, and when the conductor asked for his fare he requested Keys to pay it. Keys refused and Maloney assaulted and beat him severely. Officer Headley witnessed the assault and, notwithstanding that the conductor said that Keys was innocent, he locked both men up and sent them to court for disturbing the peace. Judge Paxson discharged Keys and administered a severe rebuke to the officer, saying that the incarceration of Keys in the face of the conductor's story was very reprehensible.

Vandalia & Illinois Central Line.

Direct route to the World's Fair, offers superior accommodations and a $6 round-trip rate. Commencing Sunday, 15th, the rate named will take effect, and remain in effect until the 31st.

FAST DAY SOLID TRAINS

Will run, commencing same date, as follows: Leave St. Louis, 8:40 a. m., arrive World's Fair, 4:30 p. m.; Chicago Depot, 4:55. Leave Chicago 10:15, World's Fair, 10:30 a. m.; arrive in St. Louis at 6:30 p.m. Ticket office 221 Broadway, corner of Olive. Tickets good on Diamond Special also; it leaves St. Louis 9:10 p. m.

The Fruit Vender Held His Own.

Attorney John I. Martin and J. W. Gunn, a fruit dealer, kept Judge Paxson's court in an uproar during the trial of Ignatz Zanzona, who Gunn charges with disturbing his peace. Mr. Martin represented Zanzona, and he endeavored to confuse Gunn in his testimony by a rapid fire of questions. Gunn, however, refused to answer but one question at a time and some very disagreeable personalities were indulged in in which the fruit dealer proved more than a match for the attorney.

The Wabash Reduces the Rate to Chicago

To $3.50 for one-way tickets and $6 for round-trip tickets, good on any of the three superb trains of the Wabash Railroad leaving St. Louis at 7:30 a. m., 9 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Tickets on sale Oct. 15 to Oct. 31, inclusive, good to return until Nov. 15, 1893. Ticket offices, southeast corner Broadway and Olive street and Union Depot.

The Vos Collection.

The paintings and drawings by Prof. Hubert Vos and the other collections at the Museum of Fine Arts may be viewed by the annual members of that institution on Tuesday next, from 8 to 10 o'clock, in the evening. The collection contains paintings in oil and water color and drawings in red chalk and pastel by Prof. Vos, acting Commissioner for Fine Arts for Holland at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Six Dollars

Will be the rate to Chicago and return via the Chicago & Alton Railroad, from Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive. Tickets good to return until Nov. 15.

Ticket offices, 216 North Broadway and Union Depot.

A St. Clair Hotel Blaze.

Fire broke out in a room on the third floor of the St. Clair Hotel, a lodging house at the southwest corner of Third and Market streets, this morning at 10:45 o'clock. Officer Tierney sounded an alarm and the department extinguished the flames before they had made much progress. The building was damaged $100, but the furniture and contents escaped injury. The cause assigned was a defective flue.

ECONOMY COAL

Has no equal. Try a load and be convinced. *Anthracite;* best grades; lowest prices; buy now. Devoy & Feuerborn Coal and Coke Co., 704 Pine street.

NOW THE SKATES.

Legitimate Racing Around New York Closes To-Day.

THE WIND-UP ON THE WESTERN CIRCUIT WILL COME AT NASHVILLE.

Winter Racing Prospects—The Mexican Derby Will Be Decided on the First Sunday in December—Among the Fighters—Billy Joyce May Sue the Washington Club.

The strictly legitimate racing season on the Board of Control circuit around New York City will be wound up this afternoon at the New York Jockey Club's Morris Park course. Commencing next Monday alternate weekly meetings will be run at Linden, Clifton and Guttenburg until Dec. 1, after which no more racing will take place around New York City until next April. In the meantime, however, a winter meeting will be conducted at Washington. The Western season will continue until the close of the thirty-day Nashville meeting, which will be inaugurated immediately after the close of the Louisville meeting now in progress. Most of the horsemen that will race at Nashville are expected to take in the winter meeting at New Orleans, which is also going to be the stamping-ground during the coming cold months of a large contingent of Eastern turfmen. The Messrs. John A. & A. H. Morris have announced their intention of sending a string to the Crescent City in charge of their premier jockey, Fred Littlefield. The stable's lightweight jockey, Penn, will ride the horses trained by Littlefield. Racing this winter will take place at Washington, Hawthorne, East St. Louis, New Orleans, Mexico and California. The management of South Side Park in this city also assert that they will run all winter. The San Francisco and Mexico meetings will be highest grade, at least the largest purses will be hung up at these points and, as a rule, the money is what catches the best horsemen. R. C. Pate's track at the Mexican capital will be thrown open to the public the first week in December. The first Sunday of that month is the day selected by Mr. Pate on which to have the Mexican derby, with its $5,000 added money, run. The entries will close Dec. 1. It is expected that 200,000 people will witness this race. One hundred and twenty-five thousand tickets are being printed and, as the admission has been placed at $2, it can be seen what a big scheme the thing is going to be if the expectations of its promoter are realized. Mr. Pate has not yet selected a starter for his track. Among the applicants for this position are Jack Chinn and Billy Bruen of this city. The latter will not be able to accept, however, if the South Side Park meeting is continued throughout the winter.

• • •

The developments of the Little Dan ringer race at Louisville Wednesday, tend to prove that Root and his companion are the same parties who worked the Twilight job at the Fair Grounds last spring add attempted to repeat the same at this place some five weeks ago, but on suspicion their entry was thrown out. Capt. Williamson, one of the Fair Grounds judges, says the description given him of Root tallies exactly with one of the men connected with the Twilight job. It is said Brannon Bros. got these men on their staff somewhere in the Northwest, they hailing from Winnipeg, Manitoba. The Louisville Jockey Club will endeavor to locate the members of this band of turf outlaws and arrest them under the law covering ringing of a horse. It is understood the horse was played in cities far distant, like San Francisco, New Orleans and Winnipeg. They feared that the Covington pool-rooms and the St. Louis and Hawthorne foreign books might wire the club here to investigate the race when the plunge was made on the horse. Unquestionably the members of this gang far exceed in numbers the Brannon brothers as a family alone, it being now about settled that fully twenty confederates are in their band. There is reason to believe that one or two pool-rooms stand in with them, but the evidence now being collected as yet is not strong enough to lay bare their identity.

• • •

The Tennessee breeders' sale of thoroughbred yearlings and brood mares will take place at Cumberland Park, Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 4. Among the yearlings that will be sold is the bunch of eight that Judge John J. Carter purchased at the Fair Grounds sale last June. Judge Carter's consignment includes a bay colt by Boulevard; High Nun, bay colt by Vanguard; Folly, bay colt (half brother to Fred Taral) by Nathan Frank; Caller Ou, bay or brown filly by Tom Martin; Dora, bay filly by Aristides; Maggie E., chestnut filly by Aristides; Drussie Wall, bay filly by Nathan Frank—Julia B. and brown filly by Aristides—Brigand Belle.

• • •

The failure of the St. Louis Jockey Club's fall meeting was due to bad management. There was little public criticism. The press of St. Louis supported the Shaw management without a murmur. The low ebb to which racing had fallen called forth no protest from the authorities. Everything was allowed to go and not a turf writer in St. Louis made a remark that was "detrimental to racing," says a Chicago writer, who while clipping from the POST-DISPATCH occasionally forgets that it protested vigorously from the start against the "monopoly betting scheme."

• • •

The programme for to-night's racing at South Side will be one of the best of the season. Besides a well filled card there will be the American Legion of Honor and the Knights Templar handcaps, given in honor of the members of these prominent organizations. Invitations have been sent members and their friends to attend, and there will no doubt be a big turn-out.

• • •

As a result of the South Side Park magnates joining issues with Frank Shaw in his efforts to crush out of existence the course across the river, the management of the East St. Louis Jockey Club have determined to get even and they are now making preparations to erect a new three-fourths-mile electric-light track in this city and run it in opposition to the South Side game next season—at least so said Aleck Ullman this morning.

LOCAL RACING RESULTS.

Fanny D., at 6 to 1, defeated a field of speedy sprinters at the course across the river yesterday. Notwithstanding the threatening weather, the attendance was heavy. The winners were Capt. D. at 5 to 2, Blue and White at 6 to 5, Grey Goose at evens, Bugle at 3 to 2, and Fanny D. at 6 to 1.

The continued bad weather interfered with the races yesterday afternoon and last night at the South Side track. The races will be resumed this afternoon and this evening.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS ELSEWHERE.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The results of the run at this track yesterday follow:

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Galilee first, Ornus second, Pirate Chief third. Time, 1:11¼.
Second race, one mile—Victorious first, Fidelio second, Mary Stone third. Time, 1:39¾.
Third race, three-quarters of a mile—Will Elliott first, Defargilla second, Annie Bishop third. Time, 1:11¼.
Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile—Golden Dawn first, Radiator second, Madras third. Time, 1:12¼.
Fifth race, five-eighths mile—Discount, first; Fa Juive, second; Trinculo, third. Time, :59½.
Sixth race, one mile—Copyright, first; The Ironmaster, second; Nero, third. Time, 1:40.
Seventh race, one mile—Red Banner, first; Sarah Ramey, second; Minnehaha, third. Time, 1:40¾.

CLIFTON, N. J., Oct. 14.—The races run at this track yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Jim Fagin first, Hardy Fox second, Hazelhurst third. Time 1:04.
Second race, five-eighths of a mile—Merritt first, West Park second, Robin Hood third. Time 1:03.
Third race, nine-sixteenths of a mile—Iron Duke first, Moralist second, Wampum third. Time :56.
Fourth race, one mile—Gloaming first, Merry Duke second, Logan third. Time, 1:43.
Fifth race, one and three-quarter miles—Joe Carter first, Lotion second, Lucky Clover third. Time, 3:07½.
Sixth race, five-eighths of a mile—Lumberman first, Charlie Wilson second, Berwyn third. Time, 1:03½.

At Louisville—Marcel, King David, Semper Lex, Clinton and Interior.
At Hawthorne—Rosalie, Forest Rose, The King, Keno and Tee Mike.
At Kansas City—White Cloud, Kate Chase, Little Eli, Pat King and Piccadilly.

AMONG THE FIGHTERS.

Tom Allen Will Have Trouble Placing His Mitchell Money in This City.

Allen's record as a pugilist, a trainer and a second is a part of ring history. New York dispatches say that he has $2,000 to bet on Mitchell. If he is a marker for the St. Louis sports it is a bit singular that the New York gamblers are seeking to cover his money. Still in that school of gambling at St. Louis, where racing by electric light is a fine art, skates and counterfeit stake horses and $2 a plunge bet, Allen will have great trouble to place his money, says a Chicago writer.

• • •

Patsey Sheppard of Boston, a keen observer of pugilism and himself an ex-lightweight champion, has this to say anent Corbett and Mitchell: "I consider Corbett the greatest heavyweight this country ever had, and his quickness and agility are marvelous. I give him more credit for his beating Kilrain and his battle with Peter Jackson than I do for his defeat of Sullivan. When he met Jackson he went against the best heavyweight in the world at that time, while he was just emerging from the amateur ranks himself. If Corbett and Mitchell meet, Corbett will win, surely and quickly."

• • •

"Shadow" Maber and Dick O'Brien have signed to fight to a finish at 145 pounds the first week in December, before the Boston Crib Athletic Club, for a purse of $2,500, the winner to take all.

• • •

Tommy Ryan of Chicago and "Mysterious" Billy Smith of Boston will probably be matched shortly to fight to a finish. Ryan is willing to take on Smith at 140 pounds, and the latter has accepted the offer.

• • •

It is the intention of the National Sporting Club of London to offer a big purse for the Corbett-Jackson contest provided Corbett beats Mitchell in their coming battle. It is not thought, however, that the English club can bid as high as the Yankees.

BILLY JOYCE MAY SUE.

The Third Baseman Thinks He Can Make a Case Against the Washington Club.

Billy Joyce says he has a good case against the Washington Club, and if Ad Gumbert wins his suit against the Chicago Club, he may decide to enter a damage suit against the Wagner brothers, owners of the Washington Club, who declined to meet Joyce's salary demand, which was nothing more than reasonable considering Billy's reputation as a player.

It is an unwritten law in the big League that a player must accept any salary his club may offer him and thus deprive him of getting what is considered his true worth. If Joyce really sues Washington the case will create a sensation and much speculation in base ball circles. He was practically retired from the diamond last season.

Memento Wilkes Killed.

INDEPENDENCE, Io., Oct. 14.—Memento Wilkes, owned by S. Hutchinson of Shreveport, La., was killed yesterday on the Illinois Central tracks. He was by Red Wilkes and valued at $15,000.

SPORTING NOTES.

The ten-mile run and two-mile steeplechase championship of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held on the grounds of the New Jersey Athletic Club, Oct. 21. George Orton is a probable starter in the steeplechase and Willie Day in the ten-mile event.

The 300-yard running record made by C. W. Stage at Cleveland last week is not likely to be accepted by the authorities of the Amateur Athletic Union for the reason that there is considerable doubt as to whether the sprinter stood still on his mark when the pistol was fired. The timers agreed upon the time, 31 3-5 s.

Prof. Kistler, the champion swimmer of Wales, has arrived in this country and issued the following challenge: "Understanding that there are several swimmers in America who are eager to enter into a swimming contest, I desire to state that I am prepared to arrange a match to swim any man in America any distance from 100 yards to one mile for any easonable amount."

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Efforts to Consolidate Two A. O. U. W. Lodges—News in Belleville.

East St. Louis Lodge, No. 294, A. O. U. W., will hold a special meeting next Friday night to consider a proposition for consolidation. There are two lodges of the order here, the other being St. Clair, No. 277, and it is said that the combination would make the biggest lodge in the State. An effort was made to consolidate the two lodges some time ago, but it failed because members of St. Clair were not willing to take the name of the other lodge, No. 294 being the younger.

J. H. Vennon was held for the Grand-jury yesterday on the charge of stealing clothing from the Green Tree Hotel, Broadway and Second street. He left the hotel, where he had been boarding, several days ago, and was arrested yesterday in St. Louis.

Sheriff F. H. Spears of Jacksonville, Ill., came here to-day and took charge of J. G. Juel, a colored man, who was arrested yesterday. Juel is accused of committing several robberies at Jacksonville.

The City Court reconvened this morning for a short session, during which several motions in unimportant cases were disposed of.

The East St. Louis street improvement cases which were taken to Madison County on a change of venue have been set for trial at Edwardsville Nov. 1.

Dr. Alex. Fekete and wife, Mrs. T. L. Fekete, and Mrs. Burt Sager have returned from Chicago, after spending ten days at the Fair.

Mrs. Mary Dickie and Mrs. Wm. Dickie of Bunker Hill and Mr. and Mrs. Patrick of Omaha are the guests of Mrs. J. More Harlan.

Belleville.

Sheriff J. D. Langley left for Chester this morning with five convicts who were sentenced yesterday in the Circuit Court. The convicts were Andrew Watson, three years; James Adair, John McCresh, Edward Woods and Mike McMahon, one year each.

The "One A. M." Dancing Club has elected Henry Link President; T. A. Thoma, Vice-President; Fred Woelz, Secretary; Philip Puderer, Treasurer. A hop will be given by the club next Thursday at Monk's Hall.

Hon. J. Nick Perrin of Belleville has been booked for five speeches in Iowa this month. He will address Democratic meetings in that State the 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th.

The Epworth League gave a reception last night at the First M. E. Church, in honor of the new pastor, Rev. G. W. Shepard. A large number of church-goers were present to meet the new minister.

County Judge Ben Boneau, County Clerk Philip Rhein, C. P. Knispel and L. D. Turner left this morning for Clayton, Mo., to give testimony in a suit against the Rossmueller estate in the St. Louis County Probate Court.

Two building permits were issued by the City Clerk yesterday, one to Charles Hartman for a $500 frame dwelling to be erected on South High street, and another to Charles and Albert Hingler for a $500 addition to their brick building on West Second street.

A number of new musical instruments ordered for the Philharmonic Society are expected to arrive here from Germany to-day.

The will of the late Christoph Stenglein of Freeburg, bequeathing the entire estate to the widow, Francisca Stenglein, was probated yesterday.

Several cars of a Cairo Short Line freight train were wrecked by a rear-end collision on a switch at Lenzburg yesterday.

While roller-skating near his home on West Main street yesterday, Edward Skaer, aged 11, fell on the sidewalk and had several of his teeth knocked out.

Richard Jones, colored, arrested yesterday for vagrancy, was given a month in the Work-house by Judge Needles.

The Emerald Dancing Club will give a hop at Monk's Hall next Wednesday night.

Six Dollars

TO CHICAGO AND BACK VIA WABASH.

Tickets on sale Oct. 6, 7 and 8; good returning until Oct. 18. One way, $3.50. Trains leave St. Louis daily at 7:30 a. m., 9 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Ticket office southeast corner Broadway and Olive streets and Union Depot.

A Suspicious Case.

From Godey's.

Our little Tommy was so sick,
It gave us quite a shock.
We sent off for the doctor quick,
At half-past eight o'clock.

The doctor came, polite and cool;
Felt Tommy's pulse, and then
He said "If Tommy staid from school
He'd be all right by ten!"

HARRY ROMAINE.

WITH nerves unstrung and heads that ache Wise women Bromo-Seltzer take.

HELD TO AWAIT RESULTS.—Wm. Hayden was arrested in St. Louis County, yesterday. He is charged with fracturing Frank Bartlett's skull in Cook's saloon, a mile below Carondelet, last Sunday night. Bartlett is in a critical condition.

TO BUY DRINK.

Thomas Moran Pawns the Shoes of His Wife and Children.

Judge Paxson's court has not in many months disclosed a case of more persistent cruelty or more savage brutality than when Thomas Moran, a worthless character, was tried this morning for disturbing the peace of his wife, Belle. Moran is a typical barrel-house bum, a man from whose countenance every stamp and mark of respectability have been obliterated. When brought into court he affected an air of braggadocia and laughed sneeringly at his unfortunate wife, whose jaded, care-worn look and heavy, sorrowful eyes indicated a life of misery and enforced degradation.

Her husband, she said, had contributed $2 to the support of their four small children in three years. She had worked hard to support her little ones, but he had beaten her and had forced from her almost every cent she earned. She loved him and was willing to support him, but she did not want him to drink up the money she earned to buy bread for her children. Last night she said Moran came home drunk and demanded more money. She was putting the children to bed hungry and she informed him that she had nothing. Then, she said, he assaulted her, knocked her down and beat her almost insensible. He refused to desist from his brutality until she gave him the shoes from her feet. He then took his little children's shoes and, going to the pawn shop, he pledged them for a small sum. After buying more drink he returned to the house, and was trying to cut his wife's throat when arrested by Officer Mahon. The pawn ticket for the shoes was exhibited in substantiation of her story.

Moran took the stand, but he did not deny the charges of his wife, except that he had given her $3 instead of $2 in three years and had not tried to cut her throat.

"Do you ever work?" queried Judge Paxson.

"Yes, off and on," answered Moran.

"More off than on?"

Moran assented and his fine was fixed at $50.

THE TALE HE TELLS.

A Man Returns Without Four Companions, and Says They Are Lost.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Oct. 14.—Four hunters have disappeared, and are probably dead, on the Greasewood, in Routt County, Colo., since the 29th of last month. The Greasewood is far distant from railroad or telegraphic communication, and the story has only just reached the authorities. The missing men are named Donliher, Reynolds, Mack and Brown. A fifth member of the hunting party, named T. H. Merrill, who is the only one remaining, brought the news. He tells how he first started out from camp with Donliher. They separated, and not being able to find his companions, Merrill returned to camp. The next morning Merrill and Reynolds started in search of the missing man. The men took different trails and Reynolds never returned. The day following Mack and Brown went in search of the two missing men, leaving Merrill in camp. They have not been seen since, and Merrill thought it high time to inform the authorities of the mysterious disappearance. Nothing further can be learned of the four missing men. The country where they disappeared is far from civilization, and communication is difficult.

Jupiter Coal.

Highest standard; is relatively cheaper than any other. Absolutely pure. Try it to appreciate it. Owned and sold by

SYLVESTER COAL CO.,
Laclede Building.

IN A BLAZE OF GLORY.

The World's Fair Will Go Out of Existence With Much Hurrah.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 14.—The World's Columbian Exposition will go out in a blaze of splendor. The Board of Directors decided to make the last day Columbus Day, and asserted that the festivities shall be commensurate with the name chosen for the finale.

President Cleveland has been again urged by a resolution of the directors to give the occasion significance by attending if possible with the members of the cabinet and many think that the chief magistrate will yield to the solicitation. It is argued that the closing of the Fair is an occasion just as momentous as the opening, and that as the President lent the influence of his presence then he will do so this time.

Whatever the conclusion reached by the President, Oct. 31 will be made an event in the history of the Fair. Ever since the triumph of Chicago day it has been known that the directors contemplated another great occasion before the Fair should go into history. The immense crowds that paid admission into the grounds not only on that day but on the days following, put the members of the Governing Board in a good humor and they have been vieing one with another in an effort to conjure up the most fitting plan for this celebration.

Less Than Half Rates.

TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO.

In effect via the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY and IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE, Oct. 15 to 31 inclusive; good for return until Nov. 15.

CARELESS DRIVING.

A Boy Fined for Running Into Mrs. Brokaw's Carriage.

This morning Joseph Durand, the young man, who drove his horse and vehicle into the carriage occupied by Mrs. Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw of 3147 Washington avenue, on Fourth and Pine streets late yesterday afternoon, was tried for careless driving in the First District Police Court and on the evidence was fined $10 and costs. Execution was stayed, however, as Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw, husband of the lady, considered Durand not responsible for his actions. Durand lives at 613 South Sixth street and is employed by Frank Sybert of 110 South Fourth street. Mrs. Brokaw was quite severely shocked and was still suffering from the fall she received, in the upsetting of her carriage, this morning.

FOR LOVE OF A DOG.

Curious Ceremonies Over an Animal Condemned to Be Shot.

From the Youngstown (O.) Telegram.

'With all the ceremonies that would be expected in the good-byes to a comrade or a friend who was about to be executed, Italian residents of Railroad street took leave of a yellow dog that was shot by an officer last night.

Complaint was made to the officer that the dog, which belonged to an Italian, had bit a little girl, and the girl's parents requested that the dog should be shot. The officer went to the dog's owner and explained that the cur must die. There was a wailing of protest from the men and women of Italy, but there was no escape, no pardon from the law's decree. A piece of rope was secured, to which the dog was tied, and then a procession was formed, headed by the man leading the dog and the officer, and following came the people of the entire neighborhood to witness the execution. The procession halted beneath the roof of the stockhouse of the Himrod furnace. The dog was tied to a post, and as the officer drew his trusty and unerring gun the owner of the dog and a friend stepped forward and each took a pinch of hair from the dog's coat, which they rubbed between their thumb and index finger, and then stood back. Twice the officer's revolver spoke and awoke the echoes of the stockhouse. Twice did the dog yelp and then lay quivering in the agonies of dissolution.

The dog's owner held a small cross in his hand, and when the officer nodded that the executioner was through the Italian stepped forward and laid the cross upon the carcass. The officer put away his gun and left the scene wondering if there is a hereafter where dogs enjoy eternal bliss.

Day Rubber Co.

Is the place to find mackintoshes, hot water bottles, rubber gloves, nursery sheeting, rubber boots and shoes; everything in rubber. 415 North Fourth street.

SHOT BY A WATCHMAN.

James Vaughn Wounded by an Intoxicated Guardian of the Peace.

Walter Baker, a private watchman in the vicinity of Caroline and Montrose avenue, shot James Vaughn, a saloon-keeper at 2937 Caroline street, at 11:45 o'clock last night, in the right leg. The private watchman was under the influence of liquor at the time. The saloon-keeper states that the watchman came into his place last night three times and began abusing him. The last time the Watchman came into the saloon Vaughn took him in charge and started to take him to the police station. They proceeded as far as Cardinal and Chouteau avenues when the saloonkeeper released Baker, who drew his revolver and fired five shots at Vaughn, one taking effect in the right leg about six inches above the knee. Several persons who were in the vicinity of the shooting hastened to the spot and took Vaughn to the office of Dr. Meyer at 2734 Chouteau avenue, who dressed his wound and pronounced it not dangerous. Vaughn was then sent home in an ambulance. Baker disappeared after the shooting, but was arrested three hours later by Officers Burke and McHale, who heard the shots from different points, and going to the scene and learning the facts started to look for the watchman. They found him at Ohio and Chouteau avenue staggering and falling about the street. He admitted the shooting. Sergt. Jones relieved him of his star, and he was locked up at the Fifth District Police Station. This morning a warrant charging him with assault with intent to kill was issued against him. He is about 50 years old, and has a wife and six children. He lives on Rutger street, near Twenty-seventh street. Edward Harrigan and his brother, John I. Harrigan, both living at 2734 Chouteau avenue, were among those near the scene of the shooting when it occurred, and saw the flashes of the revolver.

FRANK H. RYAN LOSES.

A Heavy Verdict Rendered Against Him —The Grand-Jury Reports.

In the United States Circuit Court this morning, Judge Phillips charged the jury in the case of Charles J. Searles against Frank H. Ryan & Son. The suit was for breach of contract, the plaintiff claiming that in April, 1892, he had received a quantity of corn from the defendant, which was in a very bad condition and unsalable. The defendant alleged that when shipped the corn was in good condition. Great interest attached to the case, as one of the points to be decided was whether a shipper who sent corn of a certain grade by boat to a customer was responsible for its condition on arrival, if it was in good condition when shipped. Judge Phillips decided that under the form of contract in use in this market the shipper, if he shipped the corn in good condition, was not responsible for its condition on receipt.

The jury was instructed by the Judge that when an order for "first-class corn" was received this order could only be filled by No. 2 corn, No. 1 being so rare and so little traded in as to practically be out of the market. If the jurors believed from the evidence that the No. 3 corn which was shipped was more likely to heat in transit than No. 2, a verdict for the plaintiff should be given.

The jury was out only a short time and brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for $5,546, the amount sued for.

The United States Grand-jury completed its work to-day and made its report. Twenty-five true bills were found and eight were ignored.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

Rev. Dr. Holland's Series of Sermons—Subjects of Discourses To-Morrow.

Rev. Robert A. Holland, rector of St. George's Church, will begin to-morrow a series of Sunday morning sermons on "The Divine Order of Society." To-morrow's subject will be, "Marriage." His succeeding subjects will be "The Social Vocation of the Unmarried," "Divorce, or Breaking the Bonds," "The Home," "The School," "The Nation," "The Church," "Industrial Society, or the Religion of Trade," "Christian Socialism—What It Is," "The Song of the Angels," "Ring Out the Old, Ring In the New." The series will conclude Dec. 31.

Good Shepherd Corner Stone.

The corner stone of the new convent of the Good Shepherd, which is being erected in Bamberger's grove, Gravois and Bamberger avenues, will be laid next Sunday, the 22d inst., at 3 p. m. Archbishop Kain is to officiate and he will be assisted by many of the clergy. Fr. Fidelis Stone, of the Paulist Order, who has gained a widespread reputation as a preacher and a missionary throughout the United States and in South America will deliver a sermon appropriate to the occasion. All the Catholic societies will be present in force. A meeting of gentlemen who are interested in the welfare of the institution will occur at the convent to-morrow afternoon to complete arrangements for the event. The site of the new convent, which is well suited for the purposes of the institution, is the gift of Mr. Adolphus Busch.

Bethlehem Lutheran Church Dedication.

The new Bethlehem Lutheran Church, at Florissant avenue and Salisbury street, will be dedicated Sunday, Oct. 29. The congregation will assemble at the present church, Nineteenth and Salisbury streets, at 9:30 a. m., and will march to the new church. Rev. H. Sieck of Stillwater, Minn., will preach the dedication sermon. In the afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. H. Engelbrecht of Chicago, will preach and, in the evening, Prof. Augustus Crull of Fort Wayne, Ind., will preach.

Religious Notes.

Rev. M. S. Sommer will deliver a sermon on the "Parliament of Religions," at Grace Evangelical Lutheran Church St. Louis and Garrison avenues, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

At the North Presbyterian Church the pastor, Rev. Jno. Weston, will preach on "Seeing God" to-morrow morning at 10:45; and on "Breaking the Hedges" in the evening at 8 o'clock.

The Redemptorist Fathers yesterday took out a permit to strengthen the foundation of the spire for the St. Alphonsus Rock Church, on North Grand avenue. The spire is to be 225 feet high when completed, and it will cost $40,000 to finish it.

The subject of Rabbi Leon Harrison's lecture at Temple Israel to-morrow morning will be "Miracles in Relation to Modern Thought."

Rev. Fr. Bloomer, O. P., and Rev. Fr. Enis, O. P., of Minneapolis will open a week's mission at St. Thomas of Aquin's Church to-morrow.

Rev. Cyrus E. Felton, D. D., the former pastor of Union M. E. Church, will preach at the Lindell Avenue M. E. Church, Lindell and Newstead avenues, to-morrow morning. In the evening the pastor, Rev. Robt. S. Fleming, will preach.

Rev. J. D. Robnett, D. D. of Brownwood, Tex., will preach at the Second Baptist Church to-morrow morning and evening.

Rev. P. A. Cool, President of the George R. Smith College at Sedalia, will preach at the Clifton Heights M. E. Church to-morrow morning. His subject will be "Christian Education."

Rev. J. H. Early, pastor of Marvin M. E. Church South will deliver an address at the Y. M. C. A. Central Branch to-morrow afternoon. His subject will be "A Call to Fight."

Rallying day exercises will be held at the Biddle Market Mission Sunday-school, Fifteenth and Carr streets, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Addresses will be made by Rev. Dr. Niccolls, Mr. Thomas Morrison and others.

A mission of the Third Baptist Church will be organized to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock on Isadore avenue, between Ella and Minerva avenues, at the end of the Suburban road. Addresses will be made by Revs. N. R. L. Smith, M. L. Thomas, Addison Moore and J. S. Kirtley.

Chaplain C. C. McCabe will deliver his lecture, entitled "The Bright Side of Life," next Thursday evening, the 19th inst., at Union Methodist Episcopal Church for the benefit of the Swedish Methodist Church.

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Lindell Avenue M. E. Church will hold an all-day meeting next Tuesday. Rev. Dr. Felton and wife will be present and will be tendered a reception.

The parish of the Holy Rosary will hold a festival Nov. 7 and 8 at Taylor avenue and North Market street.

The parish of St. Bernard, Hawk avenue and Gratiot street, will have a fair and festival at their hall Wednesday evening, Oct. 24.

Rev. A. J. Jarrell of Augusta, Ga., who was appointed pastor of the First M. E. Church, South, Glasgow avenue and Dayton street, by the recent conference, will preach in First Church to-morrow.

How the Estrangement Began.

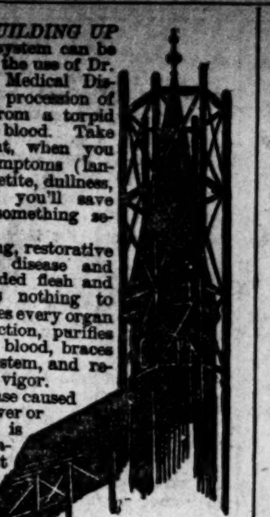
From Truth.

She: "Oh, Willie; do you really, truly love me?"

He: "Yes, dearest. By the way, have you that little memorandum book I gave you?"

She: "Yes, love."

He: "Well, then, just make a note of it so you won't need to ask me about two dozen times a day."



A GOOD BUILDING UP of a run-down system can be accomplished by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. A long procession of diseases start from a torpid liver and impure blood. Take it, as you ought, when you feel the first symptoms (languor, loss of appetite, dullness, depression) and you'll save yourself from something serious.

As an appetizing, restorative tonic, to repel disease and build up the needed flesh and strength, there's nothing to equal it. It rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, braces up the whole system, and restores health and vigor.

For every disease caused by a disordered liver or impure blood, it is the only *guaranteed* remedy. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

5/A BAKER HORSE BLANKET
IS THE STRONGEST.
None Genuine without Horse stamped inside.
Price of 7 lb. Shaped Blanket, $4.50
" " 9 lb. " " 5.50
Ask to see the 250 other 5/A styles at prices to suit everybody. Sold by all dealers.
WM. AYRES & SONS, PHILADELPHIA.

Superior to Copaiba, Cubebs, Injections
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
A Cure in 48 Hours

HUMPHREY'S,
Broadway, cor. Pine.
St. Louis, Oct. 14, 1893.
The indications for St. Louis for to-day are: Fair; warmer; wind shifting to southerly.



SPECIAL—If you have a boy we w send him two pretty cards, if he will se us, on a postal, his name, age and addre

SPECIAL—Full lines of all the Fall a Winter Novelties in Boys' Suits and Ove coats now ready for inspection.

SPECIAL—The Grandest Values we ever offered in Men's Suits and Overco at $15 await you.

SPECIAL—No $3 Hat manufactured superior in style or finish to our cel brated $1.90 Men's Derbys.

Open Till 10 P. M. Saturdays.

HUMPHREY'S,
Broadway and Pine.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES BURNS SORE EYES WOUNDS SORES Headache AND ALL PAIN

Have the early frosts or too late a lingering by the garden gate again aroused that RHEUMATISM so peacefully slumbering the summer long? Well, if it's very bad you must change your diet and perhaps take some distasteful drug—the doctor will tell you what—but first rub thoroughly the part afflicted with POND'S EXTRACT, then wrap it warmly with flannel, and the rheumatism may wholly disappear. It will certainly be much relieved. Now that you have the POND'S EXTRACT try it for any of the many things its buff wrapper mentions. It's a wonderful curative. But don't accept substitutes.

FOR COLDS CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS SORE THROAT Catarrh AND AFTER SHAVING

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

WATER FROM THE JORDAN.

A Firm in Palestine Puts It Up in Bottles for American Churches.

From the Boston Transcript.

A firm in Palestine is engaged in the new industry of supplying water from the River Jordan to churches. It is put up in sealed bottles and is sold by the case. The circular accompanying this kind of merchandise gives certain recommendations from interested persons, together with a testimony that many members of the families belonging to the crowned heads of Europe were baptized with the water. The sentimentality involved in its use is likewise eloquently appealed to with a concluding paragraph asking for a large order.

Every precaution will be taken to assure the purchaser of its genuineness, and a consular certificate will be affixed to every case. Notwithstanding this the opportunity to deceive will be great and will not be readily detected. What will be gained by the purchaser beyond a mere sentimentality is hard to see, and if this is all that can be said in its favor the sooner the Christian religion can make it known that it will not welcome such unnecessary links in its chain of evidence or any of its ceremonies the better it will be able to identify itself with the reasonable side of its existence. Any sort of resignation or even parleying with sentimentality in religion; which once was well encouraged and made it oppressively superstitious, can never appeal to an enlightened Christian mind of to-day. It is just this which has given the opponents of Christian belief a freedom of assault.

There is no harm in making such importations of water from the Jordan and without duty, if need be, but what may be evolved out of its use and misconstrued as to its effects no one can tell and how much demand there will be for such an article is a mere matter of conjecture. But even if it should become a "fad" it will be the introduction into a Christian sacrament of what must sooner or later be replaced with some other eccentricity till the traffic with the Holy Land multiplies upon a gratification of a mere sentimentality that must ever and anon be eliminated from the Christian religion that its best and most attractive side may be left unburdened with any accessions which are of no consequence to its life and none at all to its significance.

INSIST on getting DR. ENNO SANDER'S Seltzer of Ginger Ale, which is pure and wholesome. It improves the flavor of your liquor while the cheap stuff some dealers try to pass on you spoils your drink.

She Spat in His Face.

Mary Maloney of 2132 Division street came to grief in Judge Paxson's court this morning. Miss Maloney rented a room to Charles Clements. Clements failed to pay his rent and during an argument over the matter Miss Maloney called him vile names and spat in his face three times. She was fined $10.

Some After Dinner Tales.

From the Toledo Blade.

The small boy had been irritating his father with vexatious questions about a psalm he was studying for Sunday-school next day.

"Father, what does Selah mean?" was the latest.

"Shut up," said paterfamilias.

The boy said nothing, but in Sunday-school the psalm was under discussion.

"Who knows what the word Selah means?" asked the young superintendent.

The small boy's hands went up and he was half way out of his seat.

No one else raised a hand.

"Well," said the superintendent.

"Shut up," said the small boy. And, seeing the look on the teacher's face added. "It is; I asked papa and he said, 'Shut up!'"

• • •

"John," said a wife who was supposed to be on her deathbed, "in case of my death I think a man of your temperament and domestic nature, apart from the good of the children, ought to marry again."

"Do you think so, my dear?"

"I certainly do, after a reasonable length of time."

"Well, now, do you know, my dear, that relieves my mind of a great burden. The little widow Jenkins has acted rather demure toward me ever since you were taken sick. She is not the woman that you are, of course, a strong-minded, intelligent woman of character, but she is plump and pretty, and I am sure she would make a very desirable wife."

The next day Mrs. John was able to sit up, the following day she went downstairs and the third day she was planning for a new dress.—[Tid Bits.

• • •

Down in Valparaiso, Ind., the other day two masked burglars attempted to rob the office safe of the normal school. They were interrupted by the chance arrival of two buxom Hoosier schoolma'ams on the scene. The burglars immediately presented their revolvers and ordered hands up. One schoolma'am began to laugh, and stepping aside pulled her captor's mask off and slapped his face so hard that he dropped his weapons and fled. The other pedagogue stepped into the hallway and began to scream in upper C. Help appeared and pursuit was organized. One burglar was shot dead and the other surrendered.—[Chicago Dispatch.

WORTH their weight in gold. Red Cross Cough Drops. Sold everywhere.

A Modern Fad.

From the Boston Transcript.

Aunt Maria: "In my young days a fellow had a girl; now he is a feeongsay. Do tell me what's the difference."

Uncle George: "A fellow's girl when he married her used to be a real helpmate; a fiancee is of more value to the dressmaker and milliner than to her husband; but fiancees are a fad just now and, though they come high, the young men must have them."

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.